THE

Bombay Gazette.

TEN PAGES.

No. 55,250—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4. 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1911 4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6002	CHINA	7939
11th "	DELTA	9083		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10685
25th "	ARABIA	7933		
4th March	MALWA	10883		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	SALSETTE	6002	MACEDONIA	10013
25nd "	* ARCADIA	7000		
29th "	PERSIA	7951		
1st April	MARMORA	10509		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7958		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9000
22nd "	MANTUA	10685		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7933		
13th "	SALSETTE	6002	MOREA	10509
20th "	EGYPT	7912		

All the above Mail Steamers have WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY except the "DELTA" sailing on the 11th February which Vessel will be fitted on arrival in London.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES,

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 525 or Rs. 627	Rs. 787 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.
(CITY AND HALL LINES).
Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

AT REDUCED FARES.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1911.	Leave Karachi, 1911.
C. City of Glasgow	6529	.....	Feb. 4
A. City of Vienna	4672	.....	March 4
A. Trafford Hall	5321	March 17	* " 14
C. City of Athens	5594	" 24	* " 21
C. City of Benares	6973	.....	April 8
C. City of Karachi	5557	April 11	...
C. City of York	7705	" 24	* " 21
B. Merton Hall	4327	not fixed.	...
S. City of Glasgow	6529	May 12	* May 9
B. City of Naples	5789	.....	" 17
A. Trafford Hall	5321	" 30	...
C. City of Manchester	5551	.....	June 10
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 15
C. City of York	7705	.....	July 15
C. City of Paris	9200	... "	" 19
J. City of Glasgow	6529	.....	August 1
A. Trafford Hall	5321	... "	" 24
C. City of Calcutta	7512	.....	Sept. 5
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
C. City of Manchester	5551	.....	" 19
C. City of Athens	5594	October 1	... "
C. City of York	7705	... "	Nov. 2
C. A. Steamer	...	.....	" 10
C. City of Benares	6973	... "	" 18
C. City of London	9000	.....	" 24
A. Trafford Hall	5321	.....	Dec. 6
C. City of Lahore	7000	.....	" 12
C. City of Athens	5594	.....	" 29

* Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

A.—1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B.—Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for two to twelve passengers.

C.—Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation as also Surgeon and Stewardess.

Electric Fans are fitted in all Cabins on A and C Class Steamers free of charge.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Special Reduced rates for European servants, accompanying first class passengers.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Sailing dates and fares are subject to alteration without notice.

JOINT SERVICE.
In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN,
To Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 403, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Linga	2171	Mon.	6th Feb.	11 a.m.	†P D & O M.
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	9th Feb.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	10th Feb.	6 a.m.*	direct.

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1195 tons, on Thursday, 9th Feb. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, on Monday, the 13th February, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. Virawa, 3360 tons, sailing on or about the 4th February.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

4th February, 1911.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
Praga	3905	M. Dabcevich	16th Feby, 1911
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st March "
Bohemia	4231	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa	4719	B. Sebenich	1st April "
Praga	3905	M. Dabcevich	16th " "
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st May "
Bohemia	4231	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa	4719	B. Sebenich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
Nippon	6350	E. Tatabochia	29th March.
Vorwaerts	5990	E. Dannecker	27th April.
Austria	7588	J. Raicich	25th May.
China	6017	P. Favisich	27th June.
Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th July.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.
ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London	" 845 " 938*
Saloon Class to London and back	" 865 " 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	360
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 525
Intermediate Class to London	" 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	" 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675
Saloon Class to London	" 545 to 585
" Class to London and back	" 865 to 945

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS. ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Austria	G. Raicich	7,583	24th Feb, 1911.

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy.
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY & PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO MARSEILLES OR GENOA.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Leave on or about.
Homayun	3,863	T. L. Molony	8th March
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	23rd March
Homayun	3,863	T. L. Molony	10th May
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	25th May
Homayun	3,863	T. L. Molony	13th July
Khosrou	3,768	J. Hannah	27th July

Excellent accommodation for passengers. Fitted throughout with Electric Light, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Fares Rs. 450 and Rs. 400 according to position of Cabin. For further particulars apply to

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THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 2/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
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FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

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PROPRIETOR.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented
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MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
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LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.
OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.
Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.
The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
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INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.
CAPITAL £1,000,000.
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Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the interest for the half year is not less than Rs. 5,
FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits fixed for one year and shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.
W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
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HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

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Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum exceeds does not amount to Rs. [illegible] yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.
OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34.
JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

BOMBAY RACES.

To obtain a thorough appreciation of all the special and interesting features of a race as a whole, to anxiously watch the performance or form of a horse in which you are most interested and to enjoy a race from the start to an exhilarating finish, you cannot do without one of the following.

BINOCULARS.—

GOERZ—TRIEDER
NEO—TRIEDER
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MARCKS' PRISM.

They are revelations in power, precision and field of view. The use of any one of the foregoing glasses will present to your sight something

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as they possess the power of Binocular Telescopes six times their size and they will give you a phenomenal field which cannot be obtained in any other form of binocular or telescope.

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KEROSINE OILS.

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CONFECTIONERY
SPECIALITIES.
FRESH MADE AT THEIR CONFECTIONERY WORKS, 15-16-17, TAMARIND LANE.

MONGINI'S	Chocolates in ½ lb. and 1 lb. cartons	Rs. 2 per lb.
MONGINI'S	Nougat " " packets	" 2 "
MONGINI'S	Caramels (plain)	" 1-8 "
MONGINI'S	Marzipan (in boxes)	" 0-8 per box.
MONGINI'S	Assorted Confectionery in presentation picture boxes of three sizes	Rs. 2, Rs. 3-14 and " 5-12 "
MONGINI'S	Dessert Chocolate Confectionery	at Re. 1 and " 2 "

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25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF
WEDDING CAKES,
Confectionery, Provisions & Stores will be posted free on application.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette." Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Gratian Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

His Majesty King
GEORGE V.
Has Graciously Granted a Royal Warrant of Appointment to The Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Company, Ltd.
Dunlops
First in 1888
FOREMOST EVER SINCE.
MADRAS OFFICE ... ... 188c, Mount Road,
BOMBAY OFFICE ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

SPECIAL NOTICE
10 per cent. Reduction on Dunlop Motor Car Covers Plain and Grooved.
5 " " " " " Steel Studded.
15 " " " " Tubes.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.
MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
THE HOUSE for the following:—
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA FOR
The "ANTI-MALARIA" FEVER MIXTURE. Sure Cure Guarranteed.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

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WEDDING,
BIRTHDAY,
CHRISTENING.
OF THE BEST QUALITY MADE AT SHORT NOTICE.
PEARSE & Co.,
BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS, CATERERS.
By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.
BREAKFAST,
TIFFIN & DINNER
served with best WINES and SPIRITS.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. / CHUKKER 125° F. / VICTORIA 125° F.
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.
MOTOR GREASES.
Specially Prepared for
MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.
BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.
Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 8 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE KING-EMPEROR'S CORONATION IN LONDON, 1911.

IN RESPONSE to numerous requests, Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON beg to announce that they will despatch a Personally Conducted Party of Indian Ladies and Gentlemen to Europe, visiting Paris, London, and the most interesting Cities of England.

The party will be accompanied by an English gentleman throughout and will leave Bombay per P. and O. Steamer "ARABIA," May 6th, and will return by P. and O. Steamer due to arrive Bombay, July 14th.

Fare for each person (including ALL expenses):—
1st class on P. and O. Steamer...Rs. 2,500
2nd class on P. and O. Steamer...Rs. 2,200

For further information apply to

THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon and Colombo.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of SUGAR, per s. s. "UGANDA," from MAURITIUS, are hereby notified that the Steamer is expected to ARRIVE in Bombay, on or about the 6th current, and will discharge in Dock.

(2) Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for Delivery Orders and to take delivery of their Cargo immediately on discharge.

(3) The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning, between 8 and 9 a. m., to survey damaged bags. No Survey will be held after seven days of the landing of the last bag.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE AND CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, dated 4th February, 1911.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Australian Lloyd's Bill of Lading per s.s. "BARBARIGO," of the Venetian S. N. Co., are requested to apply to this office for Delivery Orders and take Delivery of their CARGO from the Victoria Dock, No. 4 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain METCALFE, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted within seven days from date of discharge of the respective cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys can be allowed after the seven days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEY must reach the Undersigned in time, so that the SURVEY can take place at latest on the morning of the Seventh Day.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N Co.

NOTICE.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.
(Including Tirhoot State Railway).

THE AGENT B. & N.-W. Railway Company, Gorakhpur is prepared to receive Tenders up to noon of the 3rd March, 1911, for the SUPPLY of OILS, from 1st April, 1911 to 31st March, 1912.

Form of Tender at Rs. 3 each giving full particular can be obtained on application to the Undersigned.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for so doing.

H. P. DICK,
Storekeeper, B. & N.-W. Railway.

Samastipur, the 26th January, 1911.

AUCTION SALE AT POONA
of TWO BUNGALOWS, double tiled, two sided, spacious accommodation, extensive compounds, walls, out-houses, and a paved well in one.

UNDER instructions from the Executors of the late MANECKBAI MANECKJI SUBEDAR DUBASH, Messrs. MORGAN and BALKRISHNA, Auctioneers, Poona, will sell by Public Auction, Bungalows No. 19, Napier Road and No. 4, Cross Road, at the premises, on SUNDAY, 5th February, 1911, at 3 P. M. Particulars and conditions can be had of the Auctioneers.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed TENDER FOR KEROSINE OIL are invited to reach the Manager's Office, Naulakha Post Office, Lahore, up to 12 noon on TUESDAY, the 28th February, 1911, (at which time, date and place they will be opened in the presence of any tenderers who wish to be present), for the supply of the following Kerosine Oil:—

1. "Snowflake" or equally superior brand 150° 40,000 cases.

2. "Chester", "Anchor", "Gold Mohur" or equal quality 125° 15,000 cases.

Tenderers to state which brands they propose to supply.

2. The rate tendered to include delivery in Port Trust Oil Godown at Karachi (Keamari), and Tenderers must be prepared to commence supplies immediately on acceptance of Tender.

3. Full, sound and unstained cases only will be accepted.

4. No particular form of Tender is necessary.

5. The Manager does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance.

S. A. J. KEATINGE,
Chief Storekeeper,
North-Wetern Railway, Lahore.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
North-Western Railway, Naulakha,
Dated the 24th January, 1911.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

BOMBAY RACES, 1911.

8TH, 11TH, 13TH, 15TH AND 18TH FEB. 1911.
The Rates of Admission are as follows :—

DAY TICKETS.

First Enclosure.	Rs. a.	Second Enclosure.	Rs. a.
Gentleman ...	6 0	Gentleman ...	1 8
Lady ...	3 0	Lady ...	0 12
Lawn ...	1 0		
Ladies and Members of the TURF CLUB are admitted to the Lawn free.			

SEASON TICKETS.

MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB...Rs. 25 each.—Available for Grand Stand, Members Stand and Lawn.

NON-MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB...Rs. 25 each.—Available for Grand Stand and Enclosure only.

LADIES...Rs. 5 each.—Available for Grand Stand, Enclosure and Lawn.

To MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB and LADIES a ticket will be issued, to NON-MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB a book containing Coupons for each day.

SEASON TICKETS and BOOKS of COUPONS are not transferable.

LADIES' season tickets are NOT AVAILABLE for CHILDREN.

No TICKETS or BOOKS of COUPONS will be issued without payment.

Day tickets will be sold at the Gate only.

Season tickets and Books of Coupons can be had only on application to—

The Secretary, W. I. T. C., 2, Morland Road, Byculla.

N. B.—Tickets of Admission are subject to the Rules and Regulations of the WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

CECIL GREY,
Secretary, W. I. Turf Club.

Byculla, 25th January, 1911.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

STOLEN.

LIST of the whole pieces of CURRENCY NOTES NUMBERS STOLEN PROPERTY. Dated 17th January, 1911 :—

Value. Rs.	General No.	Value. Rs.	General No.
100	T. B./6 14741	50	W. A./69 03383
100	S. A./76 44148	50	W. A./9 42486
100	S. A./75 50808	50	W. A./7 00622
100	S. A./75 16157	50	W. A./7 37904
100	S. A./74 98747	10	S. A./70 04366
100	S. A./74 65551	10	B. B./86 41363
100	S. A./75 16477	10	S. A./96 82400
100	S. A./74 75695	10	S. A./64 15284
50	S. A./73 79086	10	S. A./96 41441
50	S. A./73 20550	10	C. A./60 05657

Rs. 1,160 Whole pieces.

LIST OF THE CURRENCY HALF NOTES Nos. STOLEN PROPERTY, Dated 17th January, 1911.

Value. Rs.	General No.	Value. Rs.	General No.
500	S. A./79 59931	50	E. P./71 84918
500	S. A./79 59932	50	B. B./71 20074
100	S. A./76 73280	50	W. A./8 52883
100	S. A./76 73281	50	D. A./70 56489
100	S. A./76 73282	50	G. A./20 46669
100	S. A./75 41346	50	B. B./71 41667
100	S. A./76 64417	20	S. A./71 38874
100	S. A./74 22317	20	C. A./64 73372
100	S. A./76 48827	20	S. A./18 28510
100	S. A./76 57485	20	S. A./41 23025
100	S. A./45 55627	10	S. A./70 51765
100	S. A./74 63466	10	S. A./95 30910
100	S. A./44 68197	10	S. A./97 36211
50	W. A./69 26583	10	S. A./96 61409
50	W. A./69 26584	10	S. A./34 05802
50	W. A./69 26585	10	S. A./60 96485
50	W. A./69 26586	10	S. A./95 13438
50	T. B./50 17884	10	P. A./92 80108
50	T. B./58 85730	10	S. A./93 05841
50	G. A./30 40501	10	S. A./90 17329
50	W. A./8 26480	10	S. A./90 33326
50	W. A./69 04560	5	S. A./56 07101
50	E. B./71 02966	5	S. A./85 28435
50	W. A./69 00015	5	W. A./14 03729
50	S. A./73 92565	5	M. A./97 71908
50	T. B./50 17318	5	S. A./86 46983
50	W. A./8 81260	5	S. A./54 86265
50	D. A./70 70388		

Rs. 3,370 Half pieces.

HORMUSJI MANECKJI BHIMDIWALLA,
Abkari Contractor

Uran, Dated 1st February, 1911.

WEDDING, BIRTHDAY

AND GENERAL
PRESENTATION ARTICLES
IN
ENDLESS VARIETY.

GOLD JEWELLERY,
SILVER WARE AND
ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE.
MAKING GOLD AND JEM SET
JEWELLERY A SPECIALITY.
PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE!

P. MEHTA & CO.,
JEWELLERS, MEDOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

SALE! SALE! SALE!

ENORMOUS REDUCTION
AT
CHINA-JAPAN STORES.
39-41 ABDUL REHMAN STREET,
Near Crawford Market.

PANCHGANI
BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL.

A high grade School in splendid climate.

ONLY English Teachers of high attainments and experience engaged.

TWO NEW UNIVERSITY MEN JOIN THE STAFF IN 1911.

Thorough instruction given in
ENGLISH, MATHEMATICS, CLASSICS, DRAWING and FRENCH.

OVER 30 SUCCESSES in PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS OBTAINED in PAST YEAR.

TWO GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS WON in SEPTEMBER, 1910.

Special attention paid to
JUNIOR and BACKWARD boys.
Present number of Boarders
HIGHER THAN EVER BEFORE.
Early application for existing vacancies desirable.

REV. THOMAS ROWAN, M. A., B. D.,
Trinity College, Dublin.
Principal.

Now Ready.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered under the auspices of the Young Women's Christian Association, Bombay
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE ½ ANNA.

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette," Green Street, and the "Kaisar-i-Hind" Press, Home Street, opposite the "Advocate of India."

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
FEBRUARY, 9TH & 10TH,

HENRY ARTHUR JONES, BRILLIANT COMEDY

THE LIARS,

Under the direction of
MRS. HARRY BARLOW,

MESSRS. E. LEAHY, H. M. KENDALL,
CAPT. CONRY, CAPT. HAYMES,
MESSRS. W. R. SHARP, H. G. COOKE,
& A. T. COOPER.
MRS. PATERSON BROWN, MISS BEAMAN,
MRS. BARLOW, MRS. COOKE, &
MRS. ACWORTH.

PROCEEDS IN AID OF
THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION,
THE EUROPEAN PENSIONERS
& WIDOWS HOME.
Box Office now open at S. ROSE & Co.

1ST BN., B. B. & C. I. R. VOLS.

THE SERGEANTS' ANNUAL DANCE will be held in the Mechanics Institute, Parel, on FRIDAY, 17th February, 1911, at 9 P.M.

Ticket to admit one Lady and Gent., Rs. 2; Extra Lady, Re. 1.

Tickets can be had from the Undersigned,

P. J. TONKIN,
Honorary Secretary.

EXCELSIOR

CINEMATOGRAPH
NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT,
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
"FOOLSHEAD"
THE EXCELSIOR COMEDIAN
IN A
SIDE-SPLITTING FARCE.
"MAX LINDER"
THE FRENCH COMEDIAN
IN A
SCREAMING FARCE.
A PROGRAMME, FULL OF NOVELTIES.

TO-MORROW,
SUNDAY, 5th February,
GRAND PRIZE SHOW
7 to 8 P. M.
A GOLD WATCH and two SILVER WATCHES given away.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
BAND: THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
From 6 to 8 evening and every night at 9-30.
TUESDAY, 7th February...............Carnival.

INSURANCES.

THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.

THE DEMAND
FOR
"STANDARD"
POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID £27,750,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE ....£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to

F. O. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

POPPY LEVER WATCH.—Nickel Silver, elegant shaped, serviceable, non-magnetic Watch, Rs. 10.—D. R. PUNDOLE & SONS, Hornby Road and Church Gate St., Bombay.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

BUNGALOW TO LET.—Furnished, April to December, four Bedrooms. The Bungalow on Walkeshwar Road, now in the occupation of Mr. Nigel F. Paton.

FLAT TO LET.—Fully Furnished FLAT BERYL HOUSE, Wodehouse-Road, for 6 months, from March 1st (earlier if required). Two entertaining Rooms, two Bed-rooms, Dressing-Rooms, English Baths, usual offices, servants' quarters, Electric Lift, lights and fans. Rs. 250.—Apply to "X Z," Care of this Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

MILK-BUTTER-CREAM.—Can be supplied fresh daily; up-country orders for Butter supplied in tins. Rates moderate on application to PARISIAN DAIRY Co., 1, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3⅞d. to 1s. 4 31/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values —Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. R. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents, Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes. "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:— 9¼ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¼ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2¼ per thousand (If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

"THE EMPIRE,"—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

JOOSUB HAJI JAN MAHOMED & CO.,

"CHEAP JACK"
TAILORS
AND
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
HOSIERS AND HATTERS,
MAJESTIC HOTEL,
Opposite Apollo Hotel,
FORT, BOMBAY.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

THE SALE of the Harkness Road Properties which were to be put up for sale on the premises on Wednesday, the 1st inst., has been POSTPONED and the same will now take place in the Auctioneer's Sales Room., in Fort, 21, Medows Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of February, 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO THE CAPITALISTS.

SALE of very VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES consisting of chawls, bungalows and houses at Dadar Road near the Elphinstone Road, Tram Terminus.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 194 of 1910,
Hajiani Asiazai vs. Hanifabai.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the order made by the High Court on the 6th day of October, 1910, in the above suit, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co, will, on FRIDAY, the 10th day of February, 1911, and other following successive days, till all the properties are sold, sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned immoveable properties at 4-30 p. m, (S. T)

The properties will be first put up in one lot and if not sold in separate lots.

Lot No.	Municipal No.		Square Yards.	
A	25	A. A.	111	Two storeyed house.
B	25	A.	220	" " "
C	25	F.	218	Two storeyed chawl.
E	25	L.	581	Two lined chawl
F & G	25	J.	931	Chawl without storey.
H	25	K.	613	One bungalow, with one storey and compound.
I	25	L. A.	215	One storeyed house
J	25	M.	262	Two storeyed house
K	25	N.	68	Chawl
L	25		197	One big chawl
N	25	I	74	One storeyed house
O	25	J J	203	Two stables and two small blocks

All the above pieces of land are freehold ground admeasuring about 4,000 square yards.

For full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the Receiver, at their office 29 Esplanade Road, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 4th February, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on TUESDAY, the 7th February, 1911, at 3 p m (S T),

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 143, 147, 155, 157, case No 478, 480 Nowroji Hill Road.

Building Street No 34-36, 28-30, case No 221; 222, Dhabu Street and Sandhurst Road.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 4th February, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED property at Umarkhadi.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, 4th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises by order of Bai Meenbai and her husband, Mr. Fazal Morraj, the mortgagees, and on account and risk of the estate of Anusayabai, wife of Ramachandra Narayen Shockley, died, the following:—

All that piece or parcel of Fasendari land or ground containing by admeasurement 328 square yards or thereabouts, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the Northern side of Umarkhadi Road, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes, under B. Ward No. 3570 and Street Nos. 48 to 52, and bounded on the East by the house of Vithalrao Krishnaji Wandaiker, on the West by the house of Narayan Ramji Kuduskar, on the North by a cross lane and on the South by the said Umarkhadi Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors, at their office 29, Esplanade Road, or to the undersined.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Esmail Mahomed.

E. M. 10 cases beef dripping and sheep tongues.

At 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.

1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS in Scheme III, Sandhurst Road and Null Bazar.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on Plot No. 2, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th February 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following very valuable building plots, for a period of 999 years:—

Plot No. 1, Area 113 sq. yds. This plot is situated at the corner of Trimbak Parasram Street.

Plot No. 2, 432 square yards; Plot No. 2A. 617 square yards; and Plot No. 2B., 784 square yards. These plots are situate at Sandhurst Road, and at the corner of the 1st and 2nd Pathan Street.

Plot No. 3, 683 square yards and Plot No. 3A 537 square yards. Both these plots are fronting the Sandhurst Road as well as 1st Pathan Street and Northbrook Street.

Plot No. 4, 556 square yards and Plot No. 4A, 463 square yards. Both these plots are fronting the Sandhurst Road, Northbrook Street and Kumbharwada Street.

Plot No. 5, 435 square yards and Plot No. 5 A, 406 square yards. Both these plots are fronting the Sandhurst Road and Kumbharwada and Bhandari Street.

Plot No. 6, 576 square yards and Plot No. 6 A, 425 square yards. Both these plots are fronting the Sandhurst Road, Bhandari Street and Duncan Road.

Plot No. 10, 471 square yards and Plot No. 10 A, 458 square yards, Plot No. 10B, 466 square yards. All these three plots are fronting the Sandhurt Road, Northbrook Street and Falkland Road.

Plot No. 17, 565 square yards, is situated opposite the Null Bazar Market.

Plot No. 22, 437 sq. yards. This plot is situated on the junction of Sandhurst Road and Dhaboo Street.

The sale of all the above plots will take place on plot No. 2 on the junction of Sandhurst Road and Falkland Road.

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will be allowed near the rooms.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the auction regarding the development they may have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For further particulars, auction and building conditions, form of lease, plan of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 4th February, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

JOHN JAMESON'S THREE STAR WHISKEY.

PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 Years.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H. M. the King.

Stocked by—
PHIPSON & CO., 6 Apollo St., BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital.............. Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital .... " 17,62,500
Reserve Fund .... " 5,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON,

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL......... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND............ £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

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Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Entebbe,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
Mandvi (Bombay), Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhavanagar, Rajkot, Karachi and Hyderabad (Sind).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... " 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP... " 50,00,000
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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

	Town.	Post.
Yearly ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly ...	7	8
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W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
General Agents

AGENTS WANTED.
Address: Grahams Buildings. O. C. B. WIMBUSH, Manager.

HIGH COURT.—FEB. 4.

(Before the Hon. MR. JUSTICE DAVAR.)

For Judgment.

998-08 S A Tyabji Krishnaya Subbaya and others vs Narayendas Kanji, Little and Co

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

437-06 Matubhai J and M Captain and V Vassanji Tricumji and Co Goolam Aloo Moorji and others vs Esmailbhai Shivji and others, Claimants Matubhai J and M Payne and Co, Crawford and Co, Ardeshir H D and Co, and Wadia G and Co

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

213-10 Payne and Co Shavakshaw Ruttonji Bomanji vs Hugh Hogarth and Sons a firm —Craigie B and Co.

259-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Karanjalal Basoodevdas and others vs Tarachand Khooshaldas and another, Dikhshit D and S

712-10 Raghavayya B and N Jamalbhai Mahomed vs Sakerbhai, Chotoobhai Bicknell M and R.

310-10 Captain and V R D Sethna vs Dewji Damodar, Thakurdas and Co.

600-10 Malvi H M and K Harmandrai Bhulchand vs Luckminarayan Bhatun and another Mulla and M.

Testamentary Suit.

20-10 Jehangir G and B Jacob Haji Essa vs Movsinbai widow, Mehta and D.

21-10 Mirza M and M Abdoola Allarakhina vs Dawood Esmail and others, Mehta and W.

22-10 Matubhai J and M Ebrahim Haji Essac vs Khatri Moosa Vayedna A Wadia, G and Co.

Long Causes.

55-08 Shamrao M and H Adam Abdul Rehman vs Fatmabai widow and others, Khanderao L and H Edgelow G W and Co, Captain and V

1059-08 S A Tyabji Ahmed N Fatehally and another vs Khimji Adamji Sam and another, Jamshedji R and D

852-09 Kanga and S Temulji Jamshedji Joshi vs The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co, Craigie B and Co, Judah and S

752-09 In person Ranjehahari Ravinarayen and others vs Kaliandas Shankerprasad and others, Edgelow G W and Co

307-09 Daphtary F and D M S E Angales and Co vs Halimabhai widow S and another, Captain and Co

(Before the Hon. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

547-10 Payne and Co Lalji Naranji and another vs Jamnadas Virjbhukandas Hiralal and Co.

956-09 Edgelow W and Co Pranjiwandas Jadhavji vs Dewji Damodar Thakurdas and Co

699-09 Madhowji K and Co Joharmal Mulchand vs Ramdayal Kamnath and others Malvi H M and K

830-09 Matubhai J and M Mangaldas Girdharidas Parekh vs Manilal Manganlal Mehta, Edjelow G W and Co

913-09 Madhowji K and Co Damoder Mhowji vs Umerbai widow, Mulla and others

914-09 Madhowji K and Co Damoder Mowri vs Umerbai widow, Mulla and others

853-09 Ragavaya B and N Ramjee vs Mahomedali Lukhimanji, Sulemanji Jehangir and S

930-09 Thakurdas and Co Fatmabai vs Mohurrumbai widow and others, Judah and S Smetham B and Co, Jehangir G and B

575-09 Edgelow G W and Co Madhowrao Ramchandra Ghagindae vs Balwant Ramchandra Soman, Shroff D and D

31-09 Tyabji D and Co Moteebai vs Choonilal Pitamber and others Ardeshir H D and Co Little and Co

935-08 Malvi H M and R Ramchandra Ellapa Lingal vs Narayen Ellapa Lingal and others Jehangir M and S

805-09 Malvi H M and R Ahmed Nozzer Mahomed Fatehally and another vs Kunibehari Rabinarayen and others, Captain and V

(Before the Hon. MR. JUSTICE ROBERTSON.)

After the Chamber Matter is over.

Suit for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Cause.

449-09 Captain and V Luckmichand Ramchand and others vs The G I P Ry Co Little and Co.

Short Causes.

1046-10 Nanu H and Co Hamibai widow vs Yeshwantrao Pitale, Sabnis and Co

755-05 Ardeshir H D and Co Maneckbai widow and another vs Bapuji Dhunjibhoy Bansji and others, Payne and Co

951-09 J R Patel and Co Ibrahim M Hassan vs L Hassambhai Matubhai J and M and J R Patel and Co.

48-93 Bhaishanker K and G Ebji Umersey and others vs Ramkisson Rajroop and others Wadia G and Co

48-93 Wadia G and Co Ebji Umersey and others vs Ramkisson Rajroop and others Bhaishankar K and G

Long Causes.

750-10 Daphtary F and D George Cargall Gillespie vs Jane Gillespie and another

689-10 Jamsetjee R and D Mulji Haridas vs Heptoola Essufally and others Unwalla and P

101-10 Little and Co Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal and another vs Venilal Vizbhukhandas and others Hiralal and Co

213-93 Madhowji K and C Jivraj Cooverji v Ramdas Keshavji Payne and Co

710-07 Matubhai J and M Benibai vs Bai Gulab widow and others Madhowji K and C

323-09 S B Metha Thacker Bhimji Kora vs Ratansey Sunderdas and others Mansukhlal J and H

548-10 Crawford B and Co Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patil Vithaldas Sunderdas and others Khunderao L and M

1141-10 Matubhai J and M Fakir Mahomed Pirbhoy Nathoo Shiribai Shamrao M and H Thakurdas and Co Little and Co

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 3rd February, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	2	6	30 p m.	3	10
Teheran ...	3	11	55 a.m.	2	37
Suez ...	3	1	55 p.m.	...	41

DIVINE SERVICE.

5th Sunday, after Epiphany, 5th February.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas' the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: Rev. C. M. Barham, Acting Archdeacon and Rev. W. A. Sawtell. 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion.—Choral—Eyre in E. Flat. Hymns 238, 82, 309, and 447; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Whitfeld in E. Hymns 517, 520 and 477. Collections for Cathedral High Schools. Daily Matins at 7-15 a. m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.; on Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

All Saints, Malabar Hill, Clergy: The Venerable Archdeacon of Bombay. 8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

Christ Church, Byculla—Clergy: Rev. W. J. Kenelly, Senior Chaplain and Rev. J. B. Glass. —8 a. m. Matins and Litany; 8-45 a.m., Holy Communion; 5-15 p m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tuesday, Holy Communion 7 a.m. Thursday, Holy Communion 8 a.m.

St. John's Church, Colaba.—Clergy: Rev. W. F.M. Hamerton. 8 a.m., Holy Eucharist (Choral); 11 a.m., Parade Service (Band, Royal Warwickshire Regt); 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Week days:—8 a. m., Holy Eucharist, Thursday. 8-30 p. m., Matins daily; Army Guild of the Holy Standard and St. Helena on Thursday, 6-30 p.m.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: Rev Cannon Heywood; Rev. J. H. Robinson; Rev. T Sharpley and Rev. D. L. Joshi. 8 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor.

St. Paul, Kamatipura, Foras Road.—Clergy: Rev.; J. W. Kamble and P. J. E. Dimeshky. 7-30 a.m. Matins (Urdu); 8 a.m. Holy Communion (Urdu), 9-30 a.m., Holy Communion, English and Tamil alternately; 5-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon (Urdu).

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Clergy: Rev. P. Bykyn.—8-30 a.m. Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion; 5-30 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p. m., Evensong and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. J. Andrew Smith. Collection for Church Expenses.

St. Nicholas', Prince's Dock.—10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Prayer. Week days.—Daily Prayer, 9-45 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Concert nights, 11 p.m.)

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. J. B. Glass.—6 a.m., Matins. 8-30 a. m., Holy Eucharist; 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of ease to St. Peter). —Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. Jivan Londhe, 6-30 a. m. (English); 7-30 a. m. (Marathi); 9 a.m. (Gujerathi); 4 p.m, (Canarese), 6-30 p.m. (Marathi).

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul),—Served by the Clergy of St. Paul's 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Peter's Mazagon.—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Langmore and Chard. 6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist and Sermon. 10-30 a. m. Children's Service. 6-30 p.m., Choral Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

S. Stephen's Church, Bandra.—11-15 a. m, Matins and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. J. Andrew Smith, A. C. S. Chaplain of Parel.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevi.—Vicar: Rev. Dr. B De Monte. 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. 6 a.m.; 7 a.m.; 8 a.m.; 9 a.m.; 6-30 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church, Colaba.—Sunday, 8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service of Benediction.

St. Ann's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Vicar: Rev. Father Hattmacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m.; 8-30 a.m.; 6-30 p.m.

The Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. M. X. Gomes, 7 and 9 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service. 7 and 7-30 a.m. Masses on week days.

Gloria Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass, 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m. Benediction, 6 p.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel—Clergy: Rev P. E. Saldanha and J. A. Gomes. 6 a.m., Mass 8 a.m., High Mass: 6 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvasao, Dadar.—Vicar Rev. Thomas Henrieues. 6-45 and 8 a.m., Low Masses.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. Bernard Mendonca. Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Barrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Continho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Church of Scotland (St. Andrew's Church), Apollo Street. Fort.—Chaplain: Rev. J. Cameron. 11 a.m. Joint Morning Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Psalm 145. Hymns, 228, 339, 363.

United Free Church of Scotland, Wandby Road.—Ministers: Rev. J. N. Farquhar. 11 a.m. Service at Pali Hill, Rev. A. S. Crichton; 11 a.m. United Service (St. Andrew's Church); 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. Alex S. Crichton. Hymns—649, 379, 541, 279; Psalm 84.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church (in connection with the U. F. C. of Scotland), Girgaum Back Road, near the Girgaum Post Office.—Minister: The Rev. M. B. Nikambe.—8 30 a. m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. Dr. Scott; 4-30 p. m Evening Service. Preacher; Rev. M. B. Nikamb.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla Paster: Rev. C. B. Hill.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a. m. Parade Service. Preacher Rev. J. F. Edwards; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwards; 5 p.m., Sunday School; 9 to 10 p. m. Social Hour.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a. m. Preacher: Rev. R. Owen Jenkins B.S.C.; 6-30 p.m., Preacher: Rev. R. Owen Jenkins B.S.C.; 5 p.m., Sunday School.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder—Pastor: Rev. Frederick Wood. Sunday, 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Services. Wednesday, 6-30 p.m. Prayer meeting. Minister Rev. Fawcett Shaw.

BAPTIST.

Worshipping at Y. M. C. A. Hall.—Minister: Rev. H. E. Barrell. 8-30 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Mr. S. H. Kearsey; 6-30 p. m., Evening Service. Preacher: Mr. J. R. Ponsford.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

THE coming week's programme will be full of novelties and brimful of fun. Foolshead after an absence of some weeks will be again seen in one of his laughable scenes which have made his reputation as a film comedian world-wide. It is astonishing how he manages to extricate himself out of the many dangers we see him in without great personal injury. Max Linder, the polished French comedian whose comic pictures serve as an excellent foil to the more strenuous pictures of Foolshead, is also down for one of his escapades. Max Linder is a splendid artist and in his love scenes, is inimitable. A specially laughable picture is promised in this week's programme which includes many other dramatic and pathetic pictures. A prize show will be held on Sunday night at 7 to 8 p. m. when a gold watch and two silver watches will be given away.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as, for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

BIGGS—Jan 13, at Avonmore, Salisbury Road, Moseley, Birmingham, the wife of Rev A H Biggs, of a son.

MILLER—Jan 14, at Nunthorpe Hall, York, the wife of Lieut-Col A D Miller, D S O, Royal Scots Greys, of a son.

WHITEHEAD—Jan 16, at Efford Park, Lymington, the Hon Lady Whitehead, of a son.

BURNETT—Jan 11, at the Endell Street Hospital, the wife of Major S H Busnett, Indian Medical Service, 13 Porchester Place, W, of a daughter.

GRAY—Jan 13, at 90 Prince of Wales Mansions, Battersea Park, S W, Mrs A C H Gray, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CADOGAN—PALAGI—Jan 12, at Florence, George Henry, Earl Cadogan, K G, to Countess Adele Palagi.

CALLARD—PULLAR—Jan 11, at St Saviour's Church, Bridge of Allan, Norman Leslie Callard, late 2nd South Lancashire Regt, and Irene May, daughter of William B Pullar, Esq, Coniston, Bridge of Allan, N B.

CLUTTERBUCK—SENHOUSE—Jan 12, at St Mary's Maryport, Thomas Rupert Clutterbuck, Coldstream Guards, to Blanche, daughter of the late Humphrey Pocklington Senhouse.

DELAFIELD—DRAKE—Jan 14, at St Mary's Church, Abergavenny, Thomas Alfred Delafield to Josephine Helen, daughter of the late Capt T G Drake, R N.

GOLDSCHMIDT—WALLACE—Jan 14, at St George's, Hanover Square, Major Ernest Goldschmidt, late Welsh Regt, and 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers, to Helen, daughter of the late William Wallace.

OLIVER—WOOLCOMBE-ADAMS—Jan 11, at All Saints', Margaret Street, W, Charles Oliver, Esq, son of the late Admiral Olliver, to Hilda Margaret, daughter of Lieut-Col Woollcombe-Adams.

DEATHS.

ANTROBUS—Jan 16, Emma Mary Antrobus daughter of the late Edmund Edward Antrobus, of Kensington Palace Gardens, aged 74.

BULL—Jan 14, at 12 Eaton Gardens, Hove, James Bull, J P, aged 66.

STRAHAN—Jan 7, at Cottesmore, Gainsborough Gardens, Hampstead, Col George Strahan, late Royal (Bengal) Eng., aged 71.

SWAYTHLING—Jan 13, at 12 Kensington Palace Gardens, W, the Right Hon Lord Swaythling, aged 78.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

The P. and O. Co's. mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9 30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Special attractions, Foolshead and Max Linder.

Skating Rink: Practice Session, 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies' Session 9 to 10 a. m.; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m.; 9-30 to 11 p. m.

Maxim: "Difficulties are things that show what men are."—Epictetus.

SHETH JAMNADAS JIVANDAS DISPENSARY PORBUNDER.—During the month of January, 1911, the total number of patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 3,229 among them the number of new admissions was 1,275, classified as follows:—Hindoos, 2,579; Mussalman, 544; Parsee, 44; other castes 62, total 3,229.

ACCOUNTANTS EXAMINATION.—Examinations of the Corporation of Accountants were held at Bombay in December last under the supervision of Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Co., Chartered Accountants, and Mr. S. B. Billimoria, the Local Secretary in India for the Corporation, has received by the incoming mail the results thereof as under:—Fellowship Diploma, Mr. K. D. Sethna, Associates Diploma, Mr. J. D. Mulla and Mr. A. S. Mohmadi.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—To-morrow the 5th instant, the Senior class of the Brotherhood will meet at 9 a. m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, when the Hon'ble Sir Narayanrao Chandavarkar will conduct the class, and will discourse on "Wordsworth's Prelude." The Junior class of the Brotherhood will meet the same hour at Bhuleshwar in the Goculdas Tejpal High School and will be conducted by Mr. V J Dubash when he will expound Smiles' "Character."

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music at 6 p.m. (S. T.), this evening:—

March	Pathan	Quinn
Overture	Crown Diamonds	Auber
Valse	Santiago	Corbin
Selection	Carmen	Bizet
Gavotte	The Bells of St. Malo	Rimmer
Sketch	Kismet	Markey
Valse	Phryne	Burnett
Selection	The Girls of Gottenberg	Caryll

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Major H. P. Lane and Officers, the Band of the 96th Berar Infantry will play the following programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.), this evening:—

March	Pomp and Circumstance	Edward Elgar
Selection	The Gandoliers	Sullivan
Valse	The Chocolate Soldier	Oscar Straus
Morceau	Enchanted Chime	J. S. Hongill
Selection	Lady Madcap	D. Paul A. Rubens
Two-Step	A Coon Band Contest	Arthur Pryor

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col R.E. Pigott, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Batt lion. B. B. & C. I. Railway Vols. will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, Bandmaster, at 6 p.m. this evening:—

March	Entry of Gladiators	Fucik
Overture	Banditen Streiche	Suppe
Valse	Mon Reve	Weldteufel
Selection	The Mikado	Sullivan
Intermezzo	Lain du Bal	Gillet
Selection	The Merry Widow	Lebar
Patrol	The Yeomanry	Square

BAND AT THE MAHALUXMI RACES.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 3 p.m. this evening:—

	March	The Blue Riband	Bellog
	Overture	Light Cavalry	Suppe
A.	Serenade	An Evening in Toledo	Schmeling
B.	Patrol	Siamese	Lincke
	Selection	The Chocolate Soldier	Straus
	Valse	La Reine des Coeeurs	Waldteufel
A.	Romance	Musica Pribita	Gastaldon
B.	Idyll	The Glow-Worm	Lincke
	Selection	The Balkan Princess	Rubens

FIRE AT MAZAGON.

Last night a fire broke out in a factory situated on Mount Road, Mazagon. Information was given to the Fire Brigade and the Byculla Fire Engine promptly arrived on the scene. The fire was brought under control after about half an hour. The extent of the damage done to the factory is not known.

It is stated that the Home Secretary, Mr. Winston Churchill, has issued a writ for slander against Mr. T. B. Spencer, a Southport man, who for some months has been a speaker for the Liberal Unionist Council. Mr. Churchill claims damages for slander, and asks for an injunction restraining the defendant from publishing false statements against him. It is stated that the alleged slanderous statements were made by Mr. Spencer at Chagford, in the Mid-Devon division, in the course of a speech made by the defendant in supporting Capt. C. F. Morrison-Bell, Conservative candidate and now member for the Division.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell presided yesterday at the second sitting of the first Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court.

Devi Matadin was placed before a common jury on a charge of voluntarily causing grievous hurt to his wife, Kaushalabai aged about 14, by cutting off her nose with a razor on the night of the 26th August last.

Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoolla appeared for the Crown; the accused was undefended.

The husband and wife had a quarrel about some ornaments, and, while the latter was walking along Foras Road, the accused cut off her nose.

The jury unanimously found the accused guilty, and his Lordship in passing the sentence observed that the accused had committed a very brutal offence, and he regretted he had no power to order the accused to be flogged. His Lordship was desirous of passing a very severe sentence for this cruel and wicked act, and accordingly ordered that the accused should be rigorously imprisoned for seven years, out of which one month should be spent in solitary confinement.

DHATURA POISONING.

Mahomed Hussein and Mahomed Imamkhan were then placed before the same jury on a charge of administering a stupefying drug with intent to facilitate the commission of theft and abetment thereof.

Mr. Chitre appeared for the prosecution; the accused were undefended.

The accused had administered 'dhatura' to one Imamudin Shaikh Sadi, a pilgrim, in order to commit theft when he was seated in a tea shop.

The jury unanimiously found both the accused guilty.

Inspector Lewis was then examined by his Lordship. He said that many complaints were made to him about pilgrims being robbed within three or four days.

His Lordship sentenced each of the accused to three years' rigorous imprisonment, as he thought it greatly necessary to protect this defenceless class.

The Sessions were then adjourned.

CLAIM FOR BROKERAGE.

Custom of the Port.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar heard the suit brought by S. R. Bomanji against Hugh Hogarth and Sons to recover Rs. 2,250 with interest and costs.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. E. B. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. W. L. Weldon and Mr. W. C. J. Shortt, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, were for the defendants.

The plaintiff stated that about the beginning of December 1909, through his exertion, the Nippon Yasen Kaisha Company agreed to charter from the defendants their steamer the "Baron Ogilvy," for a voyage from Bombay, to one or two of the following ports:—Hongkong, Moji, Kobe, Osaka, Yokkaichi and Yokohama. The steamer was capable of carrying 9,000 tons and the charterers agreed to load a full and complete cargo thereon. Under the contract the charterers had a right to cancel it, if the steamer was not in Bombay and the cargo not loaded on or before 23rd December 1909. For his services, the plaintiff was to receive from the defendants brokerage at the rate of four annas per ton. As the defendants were unable to send the steamer to Bombay, the charter party was cancelled. Under the circumstances, he claimed brokerage and prayed for a decree for Rs. 2,250.

The defence was that the plaintiff was not entitled to maintain this suit. Without prejudice to this contention they denied that it was through the plaintiff's exertion that the agreement was entered into. They denied that the sum claimed had become due or that the plaintiff demanded the same. They said that according to the custom of the Port of Bombay, brokerage was only payable on the amount of freight actually laden under the charter party which was executed subject to that custom. As no cargo was loaded, the plaintiff was not entitled to any sum whatever. The charter party was executed by their Agents, Messrs Turner, Morrison and Company, and they contended that the Agents had no authority to execute this or any other charter party from which the above custom was excluded and that they were not bound by it. Without prejudice to these contentions, they said that the vessel could have loaded 7,868 tons and the claim was excessive. They further contended that the suit was premature as no demand was made. They, therefore, submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The case is proceeding.

REFERENCE UNDER STAMP ACT.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, a Full Bench consisting of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of a reference under the Stamp Act from the Collector's office.

The Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, appeared for the Government; Mr. J. D. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Mulji and Khambatta, was for the transferee of the instrument in question.

It appeared that an instrument was taken to the Stamp Office. It was for the transfer of a mortgage, the principal of which was Rs. 3,000, Rs. 853 were added for interest and costs, being the amount due by the mortgagor to the mortgagee at the time of the transfer. Under such circumstances the practice was the charge duty under article 62 (c) in respect of the original mortgage debt and extra duty for the amount of interest.

After hearing arguments, their Lordships gave their opinion to the effect that on an instrument like the present one, no extra duty for interest could be charged.

POLICE COURTS.

BIG HAUL OF COCAINE.

Accused Sentenced.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Miller charged Capato Carlo, an Italian seaman on board the s. s. "Koerber," with importing into Bombay 1,54,323 grains of cocaine of the value of Rs. 5,513, without a license. Superintendent Walton prosecuted. The case for the prosecution was that the accused had imported 3,31,795. He was in December last convicted of importing 1,77,472 grains of cocaine and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment. Subsequently the remaining quantity was also traced to the accused and yesterday he was charged with having imported that quantity. The accused admitted having imported the cocaine into Bombay. He stated the cocaine was given him by a friend in Trieste, who told him he would benefit if he took it to Bombay. His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to undergo two months' regosous imprisonment; the sentence to run after the expiry of the one already passed against him.

REFRACTORY SEAMEN.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Captain Filmer, of the s.s. "Reigate," charged Long Fat and four other Chinamen employed as firemen on board the steamer with disobeying lawful orders and with assaulting Mr. G. Owen, the Chief Engineer, on the 31st December last. Mr. Dunlop, solicitor, prosecuted, while Mr. V. R. Navalkar, pleader, appeared for the accused. The case for the prosecution was that after the ship left Australia and while they were on the high seas, the Chief Engineer asked the firemen to get a greater amount of steam than they were actually producing at the time, in order to increase the speed of the vessel. As the firemen did not attend to his instructions, he asked the first accused to go and help them. He refused to do so. The Chief Engineer took him to the Captain, who reprimanded him. Subsequently the fourth and the fifth accused were placed before the Captain as they did not work so as to get the required amount of steam. The Captain told them that if they did not carry out his orders he would be compelled to put them on six hours' watches. They then went away. At about half past one in the afternoon the Captain's attention was drawn to shoutings which came from the direction of the stoke-hole and he ran up to see what the matter was. He saw the Chief Engineer come along with the five accused after him. The first four accused had empty water buckets and last accused an ash bucket and were rushing at the Engineer. The Captain tried to prevent them doing so, but the second accused succeeded in throwing the engineer down and the fourth accused kicked him. Three of the accused then picked him up apparently with the intention of throwing him overboard. The European Officers on board the steamer were then sent for and the accused calmed down. The accused pleaded not guilty, stating they were willing to work, but could not produce the required steam as the coal was not good. All the accused were convicted. The first, second, third and fifth accused were sentenced to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment, and the fourth to seven weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

The first accused had charged Mr. Owen with assault. But the charge was dismissed.

Leo Choy, a messroom boy on board the steamer, had also preferred a charge of assault against Mr. Owen. His complaint was that Mr. Owen threw a pot at his face, saying it had not been properly cleaned. The accused was fined Rs. 10.

THEFT OF A TIME-PIECE.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Jeffries charged one James William Kennon with the theft of a time-piece and a watch belonging to Arthur Stanley Albert. The case for the prosecution was that on the 1st instant the complainant went out to see a friend of his leaving the door of his room open. On returning to his room, he found his time-piece and watch missing. He received certain information, whereupon he made a report to the police, who arrested the accused and recovered the time-piece from a man with whom the accused had pledged it. The accused admitted having taken the time-piece, but pleaded not guilty to the charge of stealing the watch. The Magistrate charged the accused with the theft of the time-piece to which he pleaded guilty. As this was the accused's first offence, the Magistrate sentenced him to undergo one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 10, or, in default, to undergo one week's rigorous imprisonment.

STEALING A CASH BOX.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, one Luxman Jiva was charged with stealing a cash box containing Rs. 48, belonging to one Gopal Jotti. It appeared from evidence that the complainant, who lived in the same room as the accused, found his cash box missing on Wednesday last. He made a complaint to the police, who arrested the accused and recovered Rs. 47 from a Bania, with whom the accused had left it. The accused pleaded guilty. He was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED MURDER AT BASSEIN.

Application for Transfer of Case.

IN the case in which Mr. Hector DeGama, of the Star Mansion, Colaba, is charged with the murder of Ramsukh alias Motigir Mathuragir, a tongawala of Bassein, on the morning of the 30th ultimo. Mr. H. L. Patel, Pleader, appeared yesterday, before Mr. C. E. Palmer, I. C. S., District and Sessions Judge, Thana and applied that the accused, Mr. Gama, be released on bail.

Mr. Patel, in his application, submitted that the accused was detained in the Thana Special Prison as an under-trial prisoner on a charge of murder. The accused was a European Portuguese by nationality and being quite a stranger in this part of the country, had no one to look after his defence. There was no suitable accommodation in the jail for the accused, who was a gentleman of high status and good family. It was not likely that he would evade the trial. If not allowed out on bail he would be hampered in his defence.

REASONS FOR BAIL.

In supporting his application, Mr. Patel further argued that he based his application on section 498 of the Criminal Procedure Code, which gave wider discretionary powers to Judges than to Magistrates regarding the letting out of accused persons on bail. The accused was entirely ignorant of the language of the people here and the people were equally ignorant of his language. Under such circumstances he would not be able to prepare his defence if detained in prison, and he greatly feared that he would be materially hampered in his defence, especially when it was apparent that the scene of the alleged incident was a place with which he was quite unacquainted and the time at which the incident was alleged to have taken place was early in the morning. It was imperatively necessary for the accused, therefore, to go to the spot and see if he could recognize any of the faces he might have seen on that morning; and this was not possible for him to do unless he was let out on bail. Again, he would not get the assistance of any other person in instructing his lawyers if detained in jail, and even giving instructions to his Counsel would be difficult for him, as to call a Counsel every now and then in prison to get instructions would expose him to expenses out of all proportion to his means.

The accused was prepared to satisfy the Court that he would not evade his trial and was ready to furnish surety to any amount and of gentlemen of unimpeachable credibility. Even the Consul-General for Portuguese India, Mr. Patel added, was ready and willing to stand surety for the accused.

His Honour adjourned the matter till to-morrow, for decision when he would also hear further arguments, if any, of Mr. Patel.

An application was made on behalf of the accused, before Mr. Bhailal P. Shah, First Class Magistrate, Thana, in whose Court the case has been sent up by the police for trial, to postpone the hearing to enable the accused to move the High Court for a transfer of the case.

The case has been fixed for hearing on the 11th instant.

ALLEGED BRIBERY.

Rao Bahadur Accused.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 2.

To-day, before Mr. Greer, I.C.S., Personal Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in Poona, Rao Bahadur Balaji Wartand, a well-known resident of Baramati in the Poona district, was charged with attempting to bribe Mr. Dennis, Superintendent of the Office of the Inspector-General of Police. The object, it is alleged, was to effect the removal of the Sub-Inspector of Police at Baramati. The Rao Bahadur's nephew, and Mr. Rodrigues, late an assistant in the firm of Messrs. Ludha Ibrahim and Co., are charged with aiding and abetting the accused.

Khan Bahadur S. C. Davar, Public Prosecutor, with Mr. P. De Souza, Assistant Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Gadgil, Barister-at-Law, Dhandawati and another pleader defended the accused.

Mr. Arthur Dennis was the first witness called. In the course of his examination, he said that before the 3rd January he did not know the Rao Bahadur and his nephew, but he had known Mr. Rodrigues for two or three years. On the 3rd January, Mr. Rodrigues came to his house with one of the accused, ostensibly for the purpose of introducing the first accused. Rodrigues stated that, as the first accused was absent, they could proceed with the business they had, and then left, intimating that the Rao Bahadur would accompany them later on. The same day, the three accused visited him together, when the Rao Bahadur mentioned that he had several things against the Sub-Inspector, whom he wanted transferred from Baramati. His alleged offer of Rs. 500 was originally made to effect the transfer, which was subsequently raised to Rs. 750 and finally to Rs. 1,000. He put them off on that occasion on the plea of having to examine the Sub-Inspector's record. He informed Mr. Guider, Deputy Inspector-General of Police of the transaction, and Mr. Guider advised him to report the matter to the Inspector-General of Police, which he did the same day. The same evening Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Guider and Mr. Griffith called at his bungalow. On the following evening, the Rao Bahadur's nephew again called with the Police Officers. The latter were separately accommodated, and the whole transaction was repeated by the nephew in their hearing. Money was produced in notes and sovereigns, but the amount was not accepted. On the 5th or 6th, Rodrigues was sent for and arrived when Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Guider and Mr. Griffiths were also present. Rodrigues referred to the payment being refused, and offered to bring Rs. 300 in notes, which was done, but a refusal to accept the money from Rodrigues was given. On the 8th evening the Rao Bahadur and his nephew called, when Mr. Guider and Mr. Griffiths were present, although unseen by the two. The nephew went out of the house to keep guard and the witness spoke to the Rao Bahadur alone. He then asked the Rao Bahadur for his version of the transaction. The Rao Bahadur mentioned certain grounds for wishing to have the Sub-Inspector transferred. Then came the question about the money. Part of the money had already been handed over. Rodrigues was to have paid the witness the balance. After settling matters about the payment, the Rao Bahadur was about to retire, when Mr. Guider and Mr. Griffiths appeared from behind a screen. The Police at once informed the Rao Bahadur that they had overheard everything. The Rao Bahadur was then taken away by Mr. Guider to his office and was there identified.

Mr. James Adolphin Guider, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, said he saw Mr. Dennis on the 4th January at the Poona Railway Station, in connection with the offer of the bribe. Mr. Kennedy and he went to Mr. Dennis's house where they were accommodated in a space partitioned off and could hear everything that had been discussed by Mr. Dennis and the Rao Bahadur's nephew, Gangaram Damodher. A cover containing sovereigns, two fifty-rupee notes and further cash was produced and handed to Mr. Dennis. This was refused by the latter, who stated to Gangaram that it would be better if his uncle had handed over the money. On January 6, Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Griffiths went to Mr. Dennis's house, when the third accused Rodrigues came and deposed in regard to the meeting of the Rao Bahadur and his nephew at his house.

Mr. Griffiths, Personal Assistant to the Inspector General of Police, gave further corroborative evidence, and the case was adjourned until to-morrow, for the evidence of Mr. Michael Kennedy.

BOMBAY DOG SHOW.

Intending exhibitors are reminded that the entries for the forthcoming Dog Show, on February 16th next, close on Friday next, the 10th instant. There will be many exhibits from kennels in the outlying portions of the Presidency. Her Excellency Lady Clarke has expressed her wish to join the Western India Kennel Club, and will enter exhibits in the show; and the Chief of Jath, also has identified himself with the Club and will exhibit and be present at the forthcoming show. Other Rajahs and Chiefs are expected to enter and give their support to the newly-formed Kennel Club, in their endeavours to make the annual Bombay Dog Show, a championship event held under the rules of the Indian Kennel Association. All dog lovers and owners should join the Kennel Club. Entry forms for the show will be supplied on application to the Hon Secretary, Mr. W. Lee, "Times of India" Office, Bombay.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

The following races will sail to-day:—

"A" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sails at 3-20 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Entered by.	Light Wind H'cap. M. S.	Moderate Wind H'cap. M. S.	Fresh Wind H'cap M. S.
Eileen IV	E. C. Russell & J. F. Watson	Scr.	Scr.	Scr.
Turquoise	J. W. Stokes & F.J. Preston	25 13	15 40	10 49
Melody	J. B. K. Macbeth.	16 48	16 30	18 5
Mahabuka	J. G. Lennox	13 59	13 5	10 24
Isca	Edgar Faulkner.	32 3	25 14	22 39

Course:—No. 44. From Committee Vessel to Sunk Rock—South Karanja Buoy—Mark Buoy all to port—Cee Vessel—North Karanja Buoy, Port—Committee Vessel = 12-47 miles. Time limit 6-30 p. m.

"B" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sails at 3-25 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time All'ances. M. S.	Entered by
Trixie	7 52	Embarking Syndicate
Antelope	15 44	Officers Warwickshire Regt
Erin	9 50	Hon Mr W T Morison
Lylie	Scr.	Duncan Fraser

Course:—No. 49. From Committee Vessel to Sunk Rock—North Karanja Buoy both to Port—Cee Vessel—North Karanja Buoy Port—Committee Vessel = 11-80 miles. Time limit 6-30 p. m.

TOMTIT CLASS RACE.—Sails at 3-30 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S	Entered by
Coralie	......	Major N. Kirby, R. E.
Maud	......	Officers R. E.
Mavourneen	......	Newman Taylor.
Pearl	......	A. E. Baird and D North
Clutha	......	J. J. Welsh.
Lapwing	......	Dr. B. K. Goldsmith
Valkyrie	......	R. Walker.
Curlew	......	Orr and Pitcher.
Swallow	......	W. F. Moore.
Cricket	......	T. S. Gregson and Hurlbatt.

Course:—No. 52. From Committee Vessel to Tucker Beacon—P & O 'B' Buoy both to port—Tucker Beacon Started—Committee Vessel...North Karanja Buoy Port Committee Vessel = Time limit 6-30 p.m.

SHIPS BOAT RACE.—Sails at 3-5 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.		Entered by.
36' Pinnace I	Scr		HMS Hyacinth
36' Pinnace II	Scr		do
34' Cutter	9	20	do
30' Gig	18	0	do.
23' Cutter	40	0	R I M S Elphinstonic
24' Cutter Ociana	40	0	P & O Coy

Course:—No. 16+2 From Committee Vessel—North Karanja Buoy—Tucker Beacon both to port—North Karanja Buoy Starboard Cee Vessel Middle Ground Buoy Mark boat with R flag at No. 1 Troopship Buoy Committee Vessel all marks to starboard 8 miles, Time limit—6-30 p.m.

RACING.

BOMBAY 7TH EXTRA MEETING.

The following is the time and order of running at the Bombay 8th Extra Meeting to be held at Mahalaxmi to-day:—

	p. m.
Dealers Selling Plate (Divided) ...	3-10
Dealers Selling Plate (Divided) ...	3-40
The New Market Plate	4-10
The Bandora Plate	4-40
The February Plate	5-10
A Novice Plate	5-40
The Andheri Plate	6-10

By kind permission of the Officer Commanding and the Officers of the 1st Battalion, G I P Railway Volunteers, their Band will play during the afternoon.

A SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES.—

	Standard Time p. m.
Colaba	2-25
Church Gate	2-30
Arrives at Mahaluxmi	2-40

SOUTH INDIAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, FEB. 3.

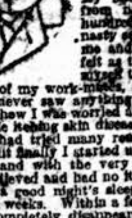
In the South Indian Infantry Hockey Tournament which began this afternoon the 61st Pioneers from Secunderabad beat the 119th Mooltan Regiment by 5 goals to 3. It was anybody's game at half-time, the scoring then being one goal all.

LUCKNOW, FEB. 3.

There was a large attendance to witness the final of Lucknow Polo Tournament between the King's Dragoon Guards, (Captain D. Rasbotham, Mr. Weinsolt, Captains Cheapeand Wickham), and the (Rifle Brigade) Captain C. Harrison and Messrs. Scott, Railston and Todd. The seven goals to one is no indication of the strenuous nature of the game. It was fast hold galloping to the last chukker Dragoons hitting was harder and shooting straight. Lieutenant-Governor was present and also Lady Hewett, who gave away the cup.

"I KNOW THAT CUTICURA CURED ME"

Worried and Tortured for 5 Years. Covered with Eruption All Over. Could Not Sleep for Rest. Felt Like Tearing Himself to Pieces. With First Use of Cuticura Ointment, had No Itching at All.



"I have been tortured for the past five years with a bad skin disease ... some of my work-mates, and they said that they never saw anything so bad, and they knew how I was worried and tortured by this terrible itching skin disease.

"I had tried many remedies without any use, but finally I started using Cuticura Ointment and with the very first application I was relieved and had no itching at all. Then I got a good night's sleep which I had not had in weeks. Within a fortnight everything had completely disappeared as if by magic power, and I have had no trouble since. I know that Cuticura has cured me, and I strongly advise those who suffer with any skin trouble, however bad it may be or whatever other remedies may have failed them, to give the wonderful Cuticura Remedies a trial. I believe their cure will be effected, not for a little while but for good, for Cuticura had one of the worst cases to tackle when it cured me." (Signed) G. J. Dance, 27, New Road, Brentford, Middx., Eng., May 19, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Calcutta, B. K. Paul; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Post-free, Cuticura Book, giving instruction for the best care of skin, scalp and hair.

THE "FULLER" ELECTRIC GEYSER

gives an instantaneous supply of HOT WATER for Baths, Lavatories, &c.

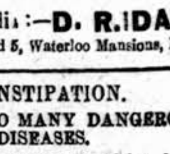
MOTOR MAGNETOS "FULLER".

MOTOR ACCESSORIES "FULLER"

Accumulators, Batteries, Coils, Dry Cells, &c.

"FULLER" Charging Set. Automatic in Action and Absolutely Reliable.

You connect the Accumulator at night.



It is fully charged in the morning.

Insist on "FULLER," the British make.

Sole Agent, India:—D. R. DADY,

Church Gate St., and 5, Waterloo Mansions, Bombay.

CONSTIPATION.

IT LEADS TO MANY DANGEROUS DISEASES.

Constipation is a serious complaint, because it leads to many dangerous diseases. The waste in the bowels ferments and turns poisonous, making the blood impure, and the impure blood carries disease throughout the system. You feel tired and drowsy, heavy and faint. Pimples and blotches break out on the skin. You grow feeble and pale, and your eyes are dull and lustreless.

After meals—no matter how little you eat—there is an uncomfortable feeling of fulness, and at last you turn against any kind of food.

The breath is offensive, the tongue furred, and there is a bad taste in the mouth. Now and then you have bilious attacks and violent headache.

If the bowels do not move easily and regularly at least once a day, take a thorough course of Doan's Dinner Pills until the regularity of the bowels is restored, for the longer you are costive the greater is your danger of the dread diseases which often develop suddenly from neglected constipation.

Doan's Dinner Pills gently restore an easy and natural motion to the bowels; they cleanse and tone the sluggish liver, and leave the digestive system clean and active. This medicine is guaranteed purely vegetable, and it does not gripe or bind.

As. 4, 8, and 12 per bottle; all dealers.

Doan's Medicines, P. O. Box 20, Bombay.

THE TRIALS OF ECZEMA.

The torment of eczema is only too well known to the unfortunate sufferer. As soon as he gets warm in bed the skin begins to itch intolerably, and he can scarcely resist tearing open the skin of the affected parts.

Eczema on the hands and face is not only disfiguring and irritating, but it may spread rapidly.

Doan's Ointment is the best salve known. It is cooling and soothing, and the first application gives relief. As the ointment is continued with, the itching subsides and the skin gradually heals up. One tin of Doan's Ointment is nearly always sufficient to effect a lasting cure. The ointment has no equal for eczema, piles, pimples, shingles, scurvy, or any itching skin complaint.

Rs. 2 per tin; all dealers.

Doan's Medicines, P. O. Box 20, Bombay.



It Has Cured Others, It Will Cure You.

A. N. Ransam, Mondoi, Wis., says: "I was unable to sleep or do my work properly, a bottle of Little's Oriental Balm was given me and after using it I was, to my surprise, very much better. I can now dress myself and can sleep well."

This is just an extract from a letter he sent acknowledging the wonderful results that this great Rheumatism remedy achieved. If you are suffering—don't delay a day —get a bottle of it to-day and very quickly you will find that it brings blessed relief.

FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY.

Sold at Re 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house ... MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.



SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Heim, 758 tons, Comdr A Eriksen arrived here on Thursday with a cargo of timber from Bangkok via Singapore leaving the former port on 17th January.

THE steamer Castlemoor, 2,404 tons, Comdr P E Angus, arrived here yesterday with a cargo of coal from Blyth leaving that port on 1st January.

THE P and O Co's mail steamer Silestie, 2,291 tons, Comdr H G H Lewellin arrived here from Aden which port she left on 29th January with a general cargo and passenger. During the voyage she experienced N-E Gale between 50 to 59 degree East. The Captain also reports that he passed a vessel, in tow, in Latitude 13·7 degree N and Longitude 46·41 degree E.

THE S N Co's steamer Parbarigo of Venice, 2,821 tons, Comdr A Giacopello, arrived here yesterday with 13 passengers and a general cargo from Venice which port she left on January 2.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Orissa 3525 tons, Comdr Lyne, arrived here yesterday with horses, passengers, coal and a general cargo from Adelaide which port she left on 8th January.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa 951 tons, Comdr Dearmit left here yesterday for Karachi with a general cargo and mails.

THE Japan Line steamer Ceylon 5,068 tons, Comdr Pyne, arrived here yesterday with a general cargo from Kobe leaving that port on January 11.

THE Hansa Line, steamer Uhenfels 3,568 tons Comdr J Erbo will leave this port to-day for Calcutta and Rangoon with a general cargo.

THE steamer Belle of France 2,469 tons, Comdr J P Cargill will leave here to-day with ballast for Galle.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Mohamadi 1,251 tons, Comdr A Geddie arrived here yesterday with a general cargo and 2 passengers from Busorah which port she left on January 21.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Hyacinth.....Capt J D Dick R N...Royal Navy
H M S Persens .....Comdr Beatx Powell...Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast.....Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman Royal Navy
B I M S Elphinstone .....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Feb. 3.

Aldergate.....2463 Harland...W & A Graham & Co
Birmingham.....2612 Carter.....T Morrison & Co
Brazilian.....2433 Snowdon...Greaves Cotton & Co
Caledonia .....3529 Hayward .....P & O S N Co
Canterbury.....2733 Willis .....T Morrison & Co
Craigvar .....2974 Edmonds...W & A Graham & Co
Dymbelipe.....2940 Gilchrist...W & A Graham & Co
Devanha...4785 Powell...Shanghai...1-3...P & O S N Co
Dumra.....762 Manley .....M Mackenzie & Co
Etopia.....1305 Johnson.....M M & & Co
Hatunet .....2584.....Peters .....Andrew Yuel & Co
Imani .....2979 Penberthy.....
Irin.....4066 Peabody .....Killick Nixon & Co
Kamra.....505 Elton.....M M & Co
Lhasa .....957 .....
Mcdearmid.....Karachi...M Mackenzie & Co
Muttra.....2985 Tallent .....M M & Co
Najimi .....2522 Pigot.....B & S N & Co
Oceana.....3507 Andrews.....P & O S N Co
Othello.....3327 Webster...repairing...J Finlay & Co
Rahmani .....1872 Coates .....B & P S N Co
Belgate.....2504 Helmer .....K Nixon & Co
Uhenfels.....3563 Erbo..... W & A Graham & Co
Virawa.....2176...Emmett.....M M & Co
Warora.....2564 Maude ...N F...N F...M M & Co
Zamora.....2328 Ewan .....
Zoroaster .....2376 Wickham.....T Morrison & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Feb. 3.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Markgrof	2325	Thle	Zanzibar	4-2	A Strandes & Co
B Clan Macleod	3043	Weir	Calicut	13-2	J Finlay & Co
D & E Buffalo	2583	Clerk	Hull via Karachi	7-2	J Finlay & Co
G Naseri	912	Le Miere	Streatn	3-2	B & P S N Co
K Epsom	2970	Craggs	Kobe	10-2	T Morrison & Co
M Hurst	2999	Moody	Dunkirk	5-2	W & A Graham & Co
N Redbridge	2443	Vasey	Genoa	10-2	W & A Graham & Co
P Ellaline	2500	Newton	Hull	8-2	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Nyanza	2642	McAllister	Marseilles	11-2 J Finlay & Co
2	Castalia	4081	Hamilton	Liverpool	11-2 W & A Graham & Co
5	Belle of France	2468	Cargill	Galle	4-2 M M & Co
6	Vellore	3168	Plough	Marseilles	3-2 Ralli Bros
7	Praga	2386	Dabeevich	Trieste	16-2 A L S N Co
8	City of Vienna	2979	Gordon	Karachi	7-2 K Nixon & Co
10 & 11	Hohenfels	3438	Muller	Hamburg via Karachi	11-2 W & A Graham & Co
12&13	Persia	4198	Haughton	London	25-3 P & O S N & Co

H W P D

Mahanadi.....547 Ahmed ...Repairing ...Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati.....443 Ebrahim.....Mangalore...3-2 Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati.....699 Fakeera .....Karachi.....4-2 Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri .....553 Dawood.....B'nagar ...4-2 Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati...524 Samsoodin...N F ..N F ...Bo S N Co Ld

Dock Gate.

Marmora .....5239 Weston .....Shanghai ..15-2 P & O S N Co

M W D D

Bezwada...3270 Hanulyn...Rangoon ...N F...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
2	Heim	Eriksen	Bangkok Jan 17
3	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden Jan 29
	Castlemoor	Anglis	Blyth Jan 1
	Barbarigo	Giacopillo	Venice Jan 2
	Orissa	Lyne	Aden Jan 8
	Mahammadi	Geddie	Busorah Jan 21
	Ceylon Maru	Pyne	Kobe Jan 11

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
3	Vellore	Plaugh	Marseilles
	Clan Macleod	Weir	Cochin
	Lhasa	McDearmid	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Uhenfels, Erbo for Calcutta.
" Belle of France, Cargill for Galle.

The following vessels commenced loading yesterday :—

Steamer Barbridge for Calcutta.
" Heim for Bangkok.
" Delta for London.
" Othelo for Hull.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	From
30	Clan Maclachlan	Coast
29	Clan Forbes	Liverpool
29	Ranenfels	Antwerp
31	Palamcota	Rangoon
Feb. 1	Gwalior	Negapatam

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa' Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi Company's steamer D Baldnino from Bombay arrived at Naples on the 2nd instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Elysia outward bound passed Suez on the 2nd and is expected to arrive here on the morning of the 12th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Koerber left Trieste on the 1st instant, and is due here on the 17th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Jelunga passed Lisbon on the morning of the 2nd instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macintyre left Liverpool on the morning of the 1st instant and the same Co's steamer Clan Macalister arrived at London on the morning of the 1st instant.

THE recent tests to discover the modern pocket firearm most suitable for the Metropolitan Police were not conclusive, and there will be further experiments. It is probable that the committee of officials who have making the tests will, at the conclusion submit a number of weapons to the War Office, for a thorough trial. The result of this will aid the committee to make a final decision. Possibly more than one type of weapon will be chosen.

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Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Saturday, 4th February, 1911.

RUBBER MYSTERIES.

THE fluctuations of the rubber market during the last couple of years have been as capricious and as mysterious as the high and low tides that tossed rubber stocks and shares about on the wide sea of speculation. While it is natural to expect that the selling price of any article is automatically regulated by the rules of supply and demand, it must be admitted that the vagaries of the rubber-market cannot be accounted for on such simple commonsense lines. The cause must be sought in the wild gamble that the high record price of rubber in 1909 set on foot. Over nine shillings a pound for fine Para, dazzled the tribe of company promoters and shoals of companies, good, bad and indifferent, were hastily grouped together, all struggling to put up the price on the mere chance of unlimited wealth from "future" supplies of "plantation rubber." Though nine shillings promptly fell to seven and sevenpence, not so the hopes of rubber experts. But even they hardly realised that the first four months of 1910 would break the record of the year before and raise the price of rubber to twelve shillings and sixpence before the merry month of May set in. It was no wonder that steady heads were turned by such appreciation in the value of an article that in February, 1908, had been sold willingly at the modest rate of two shillings and ninepence per pound. But in spite of the abnormal price, large purchases were made for Europe and on American account, not only in the London market but in Brazil. The demand for rubber was strong and speculation brave, for cheerful prophets thought that fine Para would swing up two or three shillings higher, and forward contracts were made, many even to cover a year's engagements. What these must now mean in loss it would be too depressing to consider. But in April, 1910, every one connected with rubber, except those forced by circumstances to buy, rejoiced at the big price, and rubber formed the favourite and absorbing topic in clubs and social gatherings. The tame normal conditions that have been gradually restored, and now prevail, have few charms for the speculator. The companies founded on dreams, more or less imaginary, have retired from the field, their members chastened by experience. Those built on a solid rubber basis pursue the even tenor of planting, tapping, and marketing their product.

The stock of rubber at the end of 1910, in England, was estimated at 5,200 tons, a large increase over 1,850 tons at the same date in 1909, and 1,510 in 1908. Heavier production and a smaller demand in the United States account for this larger balance, America suffered from a practical collapse in her motor industry, but there are fortunately, many signs of a healthy recovery from that curious depression and should this prove to be the case, New York will absorb much of the stock now on hand in the rubber markets of the world. Meanwhile, the supply of "plantation rubber" is steadily, if slowly, growing and if sufficient labour is forthcoming during 1911, the East should be able to do its full share in satisfying the needs of rubber manufacturers. Brazil and the indigenous rubber countries do not seem to increase their output much, transport facilities not being easy of improvement there. The trade consequently looks more to plantations for its requirements. The East is expected to yield from 12,000 to 15,000 tons this year, thus raising the available supply to 80,000 tons, about 8,000 more than was utilised in 1910. In considering all the aspects of the rubber business, boom and slump, it is interesting to learn what judges in the Malay Peninsula, the great centre of successful plantations, think of the future of the industry. Planting of rubber round about Singapore has been phenomenal during the year, waste lands, lands formerly under gambier and pepper, but long since abandoned, old pine-apple fields, were all given over to rubber. Nurseries of rubber provide seeds for other places. This is the more satisfactory, when it is remembered that only one-third of the island of Singapore is under cultivation. Any addition to the area planted is so much gained, though the conversion of sugar and cocoanut land to rubber is not quite so wise a proceeding. The Chinese control most of the plantations about Singapore, only three of the estates being owned by Europeans. That an enormous amount of new capital flowed in to Malaya and that the high price commanded by its product for a brief period was a flattering proof of excellence, is frankly admitted by local experts, but they know that there was much lamentable wild gambling in rubber-land and shooking overcapitalisation of the companies formed in 1910, with the result that there is not enough money in hand to bring the plantations comfortably to maturity.

The danger of over-production in the future cannot be overlooked, even when experience teaches that new uses will assuredly be found for rubber; these can only be embarked on when it can be got at a reasonable price. With regard to the labour difficulty, a correspondent of the *Times* says that the actual scarcity is in the direction of really experienced and capable estate-managers. Malaya has been the dumping ground of too many "competitive examination failures; school masters, sailors, soldiers, policemen, clerks and even journalists go thither by the score." However good they may be—"splendid fellows and a credit to their country"—they are not planters, they know nothing of tropical agriculture and in most cases are absolutely ignorant of Chinese, Tamil, Javanese or Malay, the languages of the workers whom they undertake to supervise. Such amateur direction means an appalling loss of energy and deadly waste of money to any Company. When we know that 400,000 acres of rubber were planted in the Malay States, and at least 800,000 "appropriated" for the same crops, the importance of securing an adequate army of qualified overseers and managers can be easily imagined. But the difficulty does not forecast failure, it only means that the supply of labour has not kept pace with the vastness of the work to be done. The industry is full of vitality and is growing and flourishing. The export of rubber from Penang, Singapore and Port Swettenham, for 1910, is calculated at 6,000 tons; this, at the year's average price of six shillings a pound, should realise four millions and a quarter sterling. It is expected that 1911 will see an export of 12,000 tons from the Malay Peninsula. The price of this output cannot be safely predicted. A rubber exchange is to be opened in Singapore next year, and this should become for rubber what the Colombo Exchange is for tea. All the rubber from Borneo, Java and Sumatra would come to Singapore if buyers found it to their interest to concentrate there, and as rubber, whatever its price, grows in use and importance every day, more than one central market will be required. Singapore by its position and as the nucleus of the finest plantations yet established should command the attention of the trade.

LATE DR. GALTON AND FINGER PRINTS.

FINGER-PRINTS are in use now all over India, but it is not generally known that to Sir Francis Galton, whose death, we recently noticed, belongs the credit of bringing this system of identification of persons into general notice. Galton's method is now well known and consists in taking impressions of the skin markings of the thumb and fingers which give definite and distinctive patterns for each individual, so that by its means it is possible to identify an individual within a few minutes. He, indeed, original thinker as he was, was not the first to notice this peculiarity of finger markings, for several persons had done this many years before him. Nearly ninety years ago, a German Professor of the University of Breslau, by name Purkenje, drew attention to finger impressions and suggested a system of classification based on them. The famous reviver of wood-printing in England, Berwick, also noted these marks, but the public was not attracted. Galton himself notices that the first serious attempts in this direction were made in India by a member of the Indian Civil Service. It was Sir William Herschel, the son and grandson of two famous Astronomers, who was struck by the use of finger-prints in 1859, when he was in charge of the district of Hoogly in Bengal. False personation was very prevalent in his Courts, and he introduced registration by affixing finger impression in order to check this crime. He studied the subject practically with unusual opportunities for fifteen years, and so convinced was he of the efficiency of his method that towards the close of his career in the Civil Service, he submitted a report to the Bengal Government advocating its adoption throughout that province. But the subject was not sufficiently explained and moreover the Bengal Government was preoccupied with famine and other matters; so the report like many others containing excellent suggestions was pigeon-holed and forgotten.

After Sir William's retirement from the service in 1878, even in the Hoogly district, where he had introduced it, the system was discontinued. His labours were so far fruitless; but they urged some years later a more scientific mind to pursue the subject further. Galton took the investigation in hand and used much of the material collected by Sir W. Herschel, on a secure basis for his researches. M. Bertillon, of the Prefecture of Police at Paris, had, in the eighties, discovered and popularised his anthropometric system of identification by means of certain measurements of the head, arm and foot. This method was found in practice very complicated and was moreover not quite a certain index of identity. Galton took up Herschel's method of finger impressions, developed it scientifically and proved its superiority over the Bertillon system. The question of persistence of these finger marks is very important, and Galton satisfactorily proved that the details of the ridges constituting the patterns of finger impressions persist throughout the whole period representing the life of man, those formed on the fingers of the new-born infant being traceable on the fingers of the same person in old age and apparently effaceable only when after death decomposition sets in. Galton's services to the finger-print method are very great indeed and ought to be remembered now that he is dead. His system was adopted by the Government of India in 1897 and another Indian Civilian, Sir Edward Henry, made several useful and practical additions to it from his experience as Inspector General of the Bengal Police. A Committee of the Home Office in 1893 had recommended the introduction of Galton's system into England, but it was only as supplementary and corrective to Bertillon's method. But ten years later, another Committee recommended the entire use of finger-prints in supersession of Bertillon's method of corporal measurements. The method of Galton may be said to be now securely established and is widely in use in most parts of the British Empire.

NATIONAL TELEPHONE SERVICE.

THE year 1912 will have to be marked off as one of the most important in the history of the British Post Office, seeing that during its course the whole of the vast system, now controlled by the National Telephone Company, is to be absorbed by it. In preparation for this transition, the huge task of making an inventory of the Telephone Company's assets, has been began, and over 600 men are now busy at this work which may not be completed until next year is well advanced. An agreement may be arrived at as to the purchase price of the company's assets as the first outcome of the inventory, but, failing this, arbitration proceedings will have to follow at a cost of many thousands of pounds. An idea of the magnitude of the task with which the valuers have to grapple, can be obtained from the fact that over £16,000,000 has been invested in the company, and that its employees number over 18,000. By the coming transference the size of the Post Office staff will be increased from 96,952, the figure of March last, to about 115,000. At first the change was regarded with apprehension by a large section of the National Telephone Company's staff, who were afraid that all the company's employees would not be wanted by the Post Office. This alarm was dispelled by the Postmaster-General in 1905, who then gave an assurance that all employees except those receiving £700 annually and over—of whom there are only about twelve—will automatically become attached to the Post Office staff. In 1896, when the trunk lines were taken over by the Post Office, only a few operators were transferred to the Government. The acquirement of the National Telephone Company's service will be a different matter from the purchase of the telegraphs in 1870. The Government then spent nearly £11,000,000 in the purchase itself and in works immediately necessary for the extension of the system. Undoubtedly the telegraph companies received favourable terms when they were taken over, since they were not anxious to sell, and the Government at that time were most eager to purchase. The companies were in an experimental stage of development, and several of the systems bought out were poorly organised and badly equipped. In consequence the deal was anything but a profitable one, and the telegraph service has never been a commercial success. This will be widely different in the case of the telephone transference. Nothing will be paid by the Post Office for good will; the plant is in good and efficient condition, and the company earns about 7 per cent. on its capital expenditure. The Post Office is therefore acquiring a great profit-making concern on the basis of the value of plant and fittings, less depreciation. As soon as they have taken charge of the system, the Post Office authorities intend making rapid increases in the service, an earnest that admirable as has been the management of the company, it intends to make wide improvements now that the system has ceased to be a private one. Much as the telephone is in commercial and domestic use at home, we have no doubt that under the capable administration of the Post Office authorities the service will soon be much more largely employed. Would that we could think the same in India! Our telephone system is not perfect; yet we tremble to think what it might be where the Post Office permitted to mismanage it.

AMONG the passengers who arrived in Bombay, yesterday, by the English Mail steamer "Salsette" were: General Sir P. Lake and Lady Lake, Sir Hazrooda Singh and Sirdar Singh.

THE Amir is at present holding no public functions at Jellalabad, as the weather is unusually severe there.

CHOLERA has broken out in the Chaungzon township of the Amherst District. Twenty-two persons were attacked and all of them died.

THE following Press Communique was issued in Calcutta by the Department of Education:—The Secretary of State has appointed Mr D. Thomson, of Glasgow and Gottingen Universities, to be a Member of the Indian Educational Service and to fill the chair of Chemistry at the Cotton College, Gauhati.

THE scheme for deferred cable rates is understood to provide for the transmission of messages at half the ordinary tariff. They will be subject to a delay of about 24 hours, being signalled after the full-rate messages have been disposed of.

SIR Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, will attend the annual dinner of the International Arbitration League, in London, on March 17.

THE King's yacht "Britannia" which will probably be used by his Majesty and the members of the Royal Family next summer, is undergoing alterations at Cowes.

THE Burma Edward VII Memorial Fund now amounts to Rs. 81,667.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL, M.P., and Sir John Simon, K.C., M.P., have been nominated new Vice-Presidents of the Eighty Club.

COL. LLEWELLYN WAVELL, seventy-one, of Somborne, Farnborough, Hampshire, who was present at the Siege of Lucknow and served in the China war of 1860, has left personalty valued at £ 3,941.

IN reply to inquiries, the Army Council announces that it is not contemplated to make any immediate alteration in the head dress for infantry officers.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

INDIAN ENTERPRISES AND BRITISH INVESTORS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 20.

"MR. MURRAY'S paper is excellent and will be very useful in leading people here to take a more hopeful view of Indian investments." So writes to me this morning a very high authority on the finance and commerce of India, with regard to the important paper read by Mr. Reginald Murray before the Indian Section of the Royal Society of Arts. It is a common and justifiable complaint against India, that unlike the Colonies she "does not advertise." A few more such meetings as that held in the Adelphi, yesterday afternoon, would go far to remove the reproach. Mr. Murray deserves credit for setting an example to those who can speak with knowledge and authority on such matters, but who, whether from modesty or indifference, go on hiding their light under a bushel. I have heard, though I do not vouch for the statement, that it is less easy to induce a merchant of Bombay or Calcutta, to face a London audience than it is for a camel to go through the eye of a needle. Mr. Murray would, I am sure, be glad to admit that the exceptional amount of space which the Press, especially the Financial Press, devotes to his paper and the interesting discussion which it aroused, is partly due to the wise selection of Sir Felix Schuster to preside on the occasion. That eminent financier occupies a unique position in the banking world of London, and it must be gratifying to all well-wishers of India to notice how hopefully indeed confidently, he speaks of the commercial prospects of the country. He does not hesitate to express the opinion that, given a period of rest and freedom from political agitation both in India and at home, the commercial development that will be seen in the next fifteen or twenty years, will be of undreamt of proportions. "I believe," he went on to say, "that the possibilities of India as a field of investment are as great as if not greater than those of any other of our British possessions." And he is not a man who speaks without carefully weighing his words. There was one point in his admirable speech which, though not challenged in the discussion, was, I understand, not entirely accepted by some of the financial experts present. I allude to his remark that in the past not much opportunity has been given to the British public to invest their money in Indian industrial undertakings. He did not remember, he said, seeing prospectuses of many such enterprises. Nor do I. He suggested that it would be the duty of the Indian banks to bring prospectuses of the kind before investors here and he had no doubt that if they were presented in a proper way the money required would be forthcoming. I shall not attempt to summarise Mr. Murray's paper which probably you will reproduce at length, but I may mention that his practical suggestions included a recommendation that no bank with less than a minimum of paid-up capital should be granted registrations. "Some proportion," he added, "should be fixed between the amount of capital (including reserves) and the amount of deposits. . . It would be very undesirable that the Government of India should enforce safeguards by means of an inquisitorial department, but there is no reason why an Act controlling joint stock banks should not be passed." The series of tables printed as appendices are not the least valuable part of the paper. Mr. Murray is to be congratulated, not only on his paper but on the way in which it has been received by those experienced in the somewhat technical matters with which he dealt in such a comprehensive and lucid manner.

THE SYDNEY STREET SIEGE.

Mr. Churchill's emphatic denial of having interfered with the police authorities in their conduct of the Sydney Street siege, or of having had pretensions in that direction, does not seem to have taken him altogether out of the wood. True, Sir Harry Poland, by declaring in the *Times* immediately afterwards that if the Home Secretary did not take charge he should have done so, allowed the latter to make an effective retort; but Sir West Ridgeway expresses the opinion of many people when he states, also in the *Times*, that the mere presence of the Chief of the Government Department controlling them must have had an effect the reverse of good upon the officers in charge there, could only have embarrassed, if not paralysed, their actions and thus have made the confusion which existed worst confounded. This, says the unrepentant Sir West Ridgeway, in conclusion, is the day of an aggressive bureaucracy and its encroachments must be carefully watched, and if necessary, checked. Here probably ends the newspaper discussion, but the Home Secretary will undoubtedly hear more of it when Parliament meets.

One thing has been greatly emphasized, supposing such a practice became general? It might be that Mr. McKenna would be temerarious enough to desire to watch the repulse of a Teutonic invasion from the quarter-deck of the Dreadnought, and his ideas of naval strategy, quickened by the whistling of twelve-inch shells, might not be precisely those of the Admiral Commanding; Mr. Haldane, perhaps, witnessing a conflict with the successful invaders, might ask "Bobs" if he did not believe it time to stop and do a little clear thinking before finally pushing them back into the sea; and so public opinion inclines strongly to the view that, when a Secretary of State wishes to witness operations conducted by his executive officers, in the first place he had better take "Punch's" sufficiently well-known advice; or if his abounding energy prevents him so doing, he should keep as much as possible out of the way of his officers, and, perhaps, also, less in the line of the cameras of the Picture Pressmen.

A CREDITABLE EPISODE.

So much has been said lately about the police that it is quite pleasant to be able to give them credit, where credit is undoubtedly due—and that is in connection with the Clapham Common murder. I informed you briefly of the circumstances a fortnight ago, how the body of Louis Beron, an alien, owning a little East End property, had been discovered on Clapham Common with an "S" branded on either cheek. The murder had been committed in early morning; several watchmen in the neighbourhood had heard or seen nothing, and clues were, apparently, conspicuous by their absence. But the detectives got on the trail with really remarkable perspicacity and have forged a strong chain of evidence against another foreigner now under arrest. The signs on the cheeks were at once dismissed as of no great significance—here the police differed strongly from the pressmen—and at most were put down to be a "blind," done with the object of inducing the police to believe the murderer was an emissary of the anarchists who had taken vengeance on a spy; and in less than a week the alleged assassin was laid by the heels. The motive is believed to be robbery. Thus one of our great mysteries is likely to have a very sordid ending.

THE DECLARATION OF LONDON.

Apart from the constitutional issue, perhaps one of the greatest political fights of the new Parliament will be that promised over the Declaration of London. You will remember that the Declaration of London was signed by the delegates of the ten leading naval Powers in February 1909, and its provisions were embodied in the Naval Prize Bill, introduced into Parliament last year. Protests against the Declaration have been made by many Chambers of Commerce, etc, and, to-day, Lord Inverclyde, Chairman of the Cunard line, on behalf of the Glasgow Shipowners' Association, sends a weighty letter to Sir Edward Grey, pointing out in the first place that the position of Britain differs so materially from that of the other signatory Powers "as almost to create a presumption that what may be beneficial to them must be prejudicial to us." Lord Inverclyde considers the Declaration "contains many ambiguities and defects which, with certain important omissions, can only give rise to greater complications and difficulties, and this without any adequately compensating advantages as far as this country is concerned," and he urges the Government to elicit the opinion of naval, commercial and shipping circles before committing themselves to the ratification of an agreement which may have momentous effects.

OUR FOOD SUPPLIES.

When it is seen that the Declaration permits, in effect, the capture of all food stuffs on the way to Britain in neutral ships, admits the principle of the destruction of neutral prizes, allows the conversion at sea of merchantmen into commerce destroyers and limits the rights of a blockading force; it must be at once admitted that the advantages we are to obtain as compensation for these embarrassments require careful examination. The three great facts of the situation, our insularity, our great naval strength, and our overwhelming tonnage of merchant-shipping, seem to have not been sufficiently considered in some quarters. It has always been thought probable that if, say, Germany destroyed American ships bringing us wheat, while at war with the Germans, the American Government would at once intervene; yet the Declaration will make this legal, while at the same time neutral ships could pour their cargoes into, say, Antwerp, and keep the whole German empire supplied if necessary. Britain has never sanctioned the destruction of neutral prizes, and yet it is now to be permitted despite our extreme susceptibility to loss in case of war between other Powers. The conversion of fast liners into commerce destroyers at sea is another source of grave danger to our huge mercantile fleet; while a close and effective blockade of the enemy's coasts has been our traditional policy, now apparently, to be hampered and restricted. Sir Edward Grey will have a great task in defending this measure and it speaks volumes for his reputation as a sane director of foreign affairs, that he has not been assailed much more bitterly. The latest news is that he has consented to defer ratification, as the Colonial premiers have expressed a wish that the whole matter may be discussed at the forthcoming Imperial Conference.

NAVAL STRENGTH.

There is evidently going to be a strong agitation against any increase in the naval estimates. The *Daily News*, in this week, practically accused Mr. McKenna and Mr. Asquith of using false figures, of course unwittingly two years ago at the time of the "scare," and got very angry with the Admiralty officials responsible for the estimates of German strength. There was very little that was cryptic in the "News'" remark that manufacture of armaments was a very profitable business. The Bouverie Street organ gave figures of its own shewing very effectively that no increase at all was required. Well, the figures used in discussing the Navy question are very much like those in Free Trade versus Protection. They differ very materially with the point of view. The wider the margin of safety against surprise the sounder will one sleep o'nights and it will be all the better if in the preparation and discussion of the naval estimates Austrian activity is not lost sight of. The "apparition in shining armour" which stood beside the Austrian Kaiser, when Count von Aehrenthal "lifted" Bosnia and Herzegovina is probably assured of reciprocal assistance when required.

MORAL INSTRUCTION IN INDIA.

On Tuesday, 17th January, a meeting was held at 21 Crosswell Road, for the purpose of hearing a model lesson in moral instruction given by Mr. F. J. Gould, demonstrator of the Moral Education League, to a class of children, aged from 11 to 13. The chair was occupied by Sir Theodore Morison, K.C.I.E, Vice President of the India Council. Among those present were:—Sir S. W. Edgerley; Professor Victor Spiers; Mr. Rolleston, (Secretary, India Society); Mr. St. George Lane Fox Pitt, M.R.A.S.; Mrs. Lecky, (widow of the historian); Lady Downes; Professor and Mrs. Nodal, General Julian Hall; Hon. Henry Littleton; Mr. F. W. Fox (Secretary, Peace Society); Dr. Octavia Lewin, M.D.; Miss Beck, (Honorary Secretary, National Indian Association); Mr. R. Q. Enthoven; Mrs. Schacht and several Indian students. The lesson which was illustrated by materials drawn mainly from Eastern sources, so invited the attention of the children, that they appeared quite obvious of the large audience behind them. The leading idea underlying this particular lesson was the beauty and value of a "generous spirit" in our thoughts for shaping the conduct of our lives. Stories from the Hindu, Mahomedan and other Eastern scriptures were told in simple language. The interest of the children was kept up by frequent questioning as to the meaning of words and their equivalents in different phraseology, with the occasional use of the black-board. After the lesson, the children having left the room, an interesting discussion followed; and at the close of the meeting, Sir Theodore Morison delivered an eloquent address in which he expressed his conviction, though he was careful to say that he spoke unofficially, that such lessons would be of inestimable value in Indian schools—supplying a real want in our educational system.

Mr. St. George Lane Fox Pitt, who is shortly leaving for India, in order to try to organise the scattered expression of Indian opinion, on this subject, into a clear pronouncement in favour of these methods, contends that we have the means of bringing home to the youth of India the essence of moral and religious ideas,—a work in which the Government could participate without infringing in the least degree, its pledge to observe strict impartiality between the various sects and denominations. It may be added that about two years ago, Mr. Fox Pitt initiated the project (which is now bearing fruit in the publication by Messrs. Longmans of a book compiled by Mr. Gould from materials supplied by the Royal Asiatic Society, the India Office Library and Mr. Fox Pitt himself) of enlisting Indian opinion and scholarship in giving systematic expression to that vast field of common ground in religion and morals, which is to be found so beautifully illustrated in the sacred scriptures and classical literature of the East. In this work he was so fortunate as to obtain much valuable advice and assistance from the late Mr. Romesh Chunda Dutt, the Rt. Hon. Amir Ali and other prominent Indians.

ANGLO-FRENCH ENTENTE.

NOTEWORTHY DEBATE IN THE CHAMBER.

Critics' Ideas of Conquest.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, FEB. 2.

M. Pichon, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, replying in the Senate to criticisms of the usefulness of the Triple Entente, deprecated the statement that the *entente* with England, was unproductive, and that military matters were no longer discussed with England.

M. Pichon exclaimed, "What do you know about it? Diplomacy is not carried on in public places. The Entente Cordiale was never more complete nor more productive than to-day."

M. Pichon also deprecated similar statements concerning the alliance with Russia. France's political position, he said, was never better than to-day.

The Anglo-French entente, he said, was one of the most useful works accomplished by the Republic. At the bottom of the criticisms was the idea of conquest, whereas France was pursuing a policy of peace and conciliation.

The Potsdam Interview.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

Replying to a question as to whether Russia had informed France what was going to be transacted at the Potsdam interview, M. Pichon replied:—"We were notified exactly that Persia and the Turco-Persian rail would be discussed. Russia kept us informed daily and completely of everything said at the interview. We have nothing to regret, from the standpoint of France and of peace, in the result of the interview."

[According to a Berlin correspondent writing by last mail, "in political circles there the speech of the French Minister, M. Pichon, a forthnight ago, on the same subject, has in every way made a satisfactory impression. To this the thoroughly pacific fundamental tone of his declarations contributed more than anything else. Both that portion of the speech in which the Minister speaks of Morocco and gives an assurance that it has not only lain far from France's ideas to possess herself of a Moorish harbour, but that she will also in future maintain her endeavours to respect her treaty obligation both in letter and spirit, and his observations with regard to the German-Russian negotiations, are calculated to establish a calmer view, particularly in those circles which have recently accompanied the understanding between Berlin and St. Petersburg with suspicion and disfavour. The words of the French Statesman, which are inspired with loyalty and frankness, will demonstrate to disturbers of the peace in London, Paris, and St. Petersburg the futility of their efforts. Also the worthy manner in which M. Pichon did justice to the international position of Austia-Hungary in the council of nations has made a pleasant impression here." The semi-official Press seems, on the whole, to have no serious objection to take to the speech, though the papers naturally differ much in the interpretation of its terms.]

GALE SWEEPS ACROSS CANADA.

Railway Service Delayed.

OTTAWA, FEB. 3.

A gale, accompanied by a heavy snowstorm, has swept from the Pacific to the Atlantic. Trains are held up in British Columbia, the western prairies, Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces. Trains in Rockies are one and two days late. The trams in Ottawa and Montreal are blocked.

RUSSIAN NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Charge against Ministry of Marine.

ST. PETERSBURG, FEB. 3.

The Committee of the Duma on national defence has drawn up a formidable indictment of the Ministry of Marine charging it with the misapplication of credits voted for torpedo-boats and submarines for the Black Sea.

The report dwells on the Turkish naval development in the Black Sea, and issues a warning of the possibility of disaster.

JERSEY CITY EXPLOSION.

Nineteen Persons Killed.

NEW YORK, FEB. 3.

Nineteen persons were killed in the dynamite explosion at Jersey City.

AMERICAN FINANCIERS FOR PERSIA.

Mejliss Votes for Proposal.

TEHERAN, FEB. 3.

The Mejliss has voted, without discussion, for the proposal to engage five American financial advisers. The contracts are for a minimum of three and a maximum of five years.

THE RECIPROCITY AGREEMENT.

OTTAWA, FEB. 3.

The Caucus of Opposition has decided not to take action regarding the Reciprocity Agreement with the United States, as the Party will allow individual members to act in accordance with the views of their constituents.

PRIMATE OF IRELAND.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

Bishop Crozier, of Down, has been elected to succeed Archbishop Alexander, as Primate of Ireland.

WELSH DISESTABLISHMENT.

Convention at Cardiff.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Convention meeting at Cardiff, summoned by the leaders of the campaign for Welsh disestablishment, passed a resolution yesterday, calling on the Government to take Welsh disestablishment after Veto and Finance Bills. Mr. Herbert Lewis, M.P., however, said frankly that the Veto Bill, the Budget, and the Government's insurance scheme whould absorb the present session. It was their duty to trust Mr. Lloyd George. He was confident that the Government would deal effectively with disestablishment next year.

[The "Western Mail," of Cardiff, publishes the following:—This should be an interesting year in the history of the Welsh Radical Parliamentary Party, for it is not generally known that there is in existence a written pledge that if the Government does not follow the Parliament Bill with Welsh Disestablishment as the next measure, the Welsh members will go into revolt. This pledge is signed by Sir Brynmor Jones and Sir Herbert Roberts, as the Whips of the party. Under the terms of this interesting document, the Welsh members undertake, if Mr. Asquith's Government fails to bring in a Welsh Disestablishment Bill as the second measure, to cease to be Liberal members and to become Nationalists, pure and simple in the sense that the Irish members are Nationalists. They will then declare war on the Government. This pledge was wrested from the Welsh members by the deputation from the Welsh Free Churches which waited upon them last year. Mr. George was present, and is, of course, involved in the consequences of the pledge.

THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Chamberlain Takes the Oath.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain took the oath in Parliament, this afternoon. He was assisted to the Treasury Bench by Mr. Austen Chamberlain and Mr. Arthur Lee. The general impression was that there was a slight improvement in his health. Mr. Austen Chamberlain signed the book for his father, who conversed cheerfully for a few minutes, shook hands with the Speaker, and then left the House.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald has accepted the Chairmanship of the Labour Party in the House of Commons, in view of the illness of Mr. Barnes.

THE KING AND QUEEN.

Return to Buckingham Palace.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

The King and Queen returned from Windsor this afternoon. Their Majesties were heartily cheered both at Windsor and at Buckingham Palace.

GARRISON IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Rumour Denied.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

Reuter understands, in reference to the report of the withdrawal of troops from South Africa, that there is no intention of adopting such a course until South Africa, following the example of the other Dominions, has a regular military organisation.

DECLARATION OF LONDON.

Protest by Imperial Maritime League.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

At a meeting of the Imperial Maritime League at the Baltic Exchange, to-day, a resolution was passed protesting against the Declaration of London. Mr. Gibson Bowles made a lengthy speech.

THE FORTIFICATION OF FLUSHING.

Maintenance of Neutrality.

THE HAGUE, FEB. 2.

During a debate in the States General on the fortification of Flushing, Dr. Heemskerk, Minister of the Interior, emphasised that the maintenance of neutrality was the principle motive of the scheme. It was useless to have fortifications in the interior for the maintenance of neutrality; they must be on the coast or on the frontiers.

PLAGUE IN MANCHURIA.

Soya Bean Trade Paralysed.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

The plague in Manchuria is disastrously affecting the London Chartering Market to the Far East. Shipowners, taking out cargoes, depend for homeward freights on cargoes of soya beans, the trade in which is paralysed.

RAILWAY ABSORPTION.

LONDON, FEB. 2.

The feature of the Stock Exchange to-day was the proposed absorption of the London, Tilbury and Southend Railway by the Midland Railway. Tilburys rose twenty points.

SHOOTING OF A PERSIAN GOVERNOR.

TEHERAN, FEB. 2.

Mutemid-i-Khan, Governor of Ispahan, who was shot by an ex-Chief of Police, is progressing favourably. His nephew is dead. It is stated that money matters were the cause of the murder.

INSURANCE COMPANY'S INSOLVENCY.

Meeting of Creditors.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 3.

At a meeting of the creditors of the Law Car and General Insurance Corporation, the Assistant Official Receiver described in detail the Company's business and causes of its downfall. He concluded by stating that the total unsecured indebtedness of the Company amounted to £306,000, against which there were assets of £5,568. There would be no dividend for the creditors unless the uncalled capital of £162,566 were called up. The Accountant, however, believed that not more than £60,000 would be thereby realized. Discussion followed.

Sir Henry Cotton gave some explanations and declared that there had been no bolstering up of accounts.

WORLD'S RACQUETS CHAMPIONSHIP.

Match to be Held in April.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The match for the World's Racquets championship has been arranged to take place at the Queen's Club on April 29th and at the Prince's Club a fortnight later between Jamsetjee, of Bombay, and C. Williams, of Harrow, who defeated Mr. E. M. Baerlein a week ago for the Open Championship of England.

FIRE AT KIDDERPORE DOCKS.

Jute Bales Damaged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

A destructive fire broke out last night at the Kidderpore Docks, where the City and Ellerman lines of steamers always load. The fire alarm bells were rung at 11-30 p.m., when the dock staff with commendable promptitude brought the emergency fire appliances into use and the Port Commissioners' steam-fire engine was quickly on the quay. The Calcutta Fire Brigade, in charge of Chief Engineer Phillips, was telephoned for at once. Prompt assistance was rendered also by Capt. B. Dowse and the officers of s. s. "City of Colombo," which steamer was lying and loading at No. 11 berth, and had it not been for their prompt assistance the fire, very probably, would have spread into the brick shed of No. 11. The total number of bales of jute which were lying in O. H. Extension shed, when the fire broke out, and which have all been damaged by fire and water was fourteen. These were owned by Messrs Ernsthansen Ld., Messrs. D. L., Millar and Co., Messrs. B.N. Bose and Co., and the total value of the jute amounts to about Rs. 35,000. The shed, which is constructed entirely of corrugated iron, has been only slightly damaged.

The fire was put out at 4 30 a. m., this morning.

CALCUTTA BOY SCOUTS.

Entertained by Lieut-Governor.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

One hundred and fifty of the Boy Scouts in Calcutta were entertained by the Lieut.-Governor at Belvedere yesterday. The boys fell in at two o'clock at the Scout Headquarters, and were marched down to the lawn in front of the big entrance to Belvedere, where they were inspected by His Honour, after which they were despatched in successive patrols on a combined treasure hunt and chart and compass race. Each boy was given a printed form with some clever verses inscribed containing instructions thereon as to the route to be followed. After tea, prizes were distributed and His Honour said a few words, expressing both his sympathy with the movement, and his pleasure at seeing the boys at Belvedere.

MANUFACTURE OF PLANTAIN FIBRE.

Company to be Formed in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 3.

A company is being formed to manufacture plaintain fibre in Lower Burma. Raw material is to be had in abundance, and the value of plaintain fibre is well-known. All that is wanted is good management. A capital of five lakhs in being raised, with the power to increase this sum. This is divided into fifty thousand shares of ten rupees each. The first factory is to be started at Yanthelin, in the Henzada district, and others will follow in various parts of Burma, wherever plaintain trees are abundant.

PRISONER ASSAULTED BY POLICE.

Heavy Sentences Passed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The District and Sessions Judge of Birbhum has disposed of a case in which a Sub-Inspector of Police, three constables, and a chowkidar were charged, with having assaulted a prisoner with the result that he died. The prosecution case was that the deceased was arrested in connection with a burglary and was brought before the accused by a daffedar for the purpose of recording his confession. It was stated that the deceased refused to make any statement, when he was pressed hard, and that he succumbed to the injuries alleged to have been inflicted. The daffedar, in fear it was stated, committed suicide. The Judge disagreeing with the assessors' verdict of not guilty, converted the case and sentenced the sub-inspector to five years' rigorous imprisonment, the three constables to three years each and the chowkidar to two years.

THE War Office is contemplating the provision of a new sword for cavalry officers, which is to resemble the weapon now carried by troopers. Instead of the slightly curved blade, intended for cutting as well as thrusting, they are to be given a light, straight-bladed weapon, intended solely for thrusting.

EXTRADITION TREATY WITH HYDERABAD.

Details of Agreement.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The "Gazette of India" publishes the following memorandum of agreement between the British Government on the one part and the Hyderabad State on the other part, concluded by Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, duly authorised by the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council for that purpose and by the Maharaja Peshkar Sir Kishen Parshad, Bahadur, Minister to His Highness the Nizam, on behalf of the Hyderabad State:—

"Whereas a treaty relating to the extradition of offenders was concluded on the 25th May, 1867, between the British Government and the Hyderabad State and whereas the aforementioned treaty was modified by a treaty executed on the 21st July 1887 and whereas it is now considered expedient, in the interests of justice to modify the procedure prescribed in the last mentioned treaty in so far as the extradition of offenders to or from British India and to or from Berar is concerned; also to provide for the sending of summons to and warrants for the arrest of accused persons for service and execution through the Courts in Berar, also for the service and execution of the like processes in British India, it is hereby agreed between the British Government and the Hyderabad State that the Provisions of the aforesaid treaties, in so far as they relate to Berar, shall be abrogated and that the procedure prescribed in the following articles shall be observed:—

Article 1. Where a Court in British India desires that a summons issued by it to an accused person shall be served at any place within the local limits of the jurisdiction of a Court in Berar, or where a court in Berar desires that a summons issued by it to an accused person shall be served at any place within the local limits of the jurisdiction of a Court in British India, it shall send such summons in duplicate by post or otherwise to the Presiding Officer of that Court to be served.

Article 2. Where a Court in British India desired that a warrant issued by it for the arrest of an accused person shall be executed at any place within the local limits of the jurisdiction of a Court in Berar, or where a Court in Berar desires that a warrant issued by it for the arrest of an accused person shall be executed at any place within the local limits of the jurisdiction of a Court in British India it shall send such warrant by post or otherwise to the Presiding Officer of that Court to be executed.

Article 3. Where a Court in British India has received for service or execution a summons to or a warrant for the arrest of an accused person issued by a Court in Berar, it shall cause the same to be served or executed, as if it were a summons or warrant received, by it from a Court in British India for the service or the execution within the local limits of its jurisdiction, or where a Court in Berar has received for service or execution a summons to or a warrant for the arrest of an accused person issued by a Court in British India it shall cause the same to be served or executed as if it were a summons of warrant received by it from a Court in Berar for the service or execution within the limits of its jurisdiction. Where any warrant of arrest has been so executed the person arrested shall so far as possible be dealt with in accordance with the procedure prescribed by Sections 85 and 86 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act 5 of 1898).

Signed in Hyderabad (Deccan) on the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. M. S. D. Butler, C.S., officiates as Deputy Secretary in the Home Department, Captain Cowin, I.M.S., is permanently posted to the Punjab Education Department,

Captain Hodgson, I. M. S., is confirmed as Health Officer at Simla.

Major Liston, I. M. S., will hold charge of the office of Director, Bombay, Bacteriological Laboratory, vice Lt.-Col. Bannerman on deputation.

Mr. Monie, C. S., Under Secretary, Home Department, officiates as Deputy Secretary vice Mr. Stokes.

Mr. Justice Hartnoll officiates as Chief Judge, Burma Chief Court, vice Sir Charles Fox on leave.

Mr. H. D. Bell, Chief Judge, Calcutta Small Cause Court, officiates as Judge, Burma, in the place of Mr. Justice Hartnoll.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Ashcroft has been appointed Assistant Master, Mayo College.

Captain Griffith, I. A., has been appointed City Magistrate, Peshawar.

FINANCE DEBARTMENT.

Mr. Aukim officiates as Chief Accountant, Class Two, Burma Revenue Department.

Mr. Fletcher acts as Imperial Entomologist vice Mr. Maxwell Lefroy.

The undermentioned Assistant Conservators are posted as follows:—

Mr. Collier, United Provinces; Mr. Greewell, Punjab; Mr. Mason, Central Provinces; Mr. Alington, Burma; Mr. Coldberg, Burma; Mr. Bradley, Burma; Mr. Simeon, Eastern Bengal; Mr. Lyall, United Provinces; Mr. Guyer, Burma; Mr. Lewis, Bengal; Mr. Silvanus, Burma; Mr. Meikle-John, Eastern Bengal; Mr. Meredith Burns; Mr. Nixon, Burma; Mr. Shirley, Burma; Mr. David, Eastern Bengal.

Mr. Ross, Deputy Accountant General, Burma, is appointed Deputy Accountant-General, Railways. Mr. Farrell officiates in his place.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Major Kirkwood becomes a Cantonment Magistrate in the Bombay Presidency.

Captain Delme Radcliffe retires from Indian Army.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Major F. O'Kinneally, I. M. S., is promoted to Lieutenent-Colonel.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Musgrave is confirmed as Superintendent of Local Manufactures for State Railways.

CIVIL SERVICE DINNER AT LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, FEB. 3.

The annual Civil Service Dinner took place at Chutter Munzil last night about hundred Civilians from all parts of the United Provinces attended. The function was an unqualified success.

THE CROWN PRINCE.

Reception in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The German Crown Prince arrived here this afternoon at 4-30 p.m. and was received at the Howrah station by the Viceroy and his staff, the Lieutenant-Governor and staff, the Commissioner of Burdwan Division, the General Officer Commanding the Presidency Division and staff, the Magistrate of Howrah, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and the Agent of E. I Railway, who were all presented to His Imperial Highness. The Consul General for Germany and a number of German residents in Calcutta also attended at the station. Guards of Honour were drawn up at the terminus, formed of the East Indian Railway Volunteers and the 27th Punjabis with band and King's Colour, and a salute of 41 guns was fired as the Prince alighted from his train.

After inspecting the Guards of Honour the Crown Prince entered his carriage and drove across the Howrah bridge via the Strand; the Dalhousie Square and Old Court House street to Government House. The Prince in a white Hussar uniform, as accompanied by Lord Hardinge, who wore a frock coat with the orders and the Viceroy's Bodyguard formed the escort. The Lieutenant-Governor rode in the second carriage, there being six carriages in all in the procession with the German and the British staffs. The route from the station was lined by the Shropshires and the Middlesex Regiments, 1st and 2nd Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, 16th Cavalry, 66th and 27th Punjabis. There was a good display of bunting and at several points the crowds cheered heartily.

On arrival at Government House a second salute was fired and 100 Rifles of the Middlesex Regiment, 100 Rifles, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, formed Guards of Honour, the Shropshires and the Middlesex playing the National Anthem. As the procession halted, a large crowd of Officers including the Commander-in-Chief, the Chief Justice, the Members of the Council, the Bishop of Calcutta, Secretaries to Government, Judges of the High Court and many non-official and German residents assembled on the main staircase.

After Lady Hardinge had welcomed the Royal visitor at the head of the staircase and the Official presentations had been made, the Prince proceeded to the ball-room where Mr. Madox, Chairman of the Corporation, read an address of welcome enclosed in a casket to His Royal Highness. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman were then presented to the Prince.

CROWN PRINCE'S REPLY.

Replying to the address the German Crown Prince said:—

"The address which you, the representatives of Calcutta, have just presented to me gives me great pleasure. I thank you for the cordiality of your welcome to the metropolis of India and for the warmth of your greeting as a kinsman of the King-Emperor and great grandson of your beloved Queen Victoria. I also greatly appreciate the terms in which you have referred to my fatherland. I shall never forget the delightful days I have spent in this wonderful country and I shall not fail on my return to Germany to do what is in my power to encourge the interest which my countrymen already take in India and its ancient literature and antiquities. You may further rest assured that I shall always watch with pleasure the progress of Calcutta and the prosperity of its inhabitants.

The Prince was looking the best of health and both he and his staff appeared delighted with the warmth of the reception.

The whole of the Crown Prince's party accompanied His Imperial Highness to Calcutta except Count Finch von Fichlenstein and His Excellency the Hon'ble von Trautler who have remained at Lucknow owing to the indisposition of the latter.

AERIAL POSTAL SERVICE.

Experiment at Allahabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 3.

Allahabad will shortly witness experiments in despatching letters by aeroplanes, Captain Windham has obtained special permission from the Postmaster General of the United Provinces, approved and sanctioned by the Director General of Post Offices, to inaugurate the first official "Aerial Post." It will be carried from the United Provinces Exhibition to the Post Office receiving station outside the Exhibition, and, from there, letters will be despatched to any part of the world to which they may be addressed. The Postmaster General will personally supervise the necessary details.

The Exhibition Post Office will impress each stamp with a die specially cut in the Postal Workshops at Aligarh—an incorporation of the design of the actual aeroplane, on which the mail is to be carried encircled by the inscription containing the words "Aerial Post, Allahabad Exhibition" together with the year and date of despatch. These letters will be the first in the world to be despatched by means of aeroplane from a Government Post Office in the ordinary course of business and will be carried by Mons H. Piquet. The charge will be six annas on each letter or post-card so carried over and above the ordinary postage. The extra proceeds will go as a donation to the new buildings of the Oxford and Cambridge Hostel at Allahabad.

SEVERE STORM IN KHULNA.

Many Killed and Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KHULNA, FEB. 3.

It is reported that a severe storm passed through several villages in the Khulna District on the 27th January, causing considerable damage to life and property. Ten persons are said to have been killed and thirty injured, by the falling of walls and roofs, and many have been rendered homeless. The District Magistrate with the Sub-Divisional Officer have proceeded to give relief.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

Increasing Mortality.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

During the week ending 28th January, 25,251 seizures and 20,929 deaths from plague in India, were reported. The Provincial figures were:—The United Provinces, 12,062 deaths; Bengal, 2,317; the Punjab, 1,780; the Central Provinces, 1,455; Bombay, 1,506; Rajputana, 879; Madras, 388; Mysore, 282; Hyderabad, 279; Burma, 277; Kashmir and North-West Frontier Provinces, 2 each.

COTTON EXCISE DUTY.

Exemption for Goods to Persia.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 3.

The following Press Communique has been issued by the Director of Industries and Land Records, Punjab:—

"The Government of India have recently authorised the refund of Excise duty on cotton goods made in Indian mills and exported to Persia by the Nushki-Seistan route. Goods intended for export will be examined and sealed in the mills. The Deputy Commissioner of the district, where the mill is, will pay the refund, when he hears from the Consul in Seistan that the goods have arrived. This is an extension to goods intended for Persia of a concession already enjoyed by goods intended for Central Asia."

INDUSTRIAL IMPROVEMENTS IN MADRAS.

Review of a Year's Work.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 3.

The Madras Government have issued an order reviewing the administration report for the last year of Mr. K. T. B. Trasler, Acting Director of Industries. The Sembian Factory having served its purpose of demonstrating the practicability of the chrome tanning process in Madras, and having given an impetus to chrome tanning by private agency has since the close of the year been made over by the Government to other hands, The Salem Weaving Factory owing to the unfortunate outbreak of plague in Salem has also been closed. The Government note with pleasure the valuable and most promising results achieved by the Pumping and Boring Department and the gradual development of this department into the Bureau of Advice on all industrial questions in accordance with instructions contained in a recent despatch from the Secretary of State. The Department of Industries has been abolished and in place of the Director of Industries a Superintendent of Industrial Education has been appointed whose activities are to be restricted to educational and advisory work under the control of the Director of Public Instruction.

The Secretary of State has no objection to the establishment of a Bureau of Industrial Information and the Governor-in-Council trusts that means may be found for carrying on and developing still further the work done in this direction in pumping and boring department which has been initiated by the late Director of Deparment of Industries, the Hon'ble Mr. Alfred Chatterton. The Governor-in-Council does not consider that these operations can be satisfactorily controlled or directed by the Director of Public Instruction and the question as to how this branch of work done by the Department of Industries can best be administered hereafter is at present engaging the attention of the Government.

INDIAN MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Fees for Professional Services.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The following revised rules are issued which will be applicable to British India and Native States regarding the receipt by Medical Officers of Government of fees—including honoraria or presents which may be offered for services rendered—for professional services in certain cases.

(1) Whenever attendance, whether for an ordinary visit, a consultation, a confinement, or a surgical operation, on a Ruling Chief or his family or dependents or on an Indian of position, who holds a hereditary title conferred, or recognized by the Government of a rank not below that of a Raja or Nawab or his family or dependents, involves the absence of a medical officer from his station, he shall be permitted to demand or receive such fees as may be arranged between himself and the person employing him, provided that he does not, without the special permission of the Local Government as provided below, demand or receive in addition to his travelling expenses a higher fees than Rs. 500, a day for the first three days and Rs 250 a day thereafter, the fall of the daily fee being given for every complete period of 24 hours' absence, with a proportionat fee for periods of less than 24 hours.

(2) For similar attendance, not involving absence from headquarters, a medical officer may demand or receive fees in accordance with the scale which he has fixed for his patients generally, and in the case of operations and confinements, he may accept fees equal in amount to those current in similar circumstances in the profession in the United Kingdom.

(3) Before accepting or demanding from a Ruling Chief or Indians of position as referred to in rule 1, a fee in excess of the rates laid down in rules 1 and 2 above, a Medical Officer must report the case confidentially to the local administrative medical Officer, who will obtain unofficially and communicate to him the orders of the Local Government. When taking the orders of Government, the Administrative Medical Officer will be careful not to disclose any of the medical particulars of the case.

(4) The Local Governments and Administrations shall have full power to dispose of all cases so reported to them, but shall be at liberty to consult the Director-General of the Indian Medical Service or to refer any particular case for the orders of the Government of India.

PROPOSED RAJPUT COLLEGE

Kashmir Maharaja's Appeal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 3.

His Highness the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, President of Kshatriya Upkarni Mahasabha, has issued an appeal to the Rajput community, in which His Highness suggests the establishment of a Rajput College as a memorial to the late King-Emperor. His Highness refers to the two existing High Schools for Kshatriyas, one founded by the Raja of Bhinga at Benares at a cost of eleven lakhs of rupees and another by the late Raja of Awagarh at Agra at a cost of ten lakhs, but these do not fully satisfy the requirements of the community. "We wish," says His Highness, "to develop an 'esprit de corps' among the young men of our community and ensure development of Kshatriya characteristics." His Highness estimates that thirty-five lakhs will be needed for the establishment and equipment of a First Grade Kshatriya College and five lakhs of rupees for scholarships. The foundation stone of the College, it is proposed, may be laid by the King-Emperor, when he comes to India.

DEATH OF COUNT OTANI'S WIFE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The news has reached Calcutta last night by telegram of the death of the wife of Count Otani, sister-in-law of the Crown Prince of Japan, who with her husband was in Calcutta last cold season. Count Otani is the head of the one of the Buddhist Churchs in Japan and a distinguished Savant who has been concerned in the despatch of more than one scientific mission into Central Asia. The death of his wife who is so closely connected with the Royal family of Japan is a matter of national interest to all members of the Japanese community.

BURMA KHEDDAH CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 3.

The prosecution case against Clark, Birch and Gupta was practically concluded to-day with the exception of one witness whose statement will be tendered on Monday in evidence as he is too ill to attend the Court. The defence will then be taken up.

LATEST FROM HOME

SUMMARY OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

ARGENTINA.

CROP FAILURE.

Owing to prolonged drought a failure of the maize crop is probable. Labourers are leaving the country in large numbers, and complications may be caused in the labour market by the arrival of fresh immigrants who are said to be on the way. A week's rain might save the situation.

AUSTRALIA.

OBSTRUCTION IN WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

The Redistribution of Seats Bill his given rise to extraordinary scenes in the Parliament of Western Australia. The Labour Party fought the Bill with obstructive speeches, and six members were ejected. Finally they withdrew from the House in a body, exhausted.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

THE COURT BALL.

The annual Court Ball, on Monday last, was unusually brilliant owing to the "coming-out" of four young archduchesses. Four thousand invitations were issued. The Emperor Francis Joseph attended, and remained standing receiving for some hours. Some comment was aroused by the absence of the Heir-Apparent and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg. This is thought to be due to the position assigned to the Consort of the Heir-Apparent by Court etiquette, under which she is preceded, not only by the married ladies of the Imperial House, but even by the youngest Princesses.

THE FREEDOM OF THE ELBE.

The attitude of Austria on the question of the Elbe navigation was very firmly stated at a conference held on Sunday, under the auspices of the Reichenberg Chamber of Commerce. A resolution, which was supported by representatives of the Ministries of Commerce and Agriculture and many leading industrialists, was passed calling upon the Government to decline all negotiation with Germany upon the imposition of shipping dues, no matter what compensation might be offered for the modification of the Elbe treaties.

THE HUNGARIAN LOAN.

The Hungarian 4 per cent. loan, that was offered for subscription last week, has been subscribed more than 60 times over, the total of the applications amounting to more than £583,000,000.

BELGIUM.

THE LIEGE STRIKE.

The miners on strike in the Liege colliery district have voted in favour of returning to work.

CANADA.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

Replying to a question about the probability of the Duke of Connaught coming to Canada as Governor General, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, declared that the Government has no official knowledge of it. Mr. Bourassa, discussing the proposed appointment over his own signature in 'Le Devoir,' says that such an appointment would be of a nature to rejoice all Canadians who thoroughly desire the maintenance of our relations with England, and wish to work for the harmonious development of Canadian autonomy. The British Monarchy, with its Constitutional traditions of the last epoch, is the most solid bond which unites Canada to the Empire. If the appointment of his Royal Highness is confirmed, he concludes, no Canadian group will be more happy than the French Canadians.

THE TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

In consequence of the refusal of the Australian Commonwealth to permit the proposed Trans-Pacific mail service between Canada and Australia to call at a New Zealand port, save under unacceptable conditions, the Canadian Government has entered into an agreement with the Union steamship Company for a service between Canada and New Zealand, with sailings every four weeks.

THE FARMERS' BANK.

Travers, the general manager of the Farmers' Bank, who was arrested since its failure and confessed to stealing from the bank's funds and supplying false reports to the Government, has been sentenced to six years' imprisonment.

CHINA.

THE PLAGUE IN MANCHURIA.

The outbreak of pneumonic plague in Manchuria, is causing serious alarm. The plague is spreading to other parts of China. At Kharbin the death-rate exceeds 100 daily. Thousands of Chinese are fleeing from the town, carrying infection to the South. Cases have occurred at Kwang-ching-tzu, Mukden, Dalny, and even in Tientsin. The plague has also shown itself at three insolated point in Chihli. At Chunchiatien, 200 deaths from plague occur daily. Elaborate precautionary measures are being taken by the Russian, Chinese, and Japanese authorities, Russia proposes the despatch of an international scientific expedition to Manchuria to study the question on the spot and furnish correct information on the course of the epidemic.

THE CURRENCY LOAN.

Both the American Minister and the representative of the American financial group authorise our Correspondent in Peking to deny that the question of supervision has been abandoned in the loan negotiations. America, on the contrary, is resolved unswervingly to insist on the principle of supervision of expenditure.

FRANCE.

THE FOREIGN LEGION.

According to the "Temps," 307 foreign deserters, including 222 Germans, presented themselves at the Mezieres recruiting office last year for service in the French Foreign Legion. Only 131 of this number were found to be fit for military service.

SEVERE WEATHER.

Severe snowstorms are reported from many parts of France, especially the south, where railway communication is interrupted at numerous points.

THE INCOME-TAX.

The Committee of the Senate to which the Income-Tax Bill has been referred recommends various modifications of the terms fixed by the Chamber of Deputy. In place of uniformly fixing the exempted income at £120, the Committee recommends, that the amount should be fixed at from £30 in small communes to £120 in Paris, the amount varying with the population of the place. It is proposed to extend the incidence of the supertax. The number of tax-payers is estimated at about 5,000,000, and the yield of the supertax at £8,000,000. Rebates will probably be allowed in the case of persons who have heavy family obligations to meet.

GERMANY.

THE MOABIT RIOTS.

The Court that tried the Moabit rioters has severely condemned the conduct of the police. It states:—The Court is convinced that the police went wrong and went too far in a large number of cases. It excuses the regrettable breaches of the law which are proved to have been committed by the police, because they had to perform extraordinarily severe service, they were given no rest, they carried out their duties at the constant peril of their lives, they were provoked in the highest possible degree, and they had to endore the sight of the peaceful population taking sides with the rabble against them.

FOREIGN TRADE.

The total value of foreign trade (exports and imports) in 1910, excluding gold, siver, and paper money, amounted to 16,076,000,000 marks (£803,800,000) as compared with 15,121,000,000 marks in 1909. Imports amounted to 8,609,000,000 marks, against 8,527,000,000 marks in the previous year, while exports also showed an increase, the figures for 1910 being 7,467,000,000 marks, as compared with 6,594,000,000 marks in 1909.

THE SUBSIDIZED PRESS.

In the Budget Committee of the Reichstag on Tuesday, objection was taken to the annual vote of £1,000 for the maintenance of the "Marine Rundschau," a monthly publication of the Imperial Navy Office. The objector declared that this semi-official organ ought not to be allowed to agitate against England, as it had been doing recently.

ITALY.

THE REBUILDING OF MESSINA.

Signor Sacchi, the Minister of Public Works, inspected on Monday, the progress made in the rebuilding of Messina. In the course of a speech he explained that out of £4,240,000 originally placed

at the disposal of the Ministry of Public Works over £3,000,000 had been spent, and contracts were gradually being entered into for the outlay of the rest. Messina had to-day 40,000 inhabitants living in temporary cantonments and 20,000 in houses that had been repaired. The total funds at the Government's disposal were £20,000,000. The Government's programme now was to proceed at once with the erection of new public offices, and it would also take in hand the work on private property unless the owners took the necessary measures themselves within three months.

JAPAN.

THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL—SENTENCES.

Dr. Kotoku, his wife, and 23 fellow-accused have been sentenced to death for having conspired against the life of the Emperor and other members of the Imperial Family. Two of the prisoners have been sent to prison for eight and 11 years respectively.

The trial has been conducted in secret, but the final scene was witnessed by members of the Diplomatic Body and prominent Japanese. When sentence had been pronounced one of the doomed men rose and shouted "Banzai!" Thereupon all the prisoners sprang to their feet, and Dr. Kotoku, raising his hands above his head, cried "Long live Anarchy!" There was no further demonstration, and the prisoners were quietly led away. They accepted their fate smilingly. As they were leaving the Court, Mme. Kotoku bowed to the spectators, and said, "We beg pardon of all of you."

Twelve of the convicts have since had their sentences commuted to imprisonment for life. Dr. Kotuku and his wife are among those not reprieved.

MEXICO.

RAILWAY STRIKE.

The American and native engineers on nearly 1,000 miles of the Southern Pacific Railway in Mexico, have struck for an increase in wages.

PORTUGAL.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The strike on the North-east Railway has terminated, a compromise having been arrived at by which the men are granted various concessions. The strikes on the Beira Alta and South-Western lines were settled on Sunday last. The Lisbon gas company's employes struck work on Sunday, because the increased wages promised last month had not been paid. They did considerable damage before they were expelled from the premises by troops. As a result of the damage gas escaped into the sewers and caused a series of voilent explosions in the city. The Council of Ministers has presented a new electoral law, which provides that all makes over 21 years of age who are able to read and write, or who are fathers of a family may vote. Among reforms recently announced by the Government is the abolition of the censorship over foreign Press telegrams Three newspapers opposed to the present "regime had their offices sacked, an act of organised rowdy ism that has brought much discredit on the Republic None of the rioters was arrested. A decree ha been issued making duelling illegal.

RUSSIA.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN RELATIONS.

At the annual dinner of the English Club, Sir George Buchanan declared that thanks in great measure to the fact and ability of Lord Hardinge and Sir Arthur Nicolson, Great Britain and Russia had reached an understanding based on friendship, sympathy, and interest, and now that the countries had come to know and appreciate one another he felt sure that these good feelings would increase. He was glad to be able to say that the relations between Great Britain and Russia were never more cordial.

THE WHITE SEA FISHERIES.

The Russian Government proposes to establish a 12-mile territorial limit from the Archangel Gulf and surrounding islands. This step, which, it is declared, is contrary to international usage, will cause damage to the British fishing industry, and serious British representations have been made to the Russian Government on the matter.

FINNISH WOMEN REPRESENTATIVES.

Nineteen women have been elected to the Finnish Diet.

SOUTH AFRICA.

SLEEPING SICKNESS IN RHODESIA.

The British South Africa Company has decided to despatch a Commission to Rhodesia to inquire into the cases of sleeping sickness in the Loangwe Valley. The Commission will be under Dr. May, principal medical officer of Northern Rhodesia, who will be assisted by a number of bacteriologists and other specialists. The Chartered Company is now discussing with the Sleeping Sickness Bureau certain details repecting the Commission, which will be sent out as soon as possible.

WOMEN IMMIGRANTS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The South African Colonization Society, a body which has done most valuable work in promoting the immigration of women into the Transvaal, opened on Saturday, a large new hostel for women at Johannesburg. This society has brought 1,700 domestic servants to the Transvaal, since the end of the war. Of these 600 are now married and settled in the country.

SPAIN.

RETURN OF KING ALFONSO.

King Alfonso and his suite disembarked on Sunday, at Almeria, and proceeded to the Cathedral, where a "Te Deum," was sung. The King was enthusiastically greeted. The Royal party arrived at Madrid on Monday.

UNITED STATES.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND SENATOR LODGE.

Mr. Roosevelt, who has held aloof from political affairs since the last election, suddenly intervened in the Massachusetts Senatorial contest, where there was strong opposition to Senator Lodge being again adopted as a candidate. Mr. Ames, member of the House of Representatives, gave out a statemant to the effect that Mr. Roosevelt, when President, rebuked Senator Lodge for trying to secure the purchase by the Navy Department of a couple of Boston colliers for £100,000 more than they were worth. Mr. Roosevelt branded the statement as "an outrageous falsehood, for which there is not even the smallest foundation in fact," and declared "it is shocking to think that it should have heen invented about a public man of such rigid integrity and probisy." Mr. Lodge was re-elected on Wednesday, on a first ballot, receiving six votes beyond a bare majority.

ACCIDENT IN A BATTLESHIP.

Nine men have been killed by a boiler explosion on the battleship Delaware. Eight were killed instantly and the other was fatally scalded.

FORTIFYING THE PANAMA CANAL.

President Taft, in a special Message to Congress, urges that the Panama Canal be fortified, and recommends the appropriation of dols. 5,000,000 (£1,000,000) for the initiation of the work during the present Session. The President adds:—The Canal when completed will afford the only convenient route for water communication between our Atlantic and Pacific coasts and will be virtually a part of the coastline of the United States. Its assured possession and control will contribute to our peace, safety, and prosperity as a nation. In my judgment it is the right and duty of the United States to fortify and make capable of defence a work that will bear such vital relation to its welfare and that is being created solely by it at enormous expense.

CURRENCY REFORM.

Mr. Aldrich's long-expected plan for the currency reform has been made public this week. It provides for the formation of a body called "The Reserve Association of America," with a capital stock of £60,000,000, one-half paid up, which will be the Government's fiscal agent, retiring the national bank circulation and issuing its own notes. The Government would be the sole depositor in the Association, while the banks would become stockholders to the extent of 20 per cent. of their capital stock.

NEW P. AND O. SHIPS.

Of the two new steamships of the "M" class now being built for the P. and O. Company, it is announced that one will probably be employed as a special-service ship for the conveyance of visitors to India for the Durbar to be held at Delhi by King George; but at present no definite employment has been assigned to the other, which will also be available in the late autumn. The Medina will be the first of the new steamers to be delivered, and is expected to be ready for service in the month of June. The Maloja will probably be out of the builders' hands soon afterwards. These two twin-screw vessel each of 12,500 tons will embody the improvements suggested by recent experience.

THE HOUNDSDITCH MURDERS.

Police Court Proceedings.

FURTHER evidence was given at the Guildhall Police Court, on Jan. 16, on the charges which have been made against five aliens—three men and two women—in connection with the murder of three City policemen near Houndsditch on Dec. 16. A protest was made on behalf of some of the prisoners against the postponement of the statement of the case for the prosecution, and Mr. Bedkin promised to state the charges against all the accused at the next hearing, which was fixed for Monday, Jan. 23.

Sub-Inspector Bryant, one of the wounded officers, who is still undergoing hospital treatment, described the attack on the police. Sergeant Bentley, he said, was shown by one man into a room at 11 Exchange Buildings, and another man, whom he recognised as the dead alien Gardstein (or Mourenzeff), fired several shots, wounding Bentley and himself. According to another police witness all the shooting was over in ten seconds.

Other evidence was given as to the ammunition found at 59 Grove Street.

In a statement made by Trassjonski on Dec. 20, she said, referring to the murderer found wounded: —"I placed a pet towel on his side. He then asked me for a little more water. He took a little of it, and then begged me to go to the doctor. I and Luba both went for the doctor, and I returned by myself with him. The doctor asked Mourentzeff how he came by the wound in his side. He answered that his friend had done it. The doctor asked him if he would go to the hospital. He refused to go. He then begged of me to leave him, as it was not any use for me to stay any longer. I asked him how he came by it, but he refused to tell me. I and Luba were in the back room and heard some persons struggling up the stairs and go into the front room. We did not see them clearly, and cannot say who they were. A little later we heard groaning, and went into the front room, where we saw Mourentzeff on the bed."

A statement made and signed by Milstein was translated, the clerk asking whether it was a joint statement by the two prisoners. Detective Inspector Matthews, who produced the document, said Milstein said, "We both know Fritz, Joe, Mourentzeff Peter, and Zurks." The statement continued:—"I have shown my brother Jack an address off Commercial Street, No. 39, and Jack knows the street. I lived at 39 with Fritz. We were living together there about five weeks, but Fritz had been living there previously to my going there with him. Then Peter arrived from Paris, and as there was not sufficient room for the three of us we rented 59 Grove Street. Fritz would not allow me or Rosa to enter the front room, so it was absolutely impossible for me or Rosa to know what business was being transacted. Mourentzeff at all times carried his revolver. Fritz occasionally carried a revolver. Fritz has been in London about six months. I do not know from whence he came. Fritz is a Russian by birth, as far as I know, as he spoke generally in that language, and a little German occasionally. Peter arrived about two months ago. He is also a Russian. None of these men are of Hebrew or Jewish religion. Zurka used to visit Fritz. I do not know anybody further. I do not know what business Joe carried on. I and Rosa know nothing of what occurred. Mourentzeff asked for water, which we gave him, and he drank a little of it. Then I left."

The male prisoner Federof, on Dec. 22, made a statement in which he said that he was born at St. Petersburg, and his parents were dead. His brother was a police-constable in the country. He came to England from Russia, and had been here about three and a half months. He had been in England once before. He had been out of employment for about five weeks, but had been promised work after the holidays. He last worked at a factory in Hackney close to Mare Street. He had also done odd jobs in fixing up machinery, and he had expected to get work at Dalstone after Christmas. He worked as a plain mechanic, and had earned 35s. a week. Since he came to England he had earned over £11, and had lived very economically. He had a lot of friends. At this point in his statement Federof was cautioned, and said, "I am willing to answer all questions put to me." The statement continued:—"I have heard of the murders in Houndsditch. I saw it in the papers, Mind you, I can't read, but somebody told me. I know Fritz. I don't know Peter. According to what I saw and what I heard and information received, I think I know Peter. According to the description I know him. I do not recognise the photograph of the dead man found at 59 Grove Street. I can't say anything about Peter. I saw Fritz on Friday of last week. I saw him at the lodgings at Grove Street at four o'clock in the afternoon. Before that I saw him four days previously, when he took me to a factory and promised to get me some work. The factory was in a turning on the right hand side of City Road. He told me that he used to work there himself. He did not go in himself, but sent me in. I saw the governor of the factory. Fritz made an appoinment for me to meet him at his address at Grove Street at two o'clock I was late and it was after two o'clock when I got there. Fritz told me that he had not seen the friend he wanted to see, but he would see him later. He told me it would be useless to see him on Saturday, as it was a day limited in time and all businesses were closed at two o'clock. This conversation took place on the Friday. Then I heard that something had happened at Grove Street. I did not know whether it was at their place or not. On Sunday I heard that it was at their lodgings. I heard that the murder was committed there. On Sunday at eight o'clock in the evening, while I was lying on my bed, some man knocked at the door. I knew him before. He said, 'I have just come from the police-station, where I have been detained, and the police are outside your house.'"

MR. CHURCHILL AND THE STEPNEY SIEGE.

Mr. Churchill's letter repudiating responsibility for the conduct of operations in the Sidney Street siege has not convinced Sir Harry Polland who returns to the charge. The Home Secretary's letter, he says is remarkable both for what it contains and for what it omits. Sir Harry proceeds:—

"Mr. Churchill was, I understand, on the scene from about 11-50 to 2-45. Was he not during all this time cognisant of everything that was going on; was he not in constant communication with the police authorities, did they not inform him from time to time of what was being done? He (Mr. Churchill) further states:—'I did not interfere in any way with the dispositions made by the police authorities on the spot. I never overruled those authorities nor over rode them. So be it; but one would really think from his letter that, instead of being the Home Secretary, having a general control over the Metropolitan Police Force, he was present at the 'fight' or 'siege,' or whatever is the proper term to use, as a mere casual and interested sight-seer. He cannot, however, have been there in that capacity, for as soon as he arrived every one knew of his presence; and he came as Home Secretary, remained as Home Secretary, and was treated as Home Secretary; and finally departed as Home Secretary just about the time when the house had been completely gutted and there was little more to be done. Outside a cinematograph theatre in the Strand, there is a poster containing the statement, 'Mr. Winston Churchill directs the operations from the danger zone.' Persons will form their own opinion of the cinematographs."

CONCLUSION OF THE INQUEST.

The inquest on the bodies of the two men who lost their lives in the burning house in Sidney Street on Jan. 3 was concluded on Jan. 18, before Mr. Wynne Baxter in the Court at Horseferry Road, Stepney.

Before the close of the inquest the Home Secretary was called as a witness. Mr. Churchill stated that he thought it his duty to see for himself what was happening in Sidney Street, and while he did not direct or override the arrangements made by the police, he accepted the responsibility of the support he gave to their order delaying the advance by the Fire Brigade upon the burning building. He said that he did not send for any of the soldiers, and the first detachment arrived some time before he had any knowledge of the affair, but he gave his sanction to the employment of twenty men of the Scots Guards to assist the police.

The jury stated that they were satisfied that the two bodies were those of "Fritz" and "Josef," that the former died of suffocation and the latter was killed by an unknown soldiers, whose action was one of justifiable homicide.

A rider was added expressing the hope that the occurrence might lead to more stringent regulation of the entrance into this country of the criminal alien. The jury also expressed approval of the action of the police.

THE ALIENS QUESTION.

The following petition to the Prime Minister is being extensively signed in Hoxton:—

"We, the undersigned petitioners, residents of Hoxton, desire to bring to your consideration, having regard to the extent of crime in this country, and particularly the recent wilful murder of three police officers by aliens in an adjoining district of London, the urgent necessity of his Majesty's Government—

1. More strictly enforcing the provisions of the Aliens Act, 1905;

2. Introducing legislation efficiently providing.

(a) That no alien shall be admitted to this country without supplying satisfactory evidence of good character;

(b) That no alien shall be admitted to this country who has at any time been convicted of a criminal offence;

(c) That no alien shall be allowed to carry firearms of any description, and in the event of any transgression of this law such offender shall be subject to heavy penalties and expulsion;

(d) Proper provision whereby the residence and occupation of aliens resident in this country can be immediately ascertained."

In an explanatory letter accompanying the petition the hon. secretaries of the committee promoting it say:—

"We venture to bring before your consideration a petition to his Majesty's Government to more strictly enforce the provisions of the Aliens Act, and to immediately introduce legislation providing against the entry of criminal and undersirable aliens to the country. The recent murder of three police officers in an adjacent part of London by alien criminals has brought to the notice of each one of us the urgent necessity of this proposal. We desire especially to appeal for support to the large number of admirable and law-abiding citizens who, while of various races, have permanently settled in this country and to whom such a course as the one suggested in this petition cannot be detrimental but rather for their benefit and protection in common with their fellow-subjects."

RECORDER'S PLAIN WORDS.

Mr. Hume Williams, K. C., the Recorder of Norwich, in his charge to the grand jury at Norwich quarter sessions said he could not begin the work of the day without expressing the sympathy of those who administered justice in that court and of the citizens generally with the London police victims of the terrible outrage which had so deeply moved the country at large. Mr. Churchill the Home Secretary, in his letter to the Press, spoke of the murderous ruffians who committed the crimes as beasts of prey. He considered the words admirably chosen. He could only hope that these feelings would not stop at mere expression in words, but that some measures would be taken to prevent, as far as possible, the police from being subjected in future to outrage of that description. Those who went to war expected to be shot, but it was intolerable that police, whose duty it was to maintain order and to preserve the lives of citizens, should be subjected to outrages such as those which had recently occurred. It had always been the pride of the country that we offered free asylum to those people from other countries who chose to come here and share the liberties that we enjoyed but if that asylum was to be treated in the way in which it recently had, it was time we considered whether it would not be wiser for us to follow the example of all foreign people and shut our doors to those who were well-known Anarchists, and who were capable of those dastardly crimes which had recently outraged the public conscience. He expressed the sympathy of the Court with the widows and families.

THE CLAPHAM MURDER.

The charge against Stinie Morrison twenty-nine, of having murdered Leon Beron at Clapham Common was further proceeded with at the South-Western Police Court on Jan. 17. Counsel for the prosecution recapitulated the evidence that would be adduced as to the prisoner being in company with the murdered man on the night of the crime and on other points and witnesses were being examined when the prisoner was further remanded.

THE FESTIVAL OF EMPIRE.

Dinner to the Pageant Master.

MR. FRANK LASCELLES, Master of the Pageant of London, which is to be one of the principal features of the forthcoming Festival of Empire, to be held under the patronage of His Majesty's Government at the Crystal Palace, London, from May to October next, was entertained on (January 16) at the Savoy Hotel, fresh from his triumphs from South Africa as Master of the splendid pageant at Cape Town, which played an important part in the festivities in connection with the opening of the Union Parliament of South Africa.

The Earl of Plymouth presided, and the company included the Duke of Norfolk (Earl Marshal), Lord Strathcona (High Commissioner for Canada), Viscount Hill, Lord Blyth, Rt. Hon. Syed Ameer Ali, Sir William Hall-Jones (High Commissioner for New Zealand), Sir Richard Solomon (High-Commissioner for South Africa), Sir Melville Beachcroft, Sir Frederick Pollock, Bart., Sir Lawrence Gomme, Sir Godfrey Lagden, Sir George Frampton, R. A., Sir James Wilson, Sir Arundel T. Arundel, Sir Clement Kinloch-Cooke, M. P., Sir Aston Webb, R. A, the Hon. Andrew Fitzpatrick, etc., etc.

The Earl of Plymouth read a letter from Lord Selborne, late Governor-General of South Africa, extolling the work of Mr. Lascelles in arranging the pageant for the opening of the Union Parliament.

Mr. Lascelles, responding to the toast of his health, gave an eloquent description of the pageant. He expressed the opinion that some substantial subsidy should be given to the cable companies; so that we at home might understand a little of what is going on in different parts of the Empire. It could only be by much greater facilities for inter-communication that we could ever hope to reach our ideal of a really united and understanding Empire.

Speaking of the forthcoming Festival of Empire at the Crystal Palace, Mr. Lascelles pointed out how tremendous is the undertaking, and a sum of no less than £250,000 is being spent on it by the General Council alone, quite apart from special sections, such as the Canadian, upon which the Canadian Government is spending £70,000.

"My experience as Master of the Canadian Pageant, continued Mr. Lascelles, and just lately of the South African, have been a revelation to me as to what the spirit of imperialism means, of what it is that has made the name of England honoured by countless nations of every creed and tongue. I am hoping that our Festival of Empire will teach the hundreds of thousands who will throng to London for King George's Coronation their responsibilities in this respect. In South Africa it amazed me to see how soon all the conflicting interests of Boer and Portuguese, Malay and Negro, have been welded together in this high purpose. When a first went over there a good many people thought anything like an united South African Pageant was quite impossible. Some unpleasantness, they thought, was bound to occur. To show you how varied were the component parts of the pageant I had to have no fewer than seven interpreters. But in the end we were as 'brothers and sisters all.'"

"One of our chief episodes, for instance, was the 'Great Trek' which must have brought to many minds actual memories of the old 'patriachal' days. In the long line of ox-wagons were several old Boers who had themselves as boys crept northwards in that historic exodus of seventy years ago—one of them had 'trekked' in the very same wagon with the late President Kruger. As for the natives we had a number of Basutos—who did me the honour to elect me as a Basuto chieftain under the name of Rakelillo, 'Father of wonderful Thoughts'—Hottentots, Zulus, Malays, and even some actual Bushmen, these proved as it happened amongst the very best pageanteers that I have ever had to do with."

"As to the details of the coming pageant in addition to the London scenes of which I believe you already know something, we are having some episodes from this same South Africa Pageant—I am even now trying in vain to find some oxen for the wagons—and with the help of the India Office we are going to present an episode showing the proclamation of Queen Victoria at the Delhi Durbar."

"The Pageant itself, too, is only an incident in the Festival which we shall try to make into one vast Imperial 'At Home'. By what we are calling the 'All Red Route' we are going to make it possibe for every visitor to make a panoramic trip round the whole Empire, from the Canadian cornfields to the Himalayas yet keeping always within the Palace grounds. Not only so, but our hospitality Committee is arranging for a social welcome for all Colonial guests, and free excursions to all sorts of places of interest throughout the Homeland. But I could go on for hours telling you what we are going to do. Just one thing, I must say, namely that we have every reason to hope that King George himself will be present soon after the opening, if not on the actual day."

BRITISH INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

THE London All-India Moslem League has addressed the following letter to the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

Sir,—I am directed by my Committee to invite the attention of the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State to a Reuter telegram published in the English press of the 12th instant, to the effect that Mrs. Sodha, the wife of a British Indian passive resister, has just been sentenced by a Transvaal Court to a fine of £10 and a month's imprisonment.

My Committee understand the facts to be as follows:—Mr. Sodha, the husband of the prisoner, is a young British Indian of good English education who resided in the Transvaal during the Republican regime and afterwards moved to Natal. He returned to the Transvaal about two years ago, basing his right to do so upon the fact of his prewar residence and his qualifications as an educated British Indian. He left his wife and infant children in Natal. About a year and a half ago, Mr. Sodha was arrested and imprisoned as a prohibited immigrant and as such, has now been in gaol almost continuously during the past 18 months. Mr. Sodha was an unregistered British Indian.

About the middle of last November, when Mr. Gandhi was in Natal, in connection with the deportees who had returned from India, he found Mrs. Sodha with her three young children in a state of destitution, her husband being a prisoner in Diepkloof gaol. For a considerable time past, the Transvaal authorities had suffered Indian women to enter the Transvaal in circumstances similar to those of Mrs. Sodha. Many of these were sheltered and maintained on a farm near Johannesburg, which Mr. Kallenbach (a European sympathiser) had kindly placed at Mr. Gandhi's service for that and similar purposes.

Mr. Gandhi advised Mrs. Sodha to go with him to the Transvaal and reside on this farm. Before living Natal, however, he followed his usual practice of taking the precaution of communicating with the Transvaal authorities. He advised the Immigration Officer at Pretoria that he was crossing the border with Mrs. Sodha. At Volksrust, Mrs. Sodha was charged as a prohibited immigrant with being unlawfully in the Transvaal, but the case was adjourned, Mr. Gandhi, thereupon, wired to Pretoria giving particulars of Mrs. Sodha, her children and the circumstances of her case and explaining that he was taking her to the farm, only to rescue her from actual distress and would guarantee her retirement from the Transvaal at the end of the struggle. The case being already subjudice, Mr. Gandhi, Mrs. Sodha and the children continued their journey. Thinking there might still be some misunderstanding, Mr. Cachalia, Chairman of the British Indian Association, telegraphed to the Minister of the Interior (General Smuts), recounting the circumstances and requesting that the prosecution might be withdrawn. The Minister replied in the negative, stating that Mrs. Sadha's husband was a prohibited immigrant. As the British Indian Association desired to avoid importing women into the controversy, the Minister was again approached with the request that a temporary permit might be issued to Mrs. Sodha. This also the Minister declined to do.

My Committee feel keenly that this conduct on the part of the Colonial Ministers towards a helpless and destitute fellow-country woman is particularly harsh, if not actually cruel.

Mrs. Sodha is not a competitor in trade, her character is admittedly above reproach and she has committed no crime under the common law of the country. She was not smuggled into the country and the authorities were assured that if desired, she would be returned to Natal at the conclusion of the struggle. The sole purpose of bringing her into the Transvaal was as had been done in the case of a number of a other women, to save her from actual want.

The Secretary of State will hardly need my Committee's assurance as to the effect upon the Indian mind generally of the treatment accorded to Mrs. Sodha by the Government of the Union of South Africa or to the widespread indignation it will arouse in India; and I am desired to express the earnest hope that steps will be taken promptly to bring about her release and to prevent a repetition of incidents of a similar character.—I have, etc.,

M. T. KADERBHOY,
Honorary Secretary.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB 3.

The Government of India has sanctioned the grant of (a) passages from and to India to Officers of the Indian Army granted leave on medical certificate, in consequence of wounds received in action or illness contracted on service in the field, and also return passages to India to Lady Nurses granted leave out of India on medical certificate. The above decision applies also in the case of Officers and Lady Nurses invalided to a Colony.

The Government of India have sanctioned the introduction with effect from 1st February, 1911, of concession on the railways for Captains only, who are doing duty with their regiments. On all occasions, they may travel on the North-Western Railway, the Oudh Rohilkhand Railway and the Eastern Bengal State Railway at their own expense in first class carriages on payment of second class fares.

CONVICTION FOR SEDITIOUS PUBLICATION UPHELD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

At the High Court, this afternoon, Justices Holmwood and Sharfuddin disposed of an appeal preferred by Debi Prosonno Roy Choudhuri, who was convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, under Sections 124A. and 153A. of the Indian Penal Code, and fined seven hundred and fifty rupees. The appellant, who is a well-known Journalist, printed in his press a seditious pamphlet "Anal Probaha" (stream of fire), edited by a Mahomedan Swadeshi preacher, Syed Siraji. Their Lordships affirmed the conviction, but reduced the fine to three hundred rupees.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Salsette," Feb. 3.

The P and O Co's steamer "Salsette," Commander H. G. H. Lewellin, arrived in harbour yesterday with the English Mails of the 20th instant, brought the following passengers:—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

La'e, K C M G M-j-Gen Sir P H N	Morrish, Mr H K
Morrish, Mr H J	Saunders, Mr C J S
Morrish, Miss	Stewart, Maj F F
Lady Valet	
Lewin, Mr F J M	Moore, Mr
Levison, Mr	

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Ahmed, Mr S Moor	Macdougall, Mr J E
Anklesaria, Dr K C	McIver Mr D
Bar , Mr A G and Mrs	Milne, Mr J G
Beaton, Mr J H	Nairu, Mr K
Bhandari Mr R R	Nicol Mr P S
Burgess Mr G	Pum , Mrs R B
C n brough, Mr A C	Ratcliffe, Mr G H B Mrs
Connel Mr R D	Reid, Mr E C
Cockie, C I J E	Singh, Mr R
In e M J H	Stewart Mr A P
Elmie M j C D	Tilla d Mr P A
Fargh r, Mr C	Tollinton Mr H P & Mrs
Fletcher, Mr G G	Treble Mr H
Hech , Mr J H	V st, Lt Col W and Mrs
Henniker, Mr and Inft	Wood, M s J B
Hutchinson, Mr R H S	Woolley Capt H S L
Jen en, Mr W	Wa sh, Mr G
Jones, Mr	

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Reston, Capt W J	Sealey, Mr H E

PORTSAID TO BOMBAY.—Mac Ilvaine, Capt G S

LONDON TO KARACHI.—Smith, Mr J. H. S.

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Adams Capt G. S., Mrs. child and nurse.



I—Bibendum—have the pleasure of making my bow, just as you see me above, to my Colonial friends. I am by no means unknown to you, even though you dwell in a southern clime; in fact, I have rolled about the world a good deal and am acquainted with most countries.

You will hear from me concerning

MICHELIN

MOTOR TYRES

and their many good qualities, from time to time; but in order for you to become better acquainted with me, I propose telling you how I obtained my name.

You probably know that, many years ago, Octavius and Agrippa knocked eight bells out of Cleopatra's fleet down Egypt way. After the battle was over, a gentleman, Horace by name, is said to have welcomed the victors with a riotous shout of "Nunc est Bibendum," which, if your Latin is not too rusty, you will perceive means: "Now let's all have a drink."

Now see the ingenious manner in which Father Michelin evolved my name.

First, there is the comparison between two great achievements: the winning of an important battle and the creation of me—that is of Michelin Tyres, which have carried off so many victories. Second, the relation between drinking to the successful overcoming of an enemy (an obstacle), and the power of my tyres of absorbing (or drinking) obstacles so that the effect of road shocks is lessened.

This, then, is the origin of my name, "Bibendum," and, frankly, could I have been more appropriately named? I think not!

STOCKISTS.

BOMBAY: BOMBAY MOTOR & CYCLE AGENCY, Hornby Road, Fort.
FRENCH MOTOR-CAR & ELECTRIC Co., New Queen's Rd.

CALCUTTA: FRENCH MOTOR-CAR & ELECTRIC Co., 55 Bentinck St.
RUSSA ENGINEERING WORKS, Ltd., 110 Russa Rd., North.

THE KING AND SCOTLAND.

Court to be Held at Holyrood.

IT is understood that soon after the Coronation the King and Queen will visit Scotland and hold a Levee and a Court in Holyrood Palace. The date of the visit is not yet fixed, but it is possible that it will take place during July. It is expected that the King and Queen will reside in the palace during their stay in Edinburgh. Extensive alterations are being made within the Palace. The rooms are being redecorated, the electric light is being installed, and other necessary works are being carried out. A Supplementary Estimate of £6,300 for these purposes was approved by Parliament during last session.

In May 1903, nine months after their Coronation, King Edward and Queen Alexandra went to Scotland and held a Levee and a Court at Holyrood—for the first time for eighty years. Their Majesties did not, however, take up their residence in the Palace, but occupied Dalkeith House, which was placed at their disposal by the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch.

Since the beginning of Queen Victoria's reign probably nowhere in the royal domains have the people been better looked after than on Deeside, and from a letter which has been sent to the tenants, it is clear that the King intends to make them as comfortable as possible.

During their stay at Balmoral in the autumn the King and Queen visited practically every house and cottage on their estates, and inspected the dwellings both outside and inside, invariably asking the occupiers whether they had any complaints to make or any grievances. As a result of the visits of their Majesties last year improvements on an extensive scale are in contemplation, such as making the ceilings of the rooms in the small cottages higher, and enlarging doors and windows, enlarging and refencing gardens, and improving roads and paths and water supplies.

THE MORAL IDEALS OF ISLAM.

THE Persian Minister took the chair at a largely attended reception of the Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College Association at the Indian Centre, 21, Cromwell Road, on Jan. 18, when Mr. Ameer Ali gave a lecture on "The Moral Ideals of Islam."

Mr. Ameer Ali said that young Indians in this country in the pursuit of knowledge were liable to overlook the duty of keeping the mind the ideals of their faith. Islam was not a mere word, nor a mere creed; it was a life to be lived in the present. It was a religion of right thinking, right doing, and right speaking. It was not enough to call themselves Moslems and for the rest to follow their wayward fancies. A certain kind of political psychology had given birth to the dubious phrase occasionally heard nowadays, "I am an Indian first and a Moslem after." He had not known a true Christian say, he was an Englishman first and a Christian after. Loyalty to God and his prophet first and then loyalty to their Sovereign and country was the rule of life for every Moslem.

The Persian Minister said that he most earnestly supported the advice of the distinguished lecturer to the young Moslems in this country to keep before them the ideals of their faith. No wiser advice could have been given. After all, what was learning worth if morals did not attain to a high standard? (Cheers.) Morals made strong men and strong men made up strong nations. They should cherish a warm love for their religion. The teachings of Mahomed were wonderfully comprehensive, and they were democratic in spirit, advocating simplicity in life, forbearance towards others, and equality. So long as the early Mahomedans adhered to the teachings of their prophet they carried everything before them and made great progress in science and arts; but when they began to neglect the teachings of the Koran and luxury began to conquer them then they lost strength and degenerated. This was a strong argument from history for their taking to heart the advice they had heard.

Professor Arnold, Sir James Wilson, Mr. C. E. Buckland, and Major Syed Hasan Belgrami also took part in the proceedings.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

Future Course of Her Life.

During the past few weeks, Queen Alexandra has definitely completed her plans for her future, and it is now possible to outline these. She will adhere in every respect to the announcement she made shortly after the death of the late King Edward and will spend the greater part of the year in England. "England will always be my home," her Majesty remarked to an intimate friend only a short time ago, and this she will conclusively demonstrate in the course of the next year or two. Queen Alexandra will pass a life of complete retirement until her full year of deep mourning has expired. She is, however, very anxious to be present at the first Court of her son and daughter-in-law, and it is for this reason—and this reason alone—that there will be no courts at Buckingham Palace this year before the end of May. Her Majesty will remain at Sandringham with Princess Victoria and the Hon. Charlotte Knollys as her principal companions for a few more weeks. She will then travel direct to Portsmouth in order to embark upon the royal yacht Victoria and Albert for a rather lengthy cruise in the Mediterranean, accompanied by her only unmarried daughter. The reports that have been circulated lately to the effect that her Majesty proposes to include Egypt in the countries she will visit this year are quite unfounded. The principal object for which this cruise is being undertaken is to enable Queen Alexandra to visit her brother, the King of the Hellenes, and she will remain at Athens, for some little time. This will be the most easterly point touched at by the yacht. From the Greek capital, Queen Alexandra will proceed to Corfu, where it is just possible she will have a meeting with the German Emperor, who is expected to be staying at that time at his beautiful residence on the island that was formerly the property of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. From here her Majesty will cruise as the mood takes her, and no definite programme of her route will be drawn up. She is expected to visit several places of interest along the Austrian, Italian, Sicilian, and French coasts, and among these will be Venice.

Upon the return journey the royal yacht will halt at Gibraltar, where the Queen and Princess Victoria will be joined by the Princess Royal and the Duke of Fife and their two daughters, and the royal party is expected to arrive in England early in May. Her Majesty will then take up her residence at Marlborough House, which will, by that time, be quite ready for her reception, having been restored to very much the same appearance as it presented when Queen Alexandra spent so many happy years there as the Princess of Wales. Here her Majesty will remain until after the Coronation festivities.

At the conclusion of the London season, Queen Alexandra will in all probability spend two or three weeks at Barton Manor, in the Isle of Wight, the King having placed his residence at his mother's disposal. Her Majesty will not revert to her former custom of attending the races at Goodwood, and, indeed, it is probable that she has been seen upon a racecourse for the last time. Under any circumstances her Majesty will spend a short time at Sandringham before she joins the royal yacht again to meet the Empress Marie of Russia at the villa that the royal sisters jointly own at Klampenbourg, on the outskirts of Copenhagen. Here it is expected that the two widowed Empresses will be visited in turn by the Czar and Czarina and their family, and the King and Queen of Norway, and little Prince Olaf.

EXPORT OF WHEAT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, FEB. 3.

During the week ending January 30, 1911, four lakhs, sixty-five thousand and three hundred and twenty-five hundredweights of wheat were exported from Karachi, bringing the total exports, since the 14th ultimo, up to thirteen lakhs, fifty-three thousand, five hundred and eighty-eight hundredweights, as against six lakhs, seventy-four thousand, eight hundred and fifty hundredweights during the corresponding period of 1910.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

WOMEN AS PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Photography has become an absorbing interest to many women nowadays. There are few exhibitions of photography where the women artist is absent, and the work of lady exhibitors has some more and more to the fore of late. At the Scottish Photographic Salon, although the selection was very rigorous, and out of 950 submitted exhibits only 288 were accepted, it was pleasing, however, to note that the lady photographer was creditably represented. Although many women daily with the camera, the proportion who take up photography as a serious interest is small. In spite of this, the limited number of those who embrace photographic art as a serious pursuit have done credit to themselves by their appearance at the "Scottish," and not only is their work noteworthy for its excellence, but it is even more so for the promise it gives of greater successes in the future.

FLOWER STUDIES.

Pride of place must be given to Mrs. R. Dunlop, Motherwell, who has four pictures accepted. Mrs. Dunlop is a lady whose name as a capable photographer is well known throughout Scotland. Her forte is decidedly flower studies, and three of her four "accepts" are in this theme. In "Peonies" these floral beauties are delicately treated, and in "Poppies" the airy grace of the petals of these flowers is realistically reproduced. "Hops" is a decorative treatment, in green carbon, dainty in conception. Her fourth picture, "On the golden Sands," represents some children on the beach. There is a glorious feeling of the open air in this picture, while the arrangement of the lines of the beach show decided ability in composition.

PICTURES OF CHILDHOOD.

Mrs. E. Peake, Norwich, whose husband is well known in photographic circles as the founder of the East Anglian Federation, has been represented at this exhibition regularly for years. Mrs. Peake's metier is the portrayal of happy childhood, and in this phase she is carving out a niche for herself. In "The Weaver's Grand-daughter," the picture is that of a lass in her teens, mimicking the industry of the absent grandmother, and evidently enjoying it. "Mary Jane Commands the Party" represents a group of youngsters at play. Here again the spirit of mimicry is in evidence, and Mary Jane assumes command, with the air of a general, of her juvenile brigade. It is delightfully unaffected and natural. Miss Maude A Craigie-Halkett, Leamington Spa, is also a well-known "Scottish" exhibitor. Her contribution, "Mrs. Johnston," is a good example of simple portraiture untrammelled by accessories. Miss Mary J. G. Sheref, Aberdeen, has gone to the Continent for her subject, and "A Canal, Bruges" is limned in the shimmering light of summer. From the camera of Miss Ethel M. Gladstone, Baron's Court-road, W., we get a strong bit of character drawing—almost masculine in its grip—in the portrait of "Bernard A. MacDonald, Esq." in "Au Revoir."

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)

the *sure* raising powder, is helpful even to skilled cooks.

Cakes, pastry and piecrust raised with "Paisley Flour" are sure, with ordinary care, to be light, well raised and digestible.

Use one part of "Paisley Flour" mixed with eight parts of ordinary flour.

'Paisley Flour' is made by Brown and Polson, and sold in tins, containing an assortment of serviceable recipes.

A Tonic Free from Alcohol



Are you pale, weak, easily tired, and do you lack nerve power? Ask your doctor if Ayer's Sarsaparilla would not be good for you. He knows, and will advise you wisely. Not a drop of alcohol in this medicine. It puts red corpuscles into the blood, gives steady, even power to the nerves; and all without stimulation. Make no mistake. Take only those medicines the best doctors endorse. Ask your own doctor.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, February 2.] [Bombay, February 3.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	79 15-16	1-8	
3 do. Rentes ...	97 1-2	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	95 3-4	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	94	3-16	
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-2		1-16
do. 2 months' hence...	27 1-2		1-16
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 3-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris...	25-29 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-47 1-2	1-2	1-2
do. do. New York ..	48·6 1-4	1-3	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4pc since	26	Jan.
do. Short London Bills 3 months' sight ..	3 5-8		1-11
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1-4	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	4 7-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	4 1-2		1-8

Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet.—Steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

The Bombay Mails of the 21st ultimo arrived at Brindisi on the evening of the 1st.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total Bullions	...£33,500,000	Inc.	£5,00,000
Public Deposits	...£11,000,000	Dec.	£ 2,00,000
Other Deposits	...£41,900,000	Inc.	£ 8,00,000
Government Securities	£14,900,000	Dec.	£ 1,00,000
Other Securities	...£28,800,000	Inc.	£ 5,00,000
Notes and Gold	...£27,200,000	unchanged.	

The Bank's Reserve is 52 per cent. of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot ...Quiet, easier.
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... Quiet.
Manchester Quiet and moderate business.
Total Sales ... 6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export 300
Imports ... 14,000
Mid-Americans ... 7·93—7
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10 5-8—1-8

Jaffe and Son's White Shirtings B. 10-30 at Rs 9-12 p. p.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June
7·73	7·74	7·77	7·78
— 6	— 4	— 4	— 4

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov
7·77	7·75	7·59	7·29	7·14
— 4	— 4	— 2	— 2	— 2

NEW YORK—

		Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports	...	24,000
Receipts at „ Last year	...	13,000
Exports to Great Britain	...	28,000
Exports to Continent	...	11,000
Spot Cotton —		...14·85—10

Futures—Month of March 14·64—9 / Futures—Month of May 14·82—11 — Declined on foreign selling and on unfavorable cotton goods situation.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton— ...14 15-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of March ... 14·34—13
Do. „ May ... 15·02—14
Closing Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ... 35 2-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Hull.—Value.
Tone—Firm.
Rozario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 34 nett
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Done.—Firmer.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ... 34
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.—Firmer.
South Australian ... 34 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Buyers.
South Victorian ... 34 3-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Buyers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship... 46 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Value.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship 48 1-2
Do. Months—April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 41 1-2
Do. Months—April-May.—Sellers.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship ... 72 3-8
Do. Months—April-May.—Done.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ...13 3-4—1-8

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...5-7—Value.—Steady.

ARRIVALS:—

" Gu enfels."

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) .. 12 2 1-4—Sellers
Do Months of Shipment ...May-Aug
Do Tone ... ...Quiet
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ...12—Nominal
Months of Shipments .. Feb.-Mar
Do Tone ... ...Quiet
German Beet-root 88 o/o ...9 1 3-4—Sellers
Months of Shipments ...March
Do Tone ... ...Steady
B A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... ...13-3—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Mar-Aug.
Do Tone ... ...Quiet but steady
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11-6—Nominal
Months of Shipments ...February
Do Tone ... ...Quiet but steady

SKIN SALES.

Sheep skin sale closed quietly today. Sold 9,71,000.

Sheep skins—

Madras Good ... 1 to 2 lower.
„ Fair ... 2 to 3 lower.
„ Ordinary ... 1 1-2 to 2 lower,
Bombay Good ... 1 to 2 lower.
„ Fair ... do
„ Ordinary ... do

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [3rd February, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
17 Boxes Bulns	1,92,000	London	Hongkong Bank
Sovs ...	10,50,000	Do.	Do.
3 Parcels Silver	40	Do.	Do.
6 Boxes Bulns	37,500	London	Chartered Bank
1 Box S s ...	38,400	London	Do.
20 Boxes Bulns	15,00,000	Port Said	Do.
1 Box Bulns...	38,400	London	Merckenzie Bank
31 Boxes Bulns	21,12,000	London	National Bank
Sovs ..	46,875	Do.	Do
2 Boxes Bulns.	1,53,600	London	Yokohama Bank
1 Box Bulns...	75,000	London	Indian Specie Bank
1 Bundle Rs...	1,500	Koweit.	S. A. M. Meer
7 Bundles Sovs	2,580	Busreh	Sundry Importers.
Gold Coins ...	1,377	Do.	Do.
Rupees ...	15,685	Do.	Do.
1 Bundle Rs...	1000	Gwadhur	Mackenzie and Co.
6 Bundles Rs...	12,000	Linga	Do
1 Bundle Rs ..	1,400	Abass	Do.
1 Bundle Rs...	2,000	Muscat	Do.
2 Bundles Rs..	4,000	Debai.	M. Hemraj

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 1ST FEB. 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ..	60	71,897
B. B. & C. I. Railway	53	61,529

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened quiet and unchanged at yesterday's quotations, viz: 1 4 1-16 T. T., 1 4 3-32 Demand and 1-4 9-32 for Credits 3 months' sight. A moderate business has been done for Demand for the mail. Private bills continue scarce. Far Eastern rates are quiet but steady.

We quote:—

T. T. on London ...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward..1s. 4 7-32d. May
Do. 6 do ready ...1s. 4 13-32d.
Do. 3 do Francs...171 1-2
Do. 3 do Marks ..139 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight. 131 3-4
Shanghai „ ...176 1-2
Japan „ ...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened at 95·3 for ready and 95·4 for 2nd March settlement and has kept steady at these prices throughout the day. Calcutta quotations are 95·4 ready and 95·7 for next month's settlement.

We quote:—

Cash ... ...Rs. 95 3 0
2nd March Settlement ... „ 95 4 0

BULLION:—

London rates were quoted 1-16 lower at 24 5-16 spot and 24 1-2 for delivery 2 months hence, the tone being quiet but steady. The New York mutilated quotation of yesterday was 52 3-4 and today's quotation is unchanged. The local market opened at 61-7 ex duty and improved during the day to 61-9. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote:—

		Rs.		
English Bar Gold ...	... Rs.	24	0	0
Australian „ ...	... „	24	0	0
Sovereigns „ ...	... „	15	0	0
Silver ex duty Ready ...	... „	6	9	0
„ „ 1st settlement ...	... „	61	12	0
„ „ 2nd „ ...	... „	62	3	0

COUNCIL BILLS:—

At the weekly Bidding on Wednesday last for 120 lakhs the Secretary of State placed 24·60 lakhs Bills at 1s 4 1-16d and 95·30 lakhs T. T. at 1s 4 3 32d, tenderers receiving 26 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending Tuesday evening last was 140 lakhs and for next week the amount to be allotted is reduced to 100 lakhs. After last Wednesday's Biddings extras were allotted to the extent of 3 30 lakhs Bills at 1s 4 3-32d.

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay, for the last week, as compared with the previous one:—

LIABILITIES—	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
Public Deposits..................	9,82,000	......
Other Deposits..................	30,48,000	......
Sundries........................	......	61,000
ASSETS—		
Government Securities ...	......	7,21,000
Other Authorized Securities	30,000	......
Credits on Govt. and other Authorized Securities...	9,45,000	......
Loans on Govt. and other Authorized Securities ...	......	8,82,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	......	69,000
Bullion	......	64,000
Balance with other Banks.	......	1,53,000
Sundries	......	83,000
Cash	49,57,000	......

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous season:—

....	Total for week	Total since 1st Oct. 1910.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	15,250	245,273	283,086
Central India... ...	6,558	53,775	75,105
Barsee and Nagur ...	5,311	52,668	148,511
Berar ...	13,920	187,813	308,211
Central Provinces ...	5,361	74,822	193,120
Total Oomras ...	46,400	614,351	1,013,033
Dholleras ...	5,634	53,314	58,789
Broach	...	743	1,183
Compta and Dharwar.	1,065	26,171	5,359
Westerns	736	3,703	4,351
Bengals (N. W. Provinces)	5,852	267,893	353,684
Bengals (Rajputana)...	5,152	39,749	31,106
Sind	1,449	34,673	28,434
Persian	53	316	1,841
American	5	120	489
Egyptian	121	707	397
Other sorts	...	8	96
Total ...	66,467	1,041,748	1,498,912

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October 1910.	250,000
Receipts from 1st October, 1910 to 2nd February, 1911	1,041,748
	1,291,748
Shipments from 1st October, 1910 to 2nd February, 1911	610,204
	681,544
Afloat	23,416
	658,128
Estimated mill consumption and up-country by rail...	256,283
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands on	401,845

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales 1910-11.	Bales. 1909-10	Bales Difference
Receipts for the week.	66,467	105,31	—38,845
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 2nd Feb. ...	1,041,748	1,498,912	—457,164
Shipments for the week Europe ...	72,484	46,633	+ 25,851
China / Japan / Coast Ports ...	32,584	26,678	+ 5,906
Total...	105,068	73,311	+ 31,757
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 2nd Feb Europe ...	351,928	371,055	—19,127
China ...	3,511	36,320	—32,809
Japan ..	237,761	346,137	—108,368
Coast Ports ...	17,966	15,635	— 1,339
Total...	610,204	769,147	—158,943
Afloat in Harbour— Europe ..	10,762	49,753	—38,991
China / Japan / Coast Ports ...	12,654	20,457	— 7,803

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st October to 24th Dec. 1910—2,838 bales.

Total exports from Bombay by B. B. & C. I. Railway om 1st Oct. to 19th Nov. 1910—1,445 bales.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Fluctuations in the Home markets have been small, and on balancing for the week show a decline of 15 points in New York, and 6 to 12 points in Liverpool for near month, while New Crop months are 2 points higher. Receipts at the U. S. Ports continue large, and spots sales in Liverpool have been very moderate. The tendency at the moment seems to be for some further decline in near months, but New Crop months have been comparatively steadier owing to unfavourable weather reports from Texas and Oklahoma.

The local market has been quiet and has declined during the week, and very little business has been done in contracts, except in Broach. Reports have been received of damage to the Broach crop owing to excessive cold and frost, but so far the damage is estimated at not over 10 per cent. Rates are irregular. A small business has been done in Southern styles and Bengals, but Broach occupies chief attention at present. Oomras have been neglected, and prices are more or less nominal. On the week fine Khamgaon Akols, March, is about Rs. 16; lower, other descriptions of Oomras and Khandiesh about Rs. 10, Bengals Rs. 10 to Rs. 12, Broach Rs. 4 to Rs 5; and Westerns Rs 3, only as crop reports are less favourable.

Ready cotton has ruled dull and prices have given way considerably. The enquiry both by exporters and mills has been poor, and the daily offtake meagre. Holders generally have been anxious to move stocks, but have found difficulty in placing anything at fair prices.

LATER.

The market closes easier at our quotations which however are more or less nominal as there is no business doing. Good Broach is quoted Rs. 353.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M G Broach	...372	March
Good M G Broach	...353	„
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	...359	„
Fine M G Nagpur Kampti	...356	„
Fine M G Damangaum Pulgaon	...345-6	„
Fine M G Khangaum Akola	...340-41	„
Fine M G Amraoti	...340-41	„
Fine M G Muttia	...320	„
F G M G Khandeish	...317	„
Fine M G Khandeish	...329	„
Fine M G Bengals	...311-12	„
F G H G Bengals	...284	„
Good Westerns H G	...359	Apl.-May
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...361	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—

Opening Tone	...	...	Easier
Estimated Sales	...	...	7,000 bales
Total Imports	...	...	16,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
7·67	7·70	7·71	7·72
— 5	— 6	— 6	— 6

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
7·71	7·71	7·54	7·24	7·10
— 6	— 5	— 5	— 5	— 4

FREIGHTS

The market has been firm and a large business is reported as having been done during the week.

LONDON:—About 1,500 Tons Seeds &c., at 15s. for February March.

MARSEILLES:—Quite 10,000 tons has been booked, light Seeds at 14s. 6p. and 14s. 9d. and seeds at 15s.

TRIESTE VENICE: The Austrian Lloyds S. N. Coy booked about 2,500 tons at 16s. and 16s. 6d. seeds, and 17s. 6d. cotton for February; and 16s. to 16s. 6d. seeds, and 17s. cotton for March.

HULL: About 8,000 tons light seeds has been done for February March at 14s. to 14s. 6d. and 1,500 tons relets for February was also done at 14s. 6d.

DUNKIRK: 3,000 tons for March, April and May at 15s.

HAVRE: 2,000 tons for February, light seeds at 15s.

ANTWERP: 2,000 tons light seeds for February at 14s. 6d.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

Fluctuations have occurred during the week, but the market at the close is unchanged at last week's prices. The Home markets keep firm owing to the La Plata Crop being a moderate one. Some people estimate this Crop as equal to last year's, and this information, with depleted stocks everywhere, has naturally caused prices to advance considerably. It remains to be seen whether the trade will pay these prices when receipts here come in freely. Up-country reports of the Crop are, so far, promising.

We quote:—

Ready......................Rs. 12 11 0 B. T.
April-May..................Rs. 12 14 0 B. T.

RAPESEED:—

Quiet but steady. Some exporters have sold locally during the past week. Our market is higher than the Home markets, and prices are expected to decline when receipts increase. Crop prospects up-country are very good and more land has been put under cultivation owing to favourable weather at the time of sowing. The present cold weather is however injurious to the rapeseed crop.

We quote:—

Brown Cawnpore ready...Rs. 6 12 0 B. T.
Yellow Guzerat ready...Rs. 7 14 0 B. T.
Brown Delhi April May..Rs. 7 11 0 B. T.
Do Cawnpore do ...Rs. 7 11 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

The market is quiet with very little doing.

We quote:—

Bold white 85 per cent....... Rs. 51 8 0
Mimbara .... Rs. 52 8 0
Yellow Hinganghat .... Rs. 57 0 0
Red Khandwa.....................

POPPYSEED:—

The market has ruled quiet throughout the week. Nothing doing.

We quote:—

Ready......................Rs. 10 4 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Market quiet but steady:—

We quote:—

Ready.............................. Rs. 37 8 0

WHEAT:—

Nothing doing by shippers. Local mills are the only buyers of ready and February, March delivery. The tendency of the market is downwards but sellers are afraid to operate owing to the unusually cold weather.

We quote:—

Karachi February-March... Rs. 4 13 0
White Delhi April-May...... Rs. 5 3 6

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during week ended at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	...	...	... .	bales.
Wheat	...	...	... 159,700	cwts.
Linseed	...	...	... 3,423	„
Rapeseed	...	...	... 13,254	„
Gingellyseed	...	...	... 140,481	„
Poppyseed	...	...	... 683	„
Groundnuts	...	...	... 106,401	„
Castorseed	...	...	... 71,405	„
Rice	...	...	... 70,368	„
Myrabollams	...	...	... 27,226	„
Cottonseed	...	...	... 146,493	„
Mowraseed	...	...	... 1322	„
Gram	...	...	... 17,337	„
Joowar	...	...	... 12,873	„
Maize	...	...	— 10,060	„

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.

WHITE GOODS:—There is no change to report in the Home Market, but the demand in the bazaar has been slack for some time, with the result that here and there prices are slightly easier.

GREY GOODS:—The demand for these goods is also slack and prices are a little weaker.

PRINTS AND DYED GOODS:—The market is dull and the demand poor. Prices are too high to lead to business.

TURKEY RED PLAIN GOODS:—The market is firm and prices are very high. A small business is being done. Here there is no demand at present.

TURKEY RED PRINTS:—The market is dull with nothing doing.

DHOOTIES:—The market is firm and prices are high. No business is doing. Here the enquiry is very poor but competition is keen and consequently prices do not go higher.

METAL.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.—The Home market has been somewhat easier during the week and quotations are £67-10 for Copper and £57-5 for Yellow Metal. Stocks here are large and Bazaar prices are too low to attract any business.

COAL.

Few sales are reported during the week in Bengal. Buyers seem to be realising cheap purchases of Jerriah Coals, which can be had at Rs. 10 1-2 per ton ex steamer. Ready Deserghur is quoted at Rs. 12 3-4 per ton nominal. Some Australian Coal was reported sold at Rs. 12 1-4 per ton. Davison's West Hartley is quoted at Rs. 11 1e4 per ton.

The following steamers are reported as fixed for February loading:—

S. S. "Corinthic" at 19s. 3d. dead weight basis, one picked ports.

S. S. "Ness" at 20s. D, W. one p. p.

S. S. "Clematis" at 18s. 6d. D. W. basis 1 p. p.

S. S. "Pearlmoor" at 19s. D. W. basis 1 p. p.

S. S. "Eugenie Embericos" at 14s. 6d. net for Marseilles ready 1st March.

S. S. "Fernmoor" at 20s. 6d. 2 P.P. French Ports excluded.

S. S. "Adriatic" at 20s. 6d. 2 Picked Ports French Ports excluded.

S. S. "Heathdeane" at for Meditn. and Adriatic Ports Feb. March.

S. S. "Frangewood" at 16s 1 P.P. February loading.

LOCAL YARN.

At the beginning of the week the local market was dull, but later on a steadier tone prevailed. Business has been slack, and few sales are reported, 20's have been sold at 8 1-2 to 8 21-32 annas.

Forthnightly sales from Hongkong 8,000 bales.
Unsold stock at Hongkong 19,000 bales.
Exchange at Hongkong Rs. 135.
Exchange at Shanghai Rs. 179 1-2.

SHARES.

The market is steady and prices have in some cases improved during this week. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1,585 X. D.; Bank of India's are quiet at Rs. 63 1-2 C.D., Indian Specie Bank shares at Rs. 53 C D. and Bombay Merchants Bank share at Rs. 9 1 4. In Railway Companies, Tapti Valley are steady at Rs. 485, Ahmedabad Prantej at Rs. 610 and Ahmedababad Dholka's at Rs 122; a good lot of Amritsar Patti Old shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 119 and new shares at Rs. 117. Press shares are nearly unchanged: Mofussil's at Rs. 812 1-2, New Berar's at Rs. 525 and Indian Cotton at Rs. 130; Volkarts are steady at Rs. 640. In Miscellaneous Companies, Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation have improved to Rs. 515 X. D.; the Bombay E. S. and T. C. ordinary shares have improved to Rs. 119 1-2 and preference shares are unchanged and steady at Rs. 169 1-2; the Bombay Steam Navigation Company ordinary shares are at and about Rs. 290 and preferenes shares have changed hands at Rs. 285; Port Canning and Land Improvement Co. shares have gradually improved to Rs. 785; Shivrajpur's are quiet at Rs. 18; the Tata Iron and Steel Co ordinary shares are unchanged at Rs. 41 1-2, preference shares at Rs. 135 and deferred shares at Rs 79; Treacher's are steady at Rs. 495; Thacker's have been put through at Rs. 255. In mill Companies, Central India's have advanced to Rs. 1685; Colaba Lands Mill Co. shares to Rs. 1,085; Cressent's are unchanged at Rs. 70; David's have ruled at and about Rs. 367 1-2; Finlay's are unchanged at Rs. 235; Kohinoor's have kept steady at Rs. 625 and Luxmi Cotton at Rs. 1,400; Maneckji Petit's have kept at and about Rs. 2,615; New City of Bombay are steady at Rs. 740; Standard's are at and about Rs. 940; Vishnu Cotton Mill Ordinary shares have changed hands at Rs. 500. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY MAJOR THE HON'BLE SIR H. E E. PROCTER, A.D.O., COMMANDING.

Camp Santa Cruz, 4th February.

The dress for Church on Sunday next the 5th instant will be white tunic blue breeches, butcher boots, white topie, biandoliers, and sword slung on the waist. Members not in possession of the full dress are requested to attend in Khaki.

Parade.—10-45 a. m. punctually.

ANNUAL INSPECTION.

II. The annual inspection of the corps will be held at the Camp on Monday morning next the 8th instant at 7 a. m., attendance of all members is requested unless absent with leave or prevented by illness.

Lieut., P. W. WILSON,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL A. K LESLIE, V. D., COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 4th February.

43. Parades.—Saturday, 4th February 1911.—Fire Discipline and Gun Drill for Nos. 1 and 2 Companies at Mahaluxmi. Special instruction for D. R. F. and Dial numbers of both Companies. Parade at Grant Road Station at 5 p.m. Cyclists go direct to Battery.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

41 Musketry.—Sunday, 5th February 1911.—The British Infantry Range at Colaba, will be available for Class Firing for Active Members and Reservists. Those who have not fired their course are requested to do so on this date, as it will be the last opportunity. All Reservists are requested to attend. Firing to commence at 8 a.m.

Dress—Plain clothes.

47. Inspection—E E Company—The Annual Inspection of the E E Company by the Director General of Military Works will take at Middle Ground on Saturday the 4th instant. All members must attend this parade.

Parade at 6 p.m. sharp at Apollo Bunder.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R. A.,
for Adjutant, B. V. A.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DAILY EXPORTS—FEB. 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—2,000 cwts maize, Sanday and Co; 2,000 cwts oil cake, Glade and Co; 69 tons tilcakes and 6 tons kardicakes and 4 tons linceakes, Sorabji Pestonji and Co; 30 bales cotton, Hirji Assoo; 127 tons oil cakes, The New Mofussil Co; 45 bales hemp, Turner Morison and Co; 100 cwts zinc dross, C MacDonald and Co; 167 bales wool, D Nanji and Co.

City of Vienna s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 4,000 cwts oil cakes, Glade and Co.

Red Bridge s—6,975 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji; 6,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bucher; 5,925 cwts myrabollams, K Kesowji; 8,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—50 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co; 4 bales wool, S B and A D Boisons; 15 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co; 2 cases cotton and silk piece-goods, Eugene Meiffre; 100 bales cotton, S M Kirtikar and Co; 32 bales wool, N Khataw.

City of Vienna s—4,000 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwts maize and 3,600 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts bone sinews, Croft Mody and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Castalia s—243 cwts skins, D J Mathews and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Castalia s—30 bales cotton, Hirji Assoo.

FOR BARCELONA.

City of Vienna s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Red Bridge s—200 bales cotton, Madon Bhimji and Co; 404 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 425 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 12,502 gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Delta s—9 cases bees wax J M Rahimtulla; 50 cwts gum G Tejpal; 2,560 cwts myrabollams and 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Urjoon Khimji, 4,000 cwts nigerseed, Volkart Bros; 250 cwts khismish D Passoo and Co; 240 cwts khismish R Jugmohandas and Co; 500 cwts myrabollams, Ebji Oomersey.

FOR HULL.

Buffalo s—4,000 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros; 2,925 cwts myrabollams; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, K Kessawjee and Co; 4,800 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Ellaline s—30,000 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 8,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bucher.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hurst s—6,000 cwts groundnuts Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwts groundnuts Gaddum and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Canterbury s—260 cwts myrabollams, K Kessawji and Co; 2,500 tons manganese ores S Smidt Co.

FOR MELBOURNE.

Craigmor s—40 cwts rapeseed and 261 cwts nigerseed and 29 bales senna leaves Ralli Bros.

FOR SYDNEY.

Craigmor s—29 bales senna leaves Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfels s—340 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 250 cwts gum P Jethabhoy; 200 bales cottonfly, J C Todiwalla; 500 cwts myrabollams Arjoon Khimji and 225 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy; 330 bales cotton R Vishram; 43 bales cowhides Nizamudin and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Praga s—320 bales cotton, The New Mofussil Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Nusserwanji Bros; 87 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co

FOR VENICE.

Praga s—200 bales cotton Walter Pavri and Co; 150 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,013 cwts cottonseed, T Momraz; 8 bales cotton A Moritz & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—2 chest opium P and O Company.

Marmora s—500 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co; 800 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—42 chests opium P and O Company.

Marmora s—200 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, FEB 3.

The weather has been dry everywhere and the disturbed conditions have disappeared from North-East India and Burma. The temperature is from five degrees to ten degrees lower over the greater parts of the country. The forecast shows dry weather generally.

FROST IN POONA.

The intense cold, experienced in Poona during the last three or four nights, culminated in a frost early yesterday morning when the thermometer was almost at freezing point. The entire plantation of a local seedsman was crusted with thin flakes of ice. According to the "Deccan Herald," crystals of ice, half an inch thick, were found among the cabbages and cauliflowers in the field, and the collection of them seemed realistic of winter in the uplands of Northern India.

Mr. J. B. Knight, Professor of Agriculture, writes to the "Deccan Herald" as follows:—Ice thick as a widow glass was found this morning on standing water about the Agricultural College Farm. Many of our corps were completly killed by the frost, such as potatoes, sweet potatoes, turmeric, chilies, beans, castor, gourds, cotton, brinjal, tomatoes and jowari, while wheat, gram, cabbage, knolkhol, cauliflower, linseed, sugarcane and onion have escaped. Lucerne and grass were slightly attacked. The oldest people hereabouts have never heard of such cold.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 3RD FEBRUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the [redacted] data for the pr[redacted]

The Punjab.—Skies ar[redacted] the average amount of m[redacted] risens lightly but is still in[redacted]

The United Provinces.—[redacted] dity is in defect in the sou[redacted] ature has risen slightly but [redacted]

Sind and Rajputana.—Ski[redacted] ture in the air is either eq[redacted] rage. Day temperature is no[redacted] Rajputana and in defect in [redacted] temperature is below normal o[redacted]

Gujarat, Kathiawar and [redacted] Skies are clear. Humidity [redacted] perature has risen slightly [redacted] usual.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. [redacted] is generally drier than usual. Temperature continues low.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal at Bomgay, and in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature has risen and is now normal the minimum continues in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in moderate to large defect. Temperature continues in defect.

General Remarks.—Temperature is rising. Weather has been dry and is likely to continue so.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 3rd February, was 29·992 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide-gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 5 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, as Constable of Carnarvon Castle, held a meeting in Carnarvon on Jan 18, to consider the preliminaries of the forthcoming Investiture of the Prince of Wales. After an inspection of the Castle it was resolved that no definite conclusion could be arrived at until certain recommendations had been placed before the National Committee with a view to their submission at a later date for his Majesty's approval.

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WEST SLANDER ACTION.

Sir Algernon Sued.

PLAINTIFF AND HER POSITION AT COURT.

An action came before Mr. Justice Darling and a special jury in the High Court, on January 16, in which Mrs. Horace West sued her father-in-law, Sir Algernon West, for damages for alleged slanders contained in statements made to other persons. They were to the effect that the plaintiff and her husband could not live together owing to her hopeless extravagance. After a hearing lasting three days, in which the Lord Chamberlain, Mr. Asquith, and other well-known persons were called as witnesses, the jury awarded the plaintiff £1,250 damages.

Mr. Duke, K.C., Mr. Hugh Fraser, and Mr Valletta appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. C. F. Gill, K. C., Mr. Rose-Innes, and Mr. Lilly for the defendant.

MR. DUKE'S OPENING STATEMENT.

Mr. Duke, in opening the plaintiff's case, said that the action was of an unusual and painful character. The plaintiff, Mrs. Horace West, had been married 16 or 17 years, and for some time she and her husband had lived happily together, they eventually were legally separated in the year 1907. The complaint against Sir Algernon West was that after the separation, when people had asked him about the matter and whose fault it was, he (Sir Algernon) had represented that it was Mrs. Horace West's fault and due to her extravagance. The result was that she (the plaintiff), who was a woman of good position and accustomed to receive invitations to the Court functions, found that these attentions ceased, and she lost the hospitality of many of her friends. Mrs. West was married to Mr. Horace West, the defendant's son, in 1893; she was a daughter of Canon Leighton, Warden of All Souls, and Mr. West held a minor office about the Court. Mrs. West was a woman of some private means and had brought several thousand pounds into settlement on her marriage. This was mentioned, because part of what was complained of was that the separation was due to Mrs. West's having squandered her husband's money. In the year 1900, Mr. West had contracted a serious illness, during which Mrs. West had nursed him, and had subsequently become the mother of his third child.

A LEGAL SEPARATION.

Resuming his address, Mr. Duke said that Sir Algernon West knew of his son's illness, and the whole matter had been discussed by the representatives of the families of both Mrs. West and her husband. From the year 1900 onwards, Mrs. West had lived at times under the same roof with her husband until 1906, when her health became worse, and she had ultimately got a legal separation embodied in a deed dated April, 1908. Up to that time she had received all those attentions to which her position entitled her, and had been invited to various Court and other official functions. From that time onwards the allegation was that, by reason of the representations made by the Lord Chamberlain and other persons, including Lady Grove and Mrs. Asquith, the wife of the Prime Minister, it was supposed that the separation was due to Mrs. West's conduct and in consequence these invitations had ceased, and she had lost the hospitality of her friends.

Mrs. West wrote to the Lord Chamberlain and got this reply:—

"Dear Mrs. West,—As you ask me, I must tell you your name was not submitted for any Court functions on account of the unfortunate circumstances of your legal separation. I was also led to believe you were abroad."

Her letter and the Lord Chamberlain's answer were sent by the plaintiff with a letter to Sir Algernon West. In this letter Mrs. West said that she could not think that her husband had given wrong information and that she did not intend any stigma to rest on her name.

Mr. Duke added that Mrs. West's case was laid before King Edward and her name was reinstated. He said that it was now for the jury to judge whether this lady had suffered through the false statements made by Sir Algernon West to these various persons, and he should ask for damages on account of them.

Lord Spencer, the Lord Chamberlain, said he had some correspondence in 1907 and 1908, with Mrs. West with regard to Court invitations. He thought Mrs. West's name had not been submitted for invitations at that time. He was aware of Mrs. West's separation just before a letter from him to her of July 22, 1908. He had often seen Sir Algernon West before that date. Upon being asked whether Sir Algernon West had made any communication to him with reference to Mrs. West, Lord Spencer replied, "That is a question which in the public interest I decline to answer."

MRS. ASQUITH'S EVIDENCE.

The first witness called on January 17, was Mrs. Asquith, the wife of the Prime Minister.

Counsel.—In view of Mr. Asquith's position in the country, have you been hostess at entertainments at the Foreign Office?—Yes.

Do you know that, down to a certain time, Mrs. West was one of the persons who was received at the Foreign Office receptions?—No, I did not know it.

Do you know it now?—I heard it the other day.

Do you know that she has ceased to be received?—No; I never knew she had been received.

Mrs. Asquith said she had received a letter from Mrs. West about the matter, but did not remember very well when it was—probably two or three years ago; it was since her husband became Prime Minister in 1908.

Mr. Duke.—Before that time had Sir Algernon West some conversation with you about his son's separation?—No, not about the separation.

Had he a conversation with you with regard to Mrs. West?—Yes.

What did Sir Algernon say to you?—He talked very little to me about Mrs. West, because I did not know her well; the only thing I remember him saying against her was that she was extravagant.

Mrs. Asquith added that she had another conversation with Sir Algernon after this, at which she asked if the separation was likely to come right again. Sir Algernon had replied that he would rather not talk about it.

Mrs. Caroline Jane West, the plaintiff, then entered the box, and, in answer to Mr. Duke, said she was married to Mr. Horace West in 1893. She had been previously married, and there had been a petition for divorce.

Were you the petitioner in that suit?—Yes.

Did you and Mr. West live happily up to the year 1902?—Yes.

In 1902, did you cease to cohabit with your husband?—Yes, but I made a mistake when I said I lived happily with him up to 1902. I lived happily with him up to 1900.

In 1900 had your husband a serious illness?—

Mr. Gill.—I object to this. I submit that since the witnesses called to prove publication of the words complained of have given no proof of damage, the defendant is entitled to the protection of the Court from an attempt to go into the history of the married life of the lady and her husband, and go into questions impossible to try in the present case.

His Lordship, without ruling the question inadmissible, suggested that it was better to postpone it.

Mr. Duke proceeded.—Subsequently, in 1902, had you a serious illness?

Mr. Gill.—I object.

His Lordship.—I cannot exclude that.

In 1907 the witness said she had made arrangements to live separately from her husband; this was after a severe attack of meningitis.

At the beginning of 1908, arrangements were made for a separation by deed, and were concluded in April of that year.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Mr. C. F. Gill cross-examined. He asked if from the time of the witness's marriage to Mr. West in 1893, down to the death of Queen Victoria in 1901, she had ever been invited to Court.

The witness admitted she had not.

His Lordship said he thought Mr. Gill should explain what the rule was in the time of Queen Victoria.

You have set out a list of persons whose hospitality you save you have lost. The Duchess of Rutland, Lady Brassey Lady Dickson-Poynder, Mrs. Asquith and Lady Stenvenson?—Yes.

Did you ever visit the Duchess of Rutland?—I have been to her house, but have not dined there. The duchess came to see me after the birth of my second child.

Lady Grove, recalled, in answer to his Lordship, said she first knew the plaintiff about 20 years ago, whilst staying with the late Lady Wolverton soon after she married. She had only met her casually afterwards.

Mrs. Eric Hambro, in answer to Mr. Duke, said she knew only Sir Algernon West, but she had become aware of the separation of Mrs. Horace West and her husband, Sir Algernon had said Mrs. West was very extravagant. She could not remember dates, but at times he had certainly said she was extravagant.

Mrs. Hamilton was then examined. She said she was the wife of Admiral Hamilton, and had known Mrs. West and Sir Algernon West for some years. Mrs. West had stayed with her in the country. She knew that Mrs. West was separated, and since that time she had not asked her to her house. She had during that time asked her husband and daughters. She did not think that she had been spoken to by Sir Algernon about the separation, though she might have seen and met him.

This concluded the plaintiff's case.

MR. GILL'S SUBMISSION.

Mr. Gill submitted there was no case to go to the jury. He said it was necessary in an action for slander to prove special damage, and the damage must be pleaded specially, and with certainty and clearness. They only special damage on which this action could be founded was loss of hospitality. There must in fact be some material loss, the loss of not obtaining food and drink for nothing.

Mr. Duke, for the plaintiff, said he thought his learned friend had taken a somewhat antique and barbarous view as to what was hospitality. The action was based on two grounds; first, that in the year 1900, Mrs. West was undoubtedly excluded from those brilliant Court functions to which she was entitled to expect to be asked. The question to be on that part of the case was, is there any evidence that the reason for her being deprived of them was due to Sir Algernon West? The reason was put into writing in the letter written to the plaintiff by the Lord Chamberlain. He wrote "the unfortunate circumstances of your separation, and also I was led to believe that you were abroad."

SUMMING UP.

His Lordship, in summing up the case to the jury, said that it was an action to recover damages for slander. The jury must be satisfied that Sir Algernon did speak the words complained of, and that damage resulted from them. There was no question raised as to whether any one else had said anything to the Lord Chamberlain on the matter besides Sir Algernon. That something said to the Lord Chamberlain did affect his mind when he wrote the letter was clear from its terms. After the Lord Chamberlain's letter, Mrs West had written to Lord Knollys, and the matter had been placed before King Edward. He was not a man to listen to any unfounded scandal, and it was significant that invitations had been resumed. If the plaintiffs had the lost hospitality, because of the slander which was uttered against her by the defendant, then she was entitled to a verdict and damages.

QUESTIONS FOR THE JURY.

The following questions were left by his Lordship for the determination of the jury:—

1. Is it proved that the words complained of in paragraph 2 of the statement of claim were spoken by the defendant to the Lord Chamberlain?
2. If so, what damages resulted?
3. Is it proved that the words complained of in paragraph 4 of the statement of claim were spoken to Lady Grove by the defendant?
4. Did the plaintiff, in consequence, cease to receive hospitality from Lady Grove; and, if so, what damage resulted?

On returning to Court, the jury answered all the questions in the affirmative. They awarded £1,000 damages in respect of the first and second questions and £250 in respect of the third and fourth.

Judgment was entered for the plaintiff for £1,250 with costs. A stay of execution was granted with a view to an appeal.

In another action brought by Mrs. Horace West against Mr. Horace West, Mr. Duke, K. C., said that his Lordship would not be troubled, as the parties had come to an arrangement that the case should be referred.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—Jan. 20.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Major J W F Rait, I M S B	Lieut-Col T Hawks, 75 Carn Inf
Capt D Munro, I M S, B	Lieut-Col W A Skyes, I M S
Mr E H Johnston, B Cov	
Mr B C Sen, B Cov	Lieut-Col F H Peterson, D S O, 32 Sikh Prs
Mr G Holms, B	
Mr J D D Kirkman, B	Major P G Reynolds, 3 Du Gds
Mr R L Proudlock, B	
Mr W H Scott, B	Capt C A G Money, 130 Bel
Major A Miller, I M S, M	
Mr A F G Moscardi, M Cov	Capt G F Allen, adjt, E B By Vol
Mr A W Varley, Bo Cov	

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Major G Lamb, I M S, B, 2 mo M C	Capt E G S Trotter 102 Gren, to 13-3-1911
Mr M P Morrison, B, 2 days on M C	Capt W B Home, 27 Punj 4 mo, M C
Mr R C Lorimer, B, 6 mo M C	Lieut J R Peploe, 6 G R, 6 mo M C
Mr J H McNeale, B, 6 mo M C	Lieut F H Lister, R A, to 13-3-1911.
Mr L H Spence, Bo, 3 days on M C	Lieut G C B Musgrave, 1 A, 6 mo M C
Major G P R Beaman, 69 Punj, 6 m, M C	Lieut M L A Gompertz, 108 Inf, 1 day
Capt G G W Paddon, S and T Corps, 6 mo M C	Nursing Sister G E Fardell Q A M N S I, 6 mo, M C
Capt A C Fergusson, R A, to 16-2-1911.	

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Mr J M Ewart, B	Mr H L Fox, Bo Cov
Mr E W J Bartlett, B	Major O W Keene, 28 Punj.
Mr J A P Stuart, B	

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

Admiralty, Jan. 14.

In accordance with the provision of his late Majesty's Order in Council of March 19, 1908, Staff Paymr H M C Elliott has been promoted to the rank of fleet paymaster in his Majesty's fleet.

Admiralty, Jan. 16.

Royal Naval Reserve—The following probationary sub lieutenants have been confirmed as sub-lieutenants:—G A Hill Oct 1, 1909; A Parnis July 1 The undermentioned gentlemen has been appointed assistant paymaster:—H H Holland Jan 13.

War Office, Jan 17.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

Col. J E Caunter, from a General Staff officer, second grade, to be an assistant adjutant-general at the War Office, vice Col L A M Stopford, appointed commandant of the Royal Military College Jan 15; Second Lieut B L Fletcher, Scots Guards, to be aide-de-camp to Admiral Sir D H Bosanquet, G C V O, K C B, Governor of South Australia Dec 3.

Establishments.

Royal Military College—Col L A M Stopford, from an assistant adjutant-general at the War Office to be commandant, vice Col W B Capper, whose tenure of that appointment has expired Jan 15.

Cavalry.

2nd Life Guards—Major J C Brinton, M V O, D S O retires on retired pay Jan 18.

4th Royal Irish Dragoon Guards—Second Lieut K P Wallis, from the Welsh Regt, to be second lieutenant Jan 18.

16th the Queen's Lancers—Second Lieut on probation L F Page resigns his commission Jan 18.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art—Lieut Col and Brevet Col R G Strange, on completion of five years' service as a regimental lieutenant-colonel, is placed on the Half-pay List; Major G F White, to be lieutenant-colonel; Capt G H Stobart, to be major Jan 15. The undermentioned captains are seconded for service on the Staff—P W Game Dec 31; W K E Jameson, R G Thomson Jan 1 The undermentioned lieutenants to be captains:—C de B Gidley Dec 20; G K Gregson, and to remain seconded; J C Walch E O Anderson Dec 24; C D W Uniacke Dec 31; R H V Kelly, F N Parbury Jan 1.

Royal Garrison Art.—Major H G Leahy is seconded for service on the Staff Jan 2; Lieut T H Plummer resigns his commission Jan 18.

Infantry.

The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt—Second Lieut G J Giffard is seconded for service under the Colonial Office Jan 4.

The Buffs East Kent Regt—Capt R G D Groves-Raines is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial infantry; Supernumerary Capt G T D Hickman is restored to the Establishment Jan 1.

The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regt.)—Capt H R Sparenborg is seconded for service as an adjutant of Territorial infantry Jan 1.

The Royal Warwickshire Regt.—Lieut H J I Walker, from New Zealand Defence Forces Colonial candidate, to be second lieutenant Jan 18.

The Suffolk Regt.—Capt C H Turner retires on retired pay, Lieut G G S Brander to be captain Jan 18.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own Yorkshire Regt—Lieut C C Godwin to be adjutant Jan 16.

The Lancashire Fusiliers—Lieut J A Davenport to be captain under the provisions of Article 26, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909 Dec 9.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers—Second Lieut R S Stuart to be lieutenant Jan 7.

The Royal Sussex Regt—Lieut A W K Loyd to be captain Nov 8.

The Black Watch Royal Highlanders—Supernumerary Lieut R F H Wallace is restored to the Establishment Dec. 22.

The Northamptonshire Regt.—Capt P Allen to be major Jan 11.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own Middlesex Regt—Lieut K J Roy to be captain; Supernumerary Lieut L F Sloane-Stanley is restored to the Establishment Nov 9.

The Duke of Edinburgh's Wiltshire Regt—Capt P Hasler retires on retired pay; Lieut W R A Dawes to be Captain Jan 18.

Princess Victoria's Royal Irish Fusiliers—The promotion to the rank of lieutenant of Second Lieut R P Power is antedated to Sept 14.

The Rifle Brigade the Prince Consort's Own—Capt G A Dick-Cunyngham retires on retired pay to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of Article 510, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909 Jan 18.

The Army Service Corps.

The undermentioned lieutenants to be captains:—C R F Morgan, C P W F R Dugmore, J S Iredell, M de B Scott, G C G Blunt, G T Savage, C F Alleyne, F V B Kirwan seconded for service with the Egyptian Army, W P Robinson, L C Berne, A B Wakelin, C A Organ, Ll H Lloyd, W L Kerans, G N Humphreys Jan 1.

Unattached List for Indian Army.

The undermentioned gentlemen cadets from the Royal Military College to be second lieutenants with a view to their appointment to the Indian Army:—P L Corban-Lucas, G L G Pollard, R B G Cuddeford W C S Hapcraft, J A M Scobie, V C L Taylor, G S Brunskill, H L Watkis, R C Geord R W Brander, D G P M Shewen, K A North, K J Gabbett, L W Hughes, H H Rich, P Gaisford, G B Reeves, T C de la P Beresford-Peirse, C W d'A Steward, H P Radley H G A Fellowes, M Middleton, E R C Booth, P N Anstruther, C S Browning, E L Ricketts H T Craig, C H Landale, H D Hickley, P C Scudamore, G C Bampfield, T F Stokes, A C S Palin, J Brownlow, D C Branfoot Jan. 18.

Army Ordnance Department.

Major C R Hodgins, R A, ordnance officer, third class, is retained for permanent service and remove from his regiment under the provisions of Article 372 and 373, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion 1909 Jan 18.

Army Pay Department.

Col. S S C Dolby, chief paymaster, is placed on retired pay Jan 17.

Memoranda.

Col H J Archdale, C B, Half-pay List, is placed on retired pay Jan 15; Col Sir G V Thomas, Bart, C B, D S O, retires on retired pay Jan 18; Col W B Capper, on completion of his period of service as commandant of the Royal Military College, is placed on the Half-pay List Jan 15.

The undermentioned brevet colonels to be colonels J E Caunter, R G Strange, Half-pay List Jan 15.

Lieut-Col F H Crampton, Royal Garrison Art, is granted the local rank of colonel while commanding the Coast Defences at Harwich Jan 7; Lieut-Col E R C Butler, Army Veterinary Corps, to be brevent colonel Jan 18.

The undermentioned majors to be brevet lieutenant-colonels:—H H Austin, C M G, D S O, R E, a General Staff Officer, second grade, in India; A R Hoskins, D S O temporary lieutenant-colonel, the Prince of Wales's North Staffordshire Regt, a Genel Staff officer, second grade at the Staff College; J S Fowler, D S O, R E; J W G Roy, Sherwood Foresters Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt; B R James temporary lieutenant-colonel, Royal Warwickshire Regt, military attache at Washington and Mexico Capts E Gibb, D S O Army Service Corps; and A G Todd, Army Veterinary Corps, to be brevet majors Jan 18 Lieut E H Burnaby, Half-pay List is placed on retired pay Jan 16 Qrmr and Honorary Lieut A F Pridgeon, 14th King's Hussars, is granted the honorary rank of captain Jan 16.

Army Motor Reserve.

Lieuts H A Dixon and A H Crawford resign their commissions Jan 18.

Admiralty, 17th January.

Acting Sub-Lieutenant James Angus Douglas Hamilton has been confirmed in the rank of Sub. Lieutenant in his Majesty's Fleet. Dated 30th May.

Admiralty, 19th January.

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Orders in Council of the 8th December, 1903, and 18th October 1909—

Commander John Knox Laird has this day been placed on the Retired List at his own request, with permission to assume the rank of Captain.

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Order in Council of 8th December, 1903. Rear-Admiral Julian Charles Allix Wilkinson has been placed on the Retired List at his own request on account of ill-health. Dated 18th January. Consequent thereon the following promotion has been made from the same date:—Captain Herbert Whitmore Savory, M V O, to be Rear-Admiral. Clerk Gerald Easterby Maynard has been promoted to the rank of Assistant Paymaster in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 26th December.

The following Sub-Lieutenants have been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in his Majesty's Fleet:—Henry Ernest Smyth. Dated 30th March, Henry Norman Lesley Gerald Percival Bowen. Dated 15th June, Frank Maynard Constable Curtis. Donald James Strachan Oswald. Dated 30th June Wilfred Parks. Dated 15th August, Eldred Stuart Brooksmith. Dated 30th September, Arthur Duncan Read. Dated 30th October, Gerad Charles Muirhead-Gould. Frederick Arthur Peere Williams-Freeman. Dated 30th December.

Admiralty, 20th January.

Paymaster Arthur Manley Wells has this day been promoted to the rank of Staff Paymaster in His Majesty's Fleet.

War Office, 20th January.

Regular Forces.

Commands and Staff.

The undermentioned appointments are made in India:—To be a Brigade Commander:—Colonel temporary Brigadier-General James A Bell, Indian Army, and to retain the temporary rank of Brigadier General while so employed. Dated 14th November.

To be Colonels on the Staff and to be granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General while so employed:—Colonel Philip N Carnegy, Indian Army. Dated 14th November.

Colonel Ernest H Rodwell, Indian Army. Dated 23rd November.

Colonel Herbert R H Jack, C M G, to be an Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport, vice Colonel F W B Kee, C B, whose tenure of that appointment is about to expire. Dated 14th January.

Major James D McLachlan, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, to be Military Attache, and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while so employed vice Brevet Lieut.-Colonel B R James, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, whose tenure of that appointment is about to expire. Dated 11th January.

Captain Warburton E. Davies, The Rifle Brigade The Prince Consort's Own, to be a Brigade Major, vice Major R T Roper, The Dorsetshire Regiment, appointed a General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. at the Staff College. Dated 1st January.

Lieutenant Lewis Robertson, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, to be an Assistant Superintendent of Gymnasia, vice Captain O H North. The Lancashire Fusiliers, whose tenure of that appointment has expired. Dated 9th January.

Lieutenant George E Edmundson, Reserve of Officers, to be Aide-de-Camp to Brevet-Colonel Sir W H Manning, K C M G, C B, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Nyasaland Protectorate. Dated 5th January.

Establishments.

Staff College, Major (now Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel) John S Fowler, D S O, Royal Engineers, to be a General Staff Officer, 2nd grade, vice Lieutenant-Colonel G M Harper, D S O, whose tenure of that appointment has expired. Dated 1st January.

Major Colin R Ballard, The Norfolk Regiment, General Staff Officer, 2nd grade, 2nd London Division, Territorial Force, to be transferred, and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while so employed, vice Major the Honourable G H Morris, Irish Guards. Dated 1st January.

Major Reginald T Roper, The Dorsetshire Regiment, from a Brigade Major, to be a general Staff Officer, 2nd grade, and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while so employed, vice Lieutenant-Colonel G de S Barrow, 4th Cavalry, Indian Army, who has resigned that appointment Dated 1st January.

Cavalry.

2nd Life Guards, Second Lieutenant George Gerald Petherick, from 3rd Battalion The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, to be Second Lieutenant on probation) Dated 21st January.

6th Dragoon Guards (Carabiniers), Captain Cecil D Knight is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 1st January.

Supernumerary Captain Aubrey du P T Cole is restored to the establishment. Dated 1st January.

7th Princess Royal's Dragoon Guards, Captain Harry A Clifton resigns his commission. Dated 21st January.

20th Hussars, Captain George W Browne retires on retired pay to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of Article 510, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 1st January.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Captain William M Warburton is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 1st January.

Captain William J L Peston is seconded for service with the Egyptian Army. Dated 29th December.

Supernumerary Captain Francis M C Trench is restored to the establishment. Dated 29th December.

Lieutenant Francis B Sykes to be Captain. Dated 1st January.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Crawford is seconded for service with the Eyptian Army. Dated 29th December.

The undermentioned Captains to be Majors:—James H Paine, D S O. Dated 31st December, Richard Waring. Dated 2nd January.

The undermentioned Lieutenants to be Captains:—Walter V Nugent. Dated 7th December Charles R Gillette Dated 17th December. Thomas A F Robinson, under the provisions of Article 26 of the Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 17th December.

The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Lieutenant Charles A C Bentley is seconded for service under the Colonial Office. Dated 21st December.

Second Lieutenant Maurice G Johnson to be Lieutenant. Dated 21st December.

The Lincolnshire Regiment, Second Lieutenant Edward P Lloyd to be Lieutenant, Dated 28th December. The Suffolk Regiment, Lieutenant John H Robinson is seconded whilst attending the ordnance course at the Ordnance College. Dated 2nd January.

The Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Infantry), Lieutenant Hugh C Dickinson is seconded for service under the Colonial Office. Dated 4th January.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers, Captain Charles C Clifton resigns his commission, dated 21st January.

The Hampshire Regiment, Captain Reginald S Allen is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 1st January.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own Middlesex Regiment, Major Jenkin S Jones retires on retired pay. Dated 21st January.

The King's Royal Rifle Corps, Captain the Honourable Alfred F W Harris is seconded for service on the Staff. Dated 9th January.

The West India Regiment, Captain Rowland Litchford to be Major. Dated 11th January.

Supernumerary Captain Napier E Stafford is restored to the establishment. Dated 11th January.

The Army Service Corps.

Lieutenant John L Weiton to be Captain, under the provisions of Article 30, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion 1909. Dated 21st January.

Army Veterinary Service.

Army Veterinary Corps The undermentioned Lieutenants are confirmed in their rank—Ralph F Bell, Peter D Carey, Edward G Turner, George W Godwin and John J M Soutar.

Memoranda.

The undermentioned officers are placed on the Half-pay List:—Colonel Joseph H Poett, C B, on completion of his period of service on the Staff. Dated 19th December. Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Frederick F Minchin, on vacating his appointment as a Member of the Ordnance Board. Dated 4th January.

The undermentioned Brevet-Colonels to be Colonels:—Frederick F Minchin, Half-pay List Dated 4th January, Herbert R H Jack, C M G, from The Army Service Corps Dated 14th January, The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels, Indian Army, to be Brevet-Colonels:—Harry T Brooking, Commandant 61st King George's Own Pioneers Dated 21st November. George de S De Lisle, Commandant 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry Dated 25th November Major Algernon R Trotter, M V O, D S O. 2nd Life Guards, to be Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Dated 18th January Quartermaster and Honorary Captain David Wallbach retires on retired pay. Dated 21st January.

Subadar Major Santbir Gurung, Sardar Bahadur, 2nd Battalion 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), is granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement. Dated 1st October.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

ANXIOUS TO PLEASE.

Mrs. Brown—"For goodness sake, Jane, how long did you boil these eggs?"

Jane—"Thirty minutes, mum."

Mrs. Brown—"But did not I tell you that three minutes is long enough for an egg?"

Jane—"Yessum; but I boiled ten eggs."

PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY.

"I'll give you a trial as a clerk," said a merchant to an applicant for a situation, "and pay you what you are worth. Is that satisfactory?"

"Oh, perfectly!" answered the applicant. "But—er—do you think the firm can afford it?"

NOT WHAT HE MEANT.

Doctor (to new page boy, who has just come in without taking off his hat)—"Now, then my boy, where's your hat?"

Boy (whose hat is far too big for him)—"On my head, sir."

Doctor—"I know that; but where ought it to be?"

Boy—"On father's, sir."

FEMININE WEAKNESS.

A homely clergyman was severely battered in a railway wreck, in which he suffered the loss of a foot.

One day, soon after marrying a beautiful woman, the ill-used minister met an old friend in the street, who banteringly asked how in the world such a pretty girl came to marry him.

"Oh, ladies like remnants," was the cheerful reply.

LOVE AND THE LAUNDRY.

"The only thing I find to say against you is that your washing bill is far too extravagant. Last week you had six blouses in the wash. Why, Jane, my own daughter, never sends more than two."

"Ah, that may be, mum," replied Jane, "but I' ave to! Your daughter's sweet-heart is a bank clerk, while my young man is a chimney-sweep. It makes a difference, mum!"

FEARS JUSTIFIED.

A lady with a wasp-like waist fainted in a city street the other day, and was carried into a chemist's shop.

An Irishman, who had witnessed the occurrence, looked into the shop after a few minutes and enquired—

"How is she now?"

"Oh," said the chemist, "she's coming to."

"Ah!" replied Pat. "Come in two, has she, poor thing? It's just what I was afraid of."

FROM UP ABOVE.

Proprietor (showing a party of ladies through his eight-storey factory)—"Yes, this is a high building; but to show you how easily we can communicate from one department to the other, I will whistle up this tube to the foreman of the top floor." (Blows through pipe.) "Now, Miss Slimbelle, just place our ear here, and listen to the response.

Top Floor Foreman (who has recently been pestered with false calls from the office-boy)—"Ye ill-mannered slip of a monkey, if ye do that again I'll come right down and spank the life out of ye!"

THAT DECIDED IT.

One evening the members of a certain country football club met to choose a captain for the season.

Of the dozen youngsters present fully one-half were candidates for the vacant post. One after another rose to state his claims and qualifications, and the matter was still in doubt when the last of the half-dozen rose to his feet. He was the son of the owner of the meadow, and his speech, if brief, was very much to the point.

"Chaps," he remarked convincingly, "I'm a-going to be capting, or feythur's going to turn his bull into the field!"

He was elected unanimously.

GETTING IT OVER.

An American tourist, in Dublin, was feeling somewhat "seedy" and thought a drive in the fresh air might pull him together. So he hailed a jarvey and instructed him to drive him about slowly for an hour.

"Don't go fast," he said; "my nerves will not stand it."

Pat took the reins and for a short distance drove at a slow pace. Suddenly he whipped up his pony and she began to step out furiously.

"What are you doing?" shouted the Yankee. "Didn't I tell you to drive slowly? I am not in a hurry."

"Ach, bedad," said the jarvey, "do yez think I am going to be all day driving yer an hour?"

PRESENCE OF MIND.

An instance is related of a newly-appointed officer on General Sherman's staff, whose wit saved him from a breach of etiquette.

The general liked young men, but not when they were fresh. He was full of praise for the bright officer in his first epaulettes; but despised a second lieutenant's attempted familiarity. One night he happened to overhear a boyish officer say to a group of friends,

"Sherman? Deuced good fellow. He and I had a bottle of wine together; I am rather fond of old sherman, you know."

The general joined the gathering amid profound silence. Turning to the lieutenant he said sternly—"I think, sir, you might have said General Sherman.

"No," answered the youngster, with happy presence of mind. "Did you ever hear of General Achilles or General Julius Cæsar?"

GETTING EVEN.

Lady (to shopman)—"Will this calico wash?"

Shopman—"No, madam, it will not. It will fade, run, shrink, and, in fact, is a most inferior article."

Lady—"Why, young man, how honest you are I thank you for telling me. It is not often I find a shopman who has such a high ideal of honour and—"

Shopman—"It's not that, madam; but the guv'nor left me out when he raised the salaries of the others to-day, and I'am trying to get quits with him."

CASE OF HARD LUCK.

"Talk about hard-luck stories," said a reformed American gambler, "I think I can discount anything you ever head in that line. It was in the early days of Leadville, and I tell you it does get cold up in the hills."

"Well, I was broke, didn't have a copper, and had strolled into a gambling-house to get a warm-up. There were several games going on, and when I had thawed out a little I walked over to the faro layout where I went broke the night before. As I said, it was a very cold night, and, feeling a great draught at my feet, I happened to glance down at the floor to see where it came from, and there by the side of my right foot was lying what I thought to be a silver 25 cent-piece.

"I had been watching the game closely making imaginary plays. 'I'll play 25 cents open on the ace,' I said to the dealer, and in a moment more it won.

"The dealer handed me two white chips. I played again and again won, and before the end of the deal I had a nice stack of chips. It seemed to me I couldn't lose a deal, and in half an hour I had a couple of hundred dollars' worth of chips before me.

"I concluded to cash in, and stacked my chips, pushing them toward the dealer. He counted them and looking at me, said, "Where's that quarter you made your first bet on? I had forgotten all about it. I looked on the floor; the quarter was gone. Then I lit a match, and saw that what I supposed to be a quarter was simply a wet spot. It was originally a bit of ice, but the heat from my boot melted it. Of course, the dealer promptly refused to cash the chips."

A PERFECT RIGHT.

A lady was crossing the road on a rainy day and a smart chappie standing by said—

"Excuse me, miss, you are showing your ankle."

"Well," said the young lady haughtily, "I have a perfect right."

"Yes, and a jolly fine left," added the bounder with a smile.

POOR PAPA.

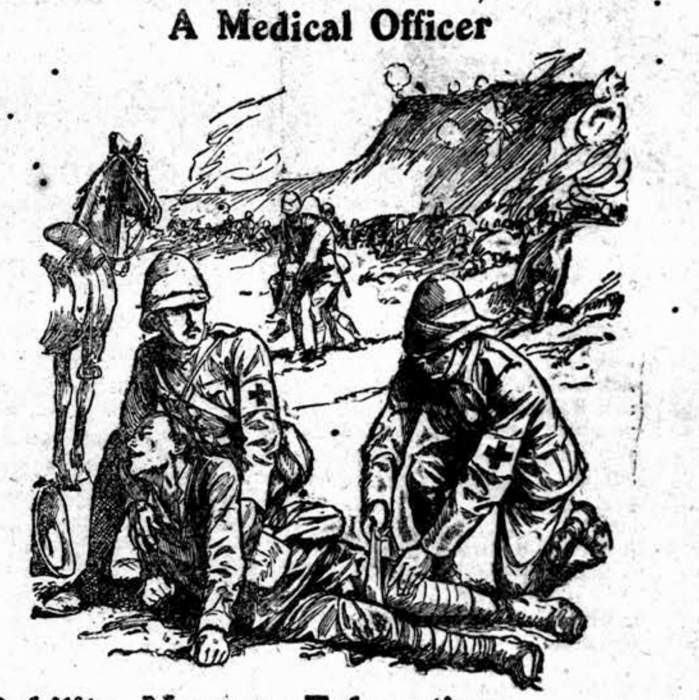
"Little boy," asked a well-meaning reformer, "is that your mother over there with the beautiful set of furs?"

"Yes, sir," answered the bright lad.

"Well, do you know what poor animal it is that has had to suffer in order that your mother might have the furs with which to adorn herself so proudly?"

"Yes, sir; my poor papa!"

A Medical Officer



Debility, Nervous Exhaustion—

Certainly the absolute confidence of eminent doctors is evidence enough of the exceptional benefits imparted by Phosferine. Even doctors cannot do more to prove their confidence than by *using Phosferine to remedy their own disorders.* Could any proof be more definite, more convincing than the testimony of John Dodd, D.S.M., Medical Officer in the late South African War, who says: "After being shot through both lungs I was dangerously reduced, and I attribute it solely to Phosferine that I regained my usual health. I have *proved* the value of Phosferine in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion." This brilliant medical officer found Phosferine particularly serviceable for insufficiency of nerve force, and declares nothing was so suitable in combating fevers, chills, &c.

Not possible now

John Dodd, D.S.M. (late of the Medical Staff, 5th Imperial Yeomanry, 1st Brigade, South Africa), Ladysmith House, Witton-le-Wear, writes:—"I have had considerable experience in the use of your invaluable remedy Phosferine, and it has proved particularly serviceable where there exists *insufficiency of nerve force.* This condition, often due to primary weakness, lays the system open to influenza, colds, neuralgia, rheumatism, indigestion, fevers, and in remedying this predisposition I have found *nothing so suitable* as your preparation. Phosferine invariably goes to the root of the mischief direct. The *certainty* of its action is moreover an estimable feature. In debility and kindred ailments, caused by a reduced system, *it has unprecedented power,* and in my own case I can bear evidence to its exceptional value, and am indeed greatly indebted to its wonderful restorative properties. During the late war in South Africa, I was shot through both lungs and pericardium and that reduced me most dangerously; after taking Phosferine for about two months it brought me back to my usual health. *I attribute this solely to the use of Phosferine.* I have advised Phosferine in several cases, and *proved* its value in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion."—March 11, 1910.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility	Neuralgia	Lassitude	Backache
Influenza	Maternity Weakness	Neuritis	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Premature Decay	Faintness	Headache
Sleeplessness	Mental Exhaustion	Brain-Fag	Hysteria

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

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H.I.M. the Empress of Russia	H.M. the Queen of Roumania
H.M. the King of Spain	H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. The Grand Duchess of Hesse

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WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited: PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, JAN. 20.

A CURIOUS COINCIDENCE.

THE French Premier would be entitled to one's heartfelt congratulations on his escape from a lunatic's bullets even if he were not already the object of one's sincere esteem. As it is, the way in which that very venomous nettle, the French railway strike of three months ago, was grasped by M. Briand won instant applause on this side of the Channel. To see the ex-editor of "L'Humanite," once so ardent in preaching the gospel of strikes, courageously cast off his Socialistic slough, and unearth articles of the Code punishing with death damage done to railways with a seditious object, was an immense satisfaction to those who believe in the sanity of human nature and the unreality of Socialistic professions. But the interest of the scene in the French Chamber also depends upon a strange coincidence. When, seventeen years ago, Vaillant threw his bomb which providentially burst in mid-air, it was the election of M. Mirman as Socialist representative for Rheims that was under discussion, and he was one of the injured. It is M. Mirman that figures again so largely in this second outrage.

BELLONA.

Can it be that Mrs. Billington-Greig is the Miss Teresa Billington who was a sister-in-arms of the most omnipotent Suffragists? One is afraid there can be no doubt about it. Mrs. Greig's attack on the leaders is in itself evidence. None but a woman trained in the severest school of Suffragism in the school of Mrs. Pankhurst, Miss Christabel Pankhurst, and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence—could have found such terms to describe these three leaders and all their methods. The bitterest language is reserved for the evolution of the movement itself. "The emancipation-in-a-hurry spirit has eaten up the spirit of emancipation. Daring to advertise in an unconventional way, the movement has dared nothing more. . . It has suppressed free speech on fundamental issues. . . It has become socially exclusive, punctiliously correct, gracefully fashionable, ultra-respectable, and narrowly religious." These are good adjectives and adverbs. We would not grumble with them for the world, though gracefulness may strike some people as a far-fetched attribution. One expects the Suffragist leaders—those monopolists of power, those heroines of "mutual glorification"—to inform Mrs. Greig quite sharply that they are neither punctiliously correct nor gracefully fashionable, and that they scorn her suggestions as to "personal charm." And Mrs. Greig—what is she to become? One of those other Suffragists or a right-down anti-Suffragist?

WEATHER CYCLES.

The outstanding fact about last year's rainfall is, says the marshaller of statistics, that "it points to the definite breakdown of the cycle of two dry years followed by one wet year" which had held good since the run of wet years ending in 1883. Hence he has an uneasy feeling that we may be in for a repetition of that period of seven or eight bad years. Far be it from us to criticise an expert opinion or even a premonition, but facts sufficiently show that English weather does not run in cycles that are at all dependable. The forties, for instance, contained no less than eight dry years, most of them hot as well as dry. When have we had a repetition of this halcyon period? As for the much smaller and unpretending "cycle" of two dry and one wet, which has now "broken down," we search the records of the last century in vain for a sign of anything like a continued prevalence of such a system. So, in spite of the break down," we refuse to surrender ourselves to the black pessimism of expecting a return of the sopping late seventies and early eighties.

TERMINOLOGY OF AVIATION.

The Technical Words Committee constituted by the Aeronautical Society of Great Britian to standardise the terminology of aeronauts has issued a preliminary report, consisting of an appeal and some forty nice definitions. The committee very properly emphasises the duty that devolves upon aeronauts and writers on aeronautical subjects to use the terms in the exact sense laid down in the glossary. All sciences suffer when their technical terminology is confused. This confusion is usually due less to the neglect of scientists than to the appropriation of words already familiar in delay sense to some special and quite different scientific implication. The compilers of this aeronautical glossary are to be congratulated on having in so few instances twisted generally accepted words to suit their purposes. They have chosen the better part, and have not hesitated to establish new technicalities. It is instructive to see the youngest science taking its place beside the older sciences. When will aviation have its honours and degrees? At present it has only its prizes and its martyrdoms to offer.

THE NEGLECT OF GERMAN.

The Modern Language Association deplores the decay in the study of German in our schools. What are our schoolmasters about? They, of all people should realise what and "open sesame" a knowledge of that language is to a perfect storehouse of facts and ideas. Where is the up-to-date chemist the scientist, in fact, of almost any description, where is the classical scholar who is worth his salt, where is the priest who aims at keeping abreast of modern thought and criticism, if he does not know German? We send our sons to Charlottenburg to learn science, our daughters to Hanover or Dresden to learn the language colloquially and worship in the temple of Wagner. What money do we not throw away if we send them without any previous acquaintance with the language! Perhaps other studies are crowding German out, just as the present mania for drawing is crowding other subjects out of our elementary schools. If that is so, it is a grievous mistake. Quite apart from all consideration of the beauties of German literature, the stock and classical "Hermannand Dorothea" and "Ekkehardt," as well as more modern works of art, the boy who is not well grounded in German begins life seriously handicapped.

THE LODGE AND THE WILDERNESS.

Some may think that Sir Oliver Lodge was wasting breath when at a meeting of the Christian Social Union he dwelt on the horrors of imprisonment. It is likely, however, that such critics will be those who have not realised what confinement means. To be shut off from the world, to hear no news of the daily doings of one's friends, loss touch with life—surely this is punishment. One does not suggest that it should be abolished. By no means. Society cannot yet dispense with means of punishment; perhaps never will be able to dispense with them. But it should realise what they are and what they mean. Sir Oliver Lodge complains that confinement does not appeal to the imagination, and is, therefore, not so remedial as it might be. The objection is a just one, and Sir Oliver is right in saying that prisons ought to be reformatories for all who go into them. Happily, he is not expressing a new opinion when he says so, but merely uttering what has become a commonplace of advanced modern thought. Everybody is not an advanced thinker, and no words are wasted which drive these points home.

ICHABOD.

["The inhabitants of a suburban district are to be compelled to number their houses."—Daily Paper.]

Are they deaf to the promptings of pity?
Were they born without hearts that can feel—
That they brand with the mark of the City
What ones was select and genteel?
Shall we all have to change our addresses,
Abandon each picturesque name,
When they number our silvan recesses,
This council of shame?

There's "High Elms" with its two little bushes,
"Chatsworth," "Ivanhoe," and "Heartsease."
And that, where the motor-bus rushes
And rattles, is "Grata Quies."
"Glencoe"—how it brings back the heather!
"Chez Nous"—what a sweet foreign touch!
Can it be they will perish together,
That mean, oh! so much?

Though nothing our anger appeases,
Though we never can stand where we stood,
Yet the worst of all possible breezes
Is said to blow somebody good.
On his wrongs as the householder slumbers,
The postman, who tramps through the dark,
Will carol untroubled his numbers
Where once was a park.

UXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it.

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Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
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Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
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HORLICK'S MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
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DIET is most important to all. To live we must eat—so study your dietary.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S is a well-balanced and self-contained food of the highest possible form of nourishment—is easily digested and quickly assimilated—invigorates the strong—strengthens and builds up the weak. The best breakfast and supper beverage—can be taken hot or cold.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, etc.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

Tired Feeling?

Prof. JAMES' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

The ideal, natural, positive remedy for that tired feeling.
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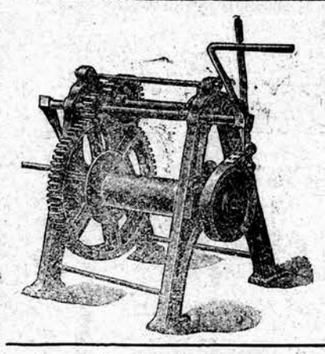
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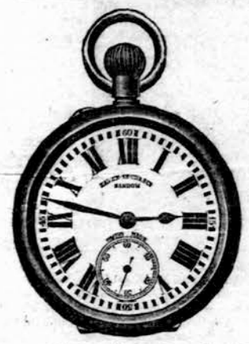
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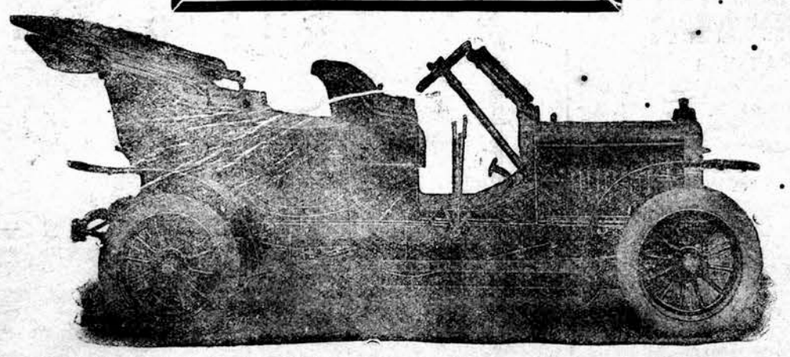
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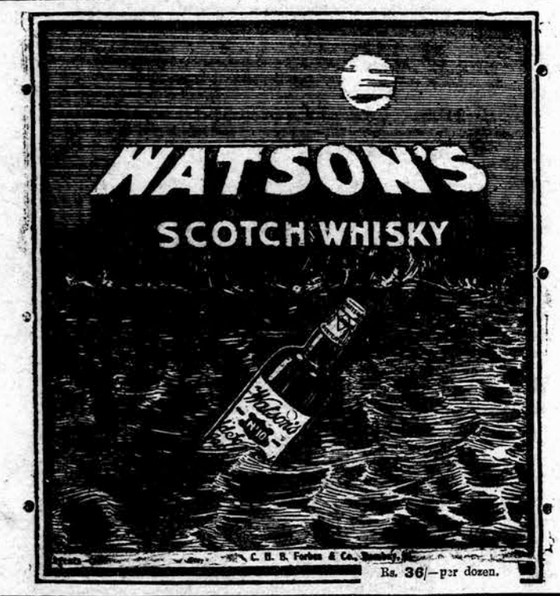
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